

**ITEM # 1400204A- CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE LINING 8” (CIPP)**  
**ITEM # 1400206A - CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE LINING 10” (CIPP)**  
**ITEM # 1400203A- CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE LINING 12” (CIPP)**  
**ITEM # 1400205A- CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE LINING 18” (CIPP)**

**Description**

- A. The work under this item shall consist of furnishing and installing a Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) lining in conformance with these specifications, by the installation of a resin-impregnated flexible tube, which is tightly formed to the original conduit. The resin is cured using either hot water under hydrostatic pressure or steam pressure within the tube. The CIPP will be continuous and tight fitting. The work shall include all materials, labor, and incidentals to complete the work.
- B. Reference Documents - This specification references standards from the American Society for Testing and Materials: ASTM F1216 (Rehabilitation of Existing Pipelines and Conduits by the Inversion and Curing of a Resin-Impregnated Tube), ASTM F1743 (Rehabilitation of Existing Pipelines and Conduits by Pulled-in-Place Installation of Cured-in-Place Thermosetting Resin Pipe (CIPP)), ASTM D5813 (Cured-in-Place Thermosetting Resin Sewer Pipe), ASTM D790 (Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Un-reinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials), and D2990 (Tensile, Compressive, and Flexural Creep and Creep-Rupture of Plastics) which are made a part hereof by such reference and shall be the latest edition and revision thereof. In case of conflicting requirements between this specification and these referenced documents, this specification will govern.
- C. Product Manufacturer/Installer Qualification Requirements - Products and Installers seeking approval must meet all of the following criteria to be deemed Commercially Acceptable:
- a. For a Product to be considered Commercially Proven, a minimum of five successful wastewater collection system projects of a similar size and scope of work shall be performed in the U.S. and documented to the satisfaction of the City to assure commercial viability
  - b. For an Installer to be considered as Commercially Proven, the Installer must have had at least 5 (five) years active experience in the commercial installation. In addition, the Installer must have successfully installed at least 1,000,000 feet of a cured-in-place product in wastewater collection systems. Acceptable documentation of these minimum installations must be submitted to the City. Installer’s project managers must have a minimum of 2 years of CIPP installation experience and must be on-site during the installation of the CIPP products.

- c. Storm sewer rehabilitation products submitted for approval must provide third party test results supporting the structural performance (short-term and long-term) of the product and such data shall be satisfactory to the City. No product will be approved without independent third party testing verification.
  - d. Both the rehabilitation manufacturing and installation processes shall operate under a quality management system which is third-party certified to ISO 9000 or other recognized organization standards. Proof of certification shall be required for approval.
- D. The City authorizes the use of proven materials that serve to enhance the pipe performance specified herein. Proven materials have passed independent laboratory testing, not excluding long-term (10,000 hour) structural behavior testing, and have been successfully installed to repair failing host pipes in the U. S. for at least 4 years. In addition to the aforementioned, the City may require that the contractor demonstrate that the enhancements proposed exceed the specifications herein, prior to the installation of the enhanced material systems. This section in no way shall be interpreted as authorization to deviate from the minimum standard practices set forth herein.

## **Materials**

- A. Tube - The sewn Tube shall consist of one or more layers of absorbent non-woven felt fabric and meet the requirements of ASTM F1216, Section 5.1 or ASTM F1743, Section 5.2.1 or ASTM D 5813, Sections 5 and 6. The tube shall be constructed to withstand installation pressures, have sufficient strength to bridge missing pipe, and stretch to fit irregular pipe sections.

The wet out Tube shall have a relatively uniform thickness that when compressed at installation pressures will equal or exceed the calculated minimum design CIPP wall thickness.

The Tube shall be manufactured to a size that when installed will tightly fit the internal circumference and length of the original pipe. Allowance should be made for circumferential stretching during installation.

The outside layer of the Tube shall be coated with an impermeable, flexible membrane that will contain the resin and allow the resin impregnation (wet out) procedure to be monitored.

The Tube shall contain no intermediate or encapsulated elastomeric layers. No material shall be included in the Tube that may cause delamination in the cured CIPP. No dry or unsaturated layers shall be evident.

The wall color of the interior pipe surface of CIPP after installation shall be a relatively light reflective color so that a clear detailed examination with closed circuit television inspection equipment may be made.

Seams in the Tube shall be stronger than the non-seamed felt material.

The Tube shall be marked for distance at regular intervals along its entire length, not to exceed 5 ft. Such markings shall include the Manufacturers name or identifying symbol. The tubes must be manufactured in the USA.

- B. Resin - The resin system shall be a corrosion resistant polyester or vinyl ester system including all required catalysts, initiators that when cured within the tube create a composite that satisfies the requirements of ASTM F1216, ASTM D5813 and ASTM F1743, the physical properties herein, and those which are to be utilized in the submitted and approved design of the CIPP for this project. The resin shall produce a CIPP that will comply with the structural and chemical resistance requirements of this specification.
- C. The CIPP shall be designed as per ASTM F1216, Appendix X.1. The CIPP design shall assume no bonding to the original pipe wall.

The Contractor must have performed long-term testing for flexural creep of the CIPP pipe material installed. Such testing results are to be used to determine the long-term, time dependent flexural modulus to be utilized in the product design. This is a performance test of the materials (Tube and Resin) and general workmanship of the installation and curing as defined within the relevant ASTM standard. A percentage of the instantaneous flexural modulus value (as measured by ASTM D790 testing) will be used in design calculations for external buckling. The percentage, or the long-term creep retention value utilized, will be verified by this testing. Retention values exceeding 50% of the short-term test results shall not be applied unless substantiated by qualified third party test data to the City's satisfaction. The materials utilized for the contracted project shall be of a quality equal to or better than the materials used in the long-term test with respect to the initial flexural modulus used in the CIPP design.

The Enhancement Factor 'K' to be used in 'Partially Deteriorated' Design conditions shall be assigned a value of 7.

The layers of the cured CIPP shall be uniformly bonded. It shall not be possible to separate any two layers with a probe or point of a knife blade so that the layers separate cleanly or the probe or knife blade moves freely between the layers. If the layers separate during field sample testing, new samples will be required to be obtained from the installed pipe. Any reoccurrence may cause rejection of the work.

The cured in-place pipe material (CIPP) shall conform to the structural properties, as listed below.

MINIMUM CIPP PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

<u>Property</u>	<u>Test Method</u>	<u>Cured Polyester Composite</u>	
		<u>min. per ASTM F1216</u>	<u>Enhanced Resin</u>
Modulus of Elasticity	ASTM D790	250,000 psi	400,000 psi
Flexural Stress	ASTM D790	4,500 psi	4,500 psi

The required structural CIPP wall thickness shall be based as a minimum, on the physical properties listed above, or greater values if substantiated by independent lab testing.

Any layers of the tube that are not saturated with resin prior to insertion into the existing pipe shall not be included in the structural CIPP wall thickness computation.

**Construction methods**

CIPP installation shall be in accordance with ASTM F1216, Section 7, or ASTM F1743, Section 6, with the following modifications:

- A. Resin Impregnation - The quantity of resin used for tube impregnation shall be sufficient to fill the volume of air voids in the tube with additional allowances for polymerization shrinkage and the potential loss of resin during installation through cracks and irregularities in the original pipe wall, as applicable.
- B. Tube Insertion – The wet out tube shall be positioned in the pipeline using either inversion or a pull-in method as defined within relevant ASTM standards previously stipulated. If pulled into place, a power winch or its equivalent should be utilized and care should be exercised not to damage the tube as a result of pull-in friction. The tube should be pulled-in or inverted through an existing manhole or approved access point and fully extend to the next designated manhole or termination point.
- C. Temperature gauges shall be placed between the tube and the host pipe’s invert position to monitor the temperatures during the cure cycle.
- D. Curing shall be accomplished by utilizing hot water under hydrostatic pressure or steam pressure in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommended cure schedule. A cool-down process shall be conducted that complies with the resin manufacturer’s specification.
- E. CIPP samples shall be prepared for each installation designated by the City Engineer or approximately 20% of the project’s installations. Pipe physical properties will be tested in accordance with ASTM F1216 or ASTM F1743, Section 8, using either method proposed. The flexural properties must meet or exceed the values listed in this

specification, Table 1 of ASTM F1216 or the values submitted to the City Engineer by the contractor for this project's CIPP wall design, whichever is greater.

Wall thickness of samples shall be determined as described in paragraph 8.1.6 of ASTM F1743. The minimum wall thickness at any point shall not be less than 87½% of the submitted minimum design wall.

Visual inspection of the CIPP shall be in accordance with ASTM F1743, Section 8.6.

Upon acceptance of the installation work and testing, the Contractor shall restore the project area affected by the operations to a condition at least equal to or better than existing prior to the work.

It shall be the responsibility of the City to locate and designate manhole access points for the work, and provide rights-of-access to these locations. If a street must be closed to traffic because of the orientation of the sewer, the City shall institute the actions necessary to provide access during this for the mutually agreed time period. The City shall also provide access to hydrants for cleaning, installation and other process related work items requiring water in accordance with the City of Meriden Water Distribution Division of the Department of Public Utilities requirements.

- F. Cleaning of Sewer Lines - The Contractor, when required, shall remove all internal debris out of the sewer line that will interfere with the installation of CIPP. The Contractor shall also provide a dumpsite for all debris removed from the sewers during the cleaning operation. Any hazardous waste material encountered during this project will be considered as a changed condition.
- G. Bypassing Sanitary Sewer - The Contractor, when required, shall provide for the flow of wastewater around the section or sections of pipe designated for repair. Plugging the line at an existing upstream manhole and pumping the flow into a downstream manhole or adjacent system shall make the bypass. The pump(s) and bypass line(s) shall be of adequate capacity to accommodate the expected flows. The City may require a detail of the bypass plan to be submitted. The Contractor must have redundant systems available in the event of failure of the primary system.
- H. Inspection of Pipelines - Inspection of pipelines shall be performed by experienced personnel trained in locating breaks, obstacles and service connections using close circuit television (CCTV) inspection techniques. The pipeline interior shall be carefully inspected to determine the location of any conditions that may prevent proper installation of CIPP. These shall be noted and corrected. A videotape and suitable written log for each line section shall be produced for later reference by the City.
- I. Line Obstructions - It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to clear the line of obstructions such as solids and roots that will prevent the insertion of CIPP. If pre-installation inspection reveals an obstruction such as a protruding service connection,

dropped joint, or a collapse that will prevent the installation process, that was not evident on the pre-bid video and it cannot be removed by conventional sewer cleaning equipment, then the Contractor shall make a point repair excavation to uncover and remove or repair the obstruction. Such excavation shall be approved in writing by the City's representative prior to the commencement of the work and shall be considered as a separate pay item as covered by other items in these Specifications.

- J. The Contractor shall be responsible for confirming the locations of any branch service connections prior to installing the CIPP.

**Method of measurement**

This work will be measured for payment by the number of linear feet of CIPP liner, completed and accepted in place.

**Basis of payment**

This work will include all materials, installation, pre- and post-installation CCTV inspection, restoration of any service connections, labor, tools, cleaning, disposal of sediments, and work incidental thereto.

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
8" Cured in Place Pipe Lining	L.F
10" Cured in Place Pipe Lining	L.F
12" Cured in Place Pipe Lining	L.F
18" Cured in Place Pipe Lining	L.F