CITY OF MERIDEN CONNECTICUT



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

KEVIN McNABOLA, MBA/MPA CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT ROOM 212 CITY HALL 142 EAST MAIN STREET MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT 06450-8022

December 23, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, Citizens of the City of Meriden:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified opinion of the City of Meriden's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Description of the Municipality

Meriden was settled in 1661, incorporated as a town in 1806, and as a city in 1867. The Town and City were consolidated in 1922. The City, which covers an area of 24.0 square miles, had a population of 60,841 in 2019. Meriden is located midway between the cities of Hartford and New Haven within New Haven County at the crossroads of Interstate 91, Interstate 691, State Rt.15 (Wilbur Cross Parkway) and U.S. Rt. 5. Interstate 691 links Interstate 91 and Interstate 84.

The City includes a unique mix of historic buildings and neighborhoods, affordable housing to working families, more affluent suburban style developments, modern business facilities, a major mall, the largest municipal park in Connecticut (Hubbard Park) and prominent natural scenic ridge top areas. There is local transit service, Amtrak, the Hartford Line, and interstate buses all provide passenger transportation connecting the City to major metropolitan centers. Freight service is provided by Conrail and a number of trucking companies. The Meriden-Markham Municipal Airport provides both freight and limited passenger service.

Manufacturing firms produce a diversified product line, which includes electronic components, biopharmaceuticals, printing presses, aircraft and spacecraft components, industrial filters and antipollution equipment, industrial equipment, lighting fixtures, metal alloys, auto parts and video/data transmission equipment.

Form of Government

The City of Meriden has operated under a Council/Manager form of government since December 3, 1979.

Under the City Charter, the legislative branch consists of 12 elected members forming the City Council who have exclusive legislative and fiscal powers. The Council may, by resolution, regulate the internal operation of boards, commissions and offices, which it fills by appointment. The citizens elect the City Council and Mayor. The City Council appoints the City Manager.

The City Manager is directly responsible to the Council for the supervision and administration of all departments and offices of the City except those elected by the people or appointed by state or federal authority.

A Director of Finance is appointed by the City Manager, subject to the approval of the City Council and serves at the pleasure of the City Council. The Director is the fiscal officer of the City and is responsible for the operation and supervision of the Department of Finance.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT

Meriden's development points to a stable, slowly growing economy. The average annual growth rate for approved commercial/industrial site plan development is 128,969 square feet. This is the growth rate of land use approvals of applications in the three most recent fiscal years (2020, 2021 and 2022).

SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS APPROVED BY PLANNING COMMISSION / DIRECTOR IN FISCAL YEARS 2019-2022

TYPE OF USE/BUSINESS	FY2019 BUILDING SQ. FT.	FY2020 BUILDING SQ. FT.	FY2021 BUILDING SQ. FT.	FY2022 BUILDING SQ. FT.	TOTAL 2019- 2022 SQ. FT.
Commercial Office/Service	55,177	56,435	10,890	17,973	140,475
Commercial Retail	10,003	350	1,500	12,815	24,668
Industrial/Light Industrial	116,188	5,400	181,033	100,512	403,133

	2019	2020	2021	2022	TOTAL
COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL	181,368	62,185	193,423	131,300	568,276
Institutional	18,162	21,832	239,294	50,000	329,288
TOTAL NON-RESIDENTIAL	199,530	84,017	432,717	181,300	897,564
	2019 UNITS	2020 UNITS	2021 UNITS	2022 UNITS	
Multi-Family Residential	4	112	0	404	520

Approved residential development has decreased year over year. Constructed residential units are indicated below.

RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION PERMITS ISSUED AND CONSTRUCTION BEGUN IN FY 2019-2022

TYPE	FY2019 UNITS	FY2020 UNITS	FY2021 UNITS	FY2022 UNITS	FY2019-2022 UNITS
Multi-Family Residential	0	0	0	0	0
(Building Dept. does not					
track Multi-Family					
permits separately)					
Single Family	7	5	14	13	39
Residential					
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL	7	5	14	13	39

COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

The City is actively implementing its long term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD"). The Plan addressed the following aspects of City function:

- 1. Land Use
- 2. Economic Development
- 3. Open Space
- 4. Housing
- 5. Infrastructure
- 6. Quality of Life, etc.

The Plan includes the following vision statement as the guiding objective of the Plan:

"Based on public outreach and research completed to update chapters of the POCD, the following have emerged as the overarching goals for Meriden:

Meriden is an attractive place to live and work. Encourage the growth of Competitive businesses and jobs, regional health and other institutions, and help to maintain attractive and safe residential neighborhoods.

Support redevelopment and attract quality businesses and market-rate housing downtown that will increase activity and bring new vitality to the area around the train station and Meriden Green.

Provide resources that will increase the quality of life of all of Meriden's residents.

Maximize the value and use of the City's extensive community resources, such as its public parks, community facilities, historic assets, prominent views, forested open spaces, and water resources.

Create a **positive identity** for the City and improve Meriden's image in the region.

Improve **communication between the City and residents** to encourage active participation in City initiatives, and to promote events and opportunities in Meriden."

The City of Meriden adopted an updated long-term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD") in February 2020 and is actively implementing its POCD through specific actions to promote its objectives, including targeted investments, regulatory changes, and economic development.

TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT ("TOD")

The Transit-Oriented Development ("TOD") Plan was the major special study completed in 2012, as part of the implementation of the POCD. The planned increase in rail service and several underdeveloped properties provide opportunities for a full transit center, future high-density mixed-use development and a central park that can support flood control.



1 Meriden Transit Center



2 Meriden Commons 161 State Street

The Transit-Oriented Development ("TOD") Plan is being implemented on several fronts. First, the Meriden Green park and flood control plan was completed in 2016 and is open for public use. Three acres of the Meriden Green site is set aside for future economic development.

The Meriden Transit Center, a \$20 million multi-modal facility owned and operated by the Connecticut Department of Transportation, was substantially completed in 2017 and formally opened for service in April 2018. The new station includes a commuter parking garage, surface parking lot, and a new rail station with a pedestrian up and over, and extended platforms. The improvements support public transit bus service, Amtrak service, and new commuter rail service, known as the "Hartford Line", to New Haven and Hartford that commenced in June 2018. Two new mixed-use private developments, including a 63-unit mixed-use development at 24 Colony Street and a 75-unit mixed-use development at 161 State Street are completed. Two additional mixed-use developments totaling 157 housing units are fully funded, permitted, and are in the construction stage. Additional information can be found on the website http://www.meriden2020.com/Downtown-Redevelopment/mixed-use-development-projects/.

Just outside of downtown, the City is continuing to advanced redevelopment plans for the former Meriden Wallingford hospital site that includes a 245,000 square foot building occupying two city blocks, a former parking garage, and land totaling 5.64 acres. Just to the east of the former hospital site is 116 Cook Avenue, a 73,000 square foot former medical office building on 10 acres that includes the former Insilco Factory H site. The City is seeking funds to demolish the structures at 116 Cook Ave and the site of the former Meriden Wallingford hospital to provide economically viable development parcels.

NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING

The City continued its efforts to ensure the preservation and the improvement of the quality of life in our distinct and historical neighborhoods. The preservation effort is primarily addressed through the Neighborhood Code Enforcement Walk. This continuing program includes six inner core neighborhoods covering 525 acres and 20 miles of street. Code violations reviewed include building, zoning, housing and health codes. More specifically, the major issues addressed are exterior conditions, overgrown grass, garbage and debris, abandoned vehicles, illegal apartments, etc.

The City is engaged in obtaining additional funding for programs such as lead abatement to improve the quality of life, health, and safety for residents of Meriden's older housing stock.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

The City has continued to make progress with environmental cleanup of two important, centrally located sites:

- 1. 116 Cook Avenue Factory "H" which is located on Cook Avenue at the southerly entrance to the Transit-Oriented Development zoning district. Demolition of the obsolete Factory "H" structures was completed in the summer of 2012. A \$2,000,000 DECD Brownfields grant was received for remediation of 116 Cook Avenue.
- 2. 100 Hanover Street The City has acquired the property, and a \$385,000 DEEP Open Space grant application was submitted to remediate and demolish 100 Hanover Street. Work to be completed in 2022-23.
- 3. 51-53 South Colony Street \$800,000 EPA Brownfields grant application was submitted for remediation of 51-53 South Colony Street. Work to be completed in 2023.

- 4. Meriden Green The site is across from the transit center. Meriden is a designated stop on the planned New Haven-Hartford-Springfield rail service. The park project was completed in July of 2016. An expansion project has been set to take place on the former Meriden Mills Memorial housing site parallel to the Meriden Green. The site is expected to have a sensory garden on site with an educational space, a wheelchair accessible touch garden and a streamside exploration trail.
- 5. .289 & 290 Pratt Street- The City of Meriden received a \$1.8 million Brownfields Grant for the cleanup of both sites. 289 Pratt Street is anticipated to be the future home of a 92-unit apartment building with the first floor containing commercial spaces.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The goal of the Economic Development Office is to sustain and grow the tax base, foster job growth, and create economic activity across our community. Key economic development activities include managing the City's business incentive programs, repurposing brownfield sites, marketing and outreach, and fostering transit-oriented development. This requires going out into the community, meeting with businesses, recruiting businesses, and fostering relationships in the community and throughout the state.

Incentive Programs

The office of Economic Development manages the City's business incentive programs that are designed to assist businesses that locate or expand in Meriden. A more detailed description of the available incentive programs can be found on found at http://www.meridenbiz.com/incentives/

The incentives include:

- Meriden's Enterprise Zone ("EZ") State Incentives / State Urban Jobs M-55 Program: Meriden has a State-designated Enterprise Zone, which provides tax incentives to manufacturers and warehousing and distribution companies that locate to or expand in Meriden's Enterprise Zone. Fifty percent of these tax abatements are reimbursed by the State. During FY 2021-22, there were no new City approvals on applications for personal property or applications for real estate.
- <u>Meriden's Enterprise Zone City of Meriden Incentives</u>: Companies locating to or expanding in the Enterprise Zone that do not qualify for the State's EZ program may qualify for Enterprise Zone incentives under the Meriden Enterprise Zone incentive program.
 - During FY 2021-22, there were no new City approvals on applications for personal property or any applications for real estate.
- <u>Meriden's Information Technology Zone ("ITZ") Incentives</u>: Meriden has an Information Technology Zone tax incentive program offering real property tax assessment deferrals to property owners who improve their buildings to house IT companies. IT companies locating in the buildings may also receive personal property tax abatements.
 - During FY 2021-22 there were no new applications

- Meriden's Manufacturing Assistance Program ("MAP"): Meriden offers subordinate financing to manufacturers planning to expand their operations in the City or who wish to locate to Meriden. The loans are for real estate acquisition or improvements and are only offered in conjunction with private financing. Eight manufacturers have taken advantage of this program to date. One loan is current and one additional loan has been approved. Seven loans have been paid back in full. The program supports the expansion and retention of the City's manufacturing base. This program also offers a relocation incentive up to \$15,000 per business for companies relocating to Meriden.
 - During 2021-22 the City approved one \$500,000 award for Thompson Chocolate.
- <u>Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy ("C-PACE"</u>): A State of Connecticut Energy Program allowing commercial and industrial building owners to finance qualifying energy efficiency and clean energy improvements through placing a voluntary assessment on their property tax bill. Meriden has entered into an agreement with the Connecticut Energy Finance and Investment Authority to participate in this program. To date two property owners are participating in the C-PACE program.

The City's Economic Development Office continues to contract with CoStar Inc., to provide real-time, on-line access to commercial property databases listing all commercial and industrial properties available for lease or sale in the Meriden/New Haven region. The database enables staff to provide real-time "for lease" and "for sale" information to companies wishing to locate to or expand in the City. The database also provides real estate analysis (vacancy rates, lease histories, property abatements related to the improvement of underutilized and vacant properties zoned commercial and located along East Main Street from Bee Street to the Middlefield town line. Several new commercial/retail developments have taken advantage of this incentive including Family Dollar (1324 East Main Street), JD Byrider (1187 East Main Street), Taino's Smokehouse (1388 East Main Street) and Huxley's restaurant (1376 East Main Street 1336 East Main Streets, Sunrise Commons).

East Main Street Incentive

In 2020, the city renewed and expanded the East Main Street to include Research Parkway, to the Wallingford town line, including Pomeroy Avenue. Portions of Ives Avenue, Corporate Court, Pondview Drive, Deerfield Lane.

West Main Street Incentive

In 2020, the city adopted the West main Street Incentive to encourage private investment in underutilized and vacant properties, increase traffic to existing businesses along West Main Street, Colony Street, and North & South Colony Street, and all properties within the Adaptive Reuse Overlay Zone, to improve the economic vitality of Meriden's sites. The property or equipment must be or will be located on West Main Street, from Colony intersection to Smithfield Avenue. North Colony from the Berlin Town Line, through Colony Street, to South Colony, to the Wallingford Town line. All properties must be commercially zoned in C1, C2, C3, and C4, or M1, M2, and M3.

Manufacturing Incentive

Any manufacturing company currently operating one facility in town shall be eligible for a tax abatement on the second facility or if the manufacturer has two facilities in town and has purchased a third location within the City of Meriden, they will be eligible for the abatement. The additional location must have been purchased within a year of the current resolution that was passed (December 6, 2021).

<u>City-Wide Incentive</u> Businesses must be making improvements for office use, retail use, manufacturing use, warehouse use, storage use, distribution use, information technology, recreational facilities or transportation facilities.

Brownfields Redevelopment

Meriden is engaged in a long-term commitment to assess and clean up brownfield sites in the community and return them to active reuse. Since 1992, the City has evaluated 23 brownfield sites totaling over 36 acres of land. The cleanup of 11 sites has been completed or is ongoing. Since 2002, the City has leveraged over \$30 million for assessment, cleanup, and remediation activities of those sites. These grants have supported the creation of more available land for housing and commercial development.

Marketing and Outreach

Meriden is in its 17th year of a marketing campaign focusing on business retention and business development. The "Meriden 2020: Bringing It/Together" campaign was launched in 2015 to include electronic and print media campaigns allowing the City to update and maintain online communications, including meridenbiz.com and meriden2020.com websites and to develop and implement a marketing plan for the use of the 2,000 hours/year of electronic billboard space.

Commercial/Industrial Development

Recently, several industrial and commercial businesses have undertaken major expansion projects in Meriden. Highlights include the following:

- 850 Murdock Ave Construction of a 158,333 square feet distribution warehouse. Construction completed in 2022
- 460 Lewis Ave –Conversion of 179,975 square foot Macys building that is part of the Meriden Mall to retail healthcare services. Interior demolition has begun and construction is anticipated to be completed in 2023.
- 525 Kensington Ave Approval of a 59,400 sf cannabis production facility. Construction, pending state licensure, anticipated in 2023.
- 554 Broad Street, Tacos Mi Nacho Construction of a 3,572 sf restaurant completed in 2022.
- 1125 East Main Street Popeye's Construction of a 2,350 restaurant completed in 2002.
- 275 Research Parkway Conversion of an existing hotel to a 165 residential units anticipated to be completed in late 2022 early 2023.
- 99 Broad Street Construction of a 60,000 sf self-storage facility to be completed in late 2022 early 2023.
- 752 East Main, Achieve Financial Credit Union Complete renovation of 1,215 sf vacant commercial building and site reconstruction. Completed in 2022.
- 1376 East Main Street, Huxley's Bookmark Café New 4,500 square feet restaurant was completed in 2019.
- 161/177 State Street Meriden Commons Phase 1. New construction square ruction of 75-unit mixed-use development with 5,500 square feet commercial space has been completed in 2018. Total development cost \$24 million.
- 161/177 State Street Meriden Commons Phase 2. New construction of 76-unit mixed-use development with 1,500 square feet commercial space completed in 2020. Total development cost \$30 million.

- 11 Crown Street / 2 South Colony. New construction of 81-unit mixed-use development. Total development cost \$30 million. Completed yr. 2020.
- Taino Smokehouse Prime, 1388 East Main Street- This 8500 square feet. Repurposed a long-vacant restaurant property that was scheduled for demolition. The owner invested heavily with state of the art cooking and smoking equipment and advertising as a unique "Open fire pit". The venue has been a huge success and is attracting customers from throughout New England. The project was completed in 2019-2020.
- 30 Pomeroy Ave.-FW Webb. Renovation of former car dealership into retail plumbing supply and showroom completed in 2018.
- 1336 East Main Street, Sunrise Commons 7,500 square feet, office space, commercial rental. Completed yr. 2020.
- 518 Broad Street. New construction 7000 square feet, auto parts retail store. Completed in 2018.

Municipal and Public Facility Development

The following represent highlights to the City's recent municipal and public facility development:

LINEAR TRAILS AND PARKS

1. In November 2007, the City opened a nature walk/bike recreation trail along the Quinnipiac River, the first phase of a linear trail planned to transect the City diagonally from the southwest to the northeast. It is heavily utilized and popular. It was designated as an official Connecticut Greenway in 2012. Phase II of the trail system, funded by a combination of federal and state funding, was completed in 2013 and was designated an official Connecticut Greenway in June 2014. Design for Phases III and IV, which will bring the trail close to the City center, was approved in the City's 2015 Capital Improvement Plan. Construction for Phase III began this past summer & is scheduled to be completed in 2024. Funding will be sought through the Regional Council of Governments TIP program.

The Meriden Green park and flood control project was completed in September 2016 and is now open to the public providing 14 acres of open space and floodwater detention downtown.

The Coe Ave on-road trail from Platt High School to Bradley Ave was completed, funded via \$400k Community Connectivity Grant. The next phase of this trail, from Bradley Ave to Grove Rd, currently is under construction via a \$600k Community Connectivity Grant.

The Coe Ave on-road trail from Platt High School to Bradley Ave was completed, funded via \$400k Community Connectivity Grant. The next phase of this trail, from Bradley Ave to Grove Rd, will be constructed in 2022, via a \$600k Community Connectivity Grant.

RECREATION

In 2008, the City completed construction of Falcon Field, a new state of the art municipal artificial turf football and soccer field facility. The facility, funded by a State grant, hosts numerous events including statewide playoff games and is rented to private and public users. In 2010, the City completed an irrigation project at Hunter Memorial Golf Course, funded through user fees paid into the golf enterprise fund. City athletic field upgrades, including irrigation, replacement fencing, and new lighting, were completed in 2011, bringing to a close the City's five-year park and recreation plan for that period. The Park and Recreation Task Force was reconvened in 2011, resulting in a new five-year plan beginning in 2012. In addition to the Meriden Green project described below, the City has completed improvements to City Park that is located near the City center, funded through a combination of City, State, and private foundation grants.

FACILITIES

New high-efficiency boilers were installed in City Hall in 2009 through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") funding. Similar high-efficiency systems were installed in the Meriden Public Library ("Library"), funded by a combination of state and local sources. Energy costs in both facilities have been reduced by approximately \$75,000 per year. The City also completed an addition to the Library parking lot, repair of its elevator and will complete other interior and exterior Library projects shortly, all of which projects were partially funded through State Library grant funds. Additionally, replacement of oil-fired boilers in four City elementary schools, over the next three years, is currently underway. A backup power generator, funded by a State of Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control grant, was added to City Hall in 2009. The City has been awarded a \$2.3 million grant in FEMA Hazard Mitigation to replace all its public utility back-up generators.

The \$105 million "like new" renovation of Francis T Maloney High and the \$110 million "like new" renovation of Orville Platt High School have been completed. Both of these projects received grant funding of approximately 77%.

The \$107 million "like new" renovation of Francis T Maloney High School and the \$111 million "like new" renovation of Orville Platt High School where substantially completed when the City added a phase three to each project to re-build the running tracks and associated athletic fields at each high school. Both of these tracks were completed in 2021. These projects are expected to have eligible expenditures reimbursed at a grant funding rate of 77%.

Solar carports are slated for design at both the Police parking lot and Highway facility. Both high schools are in design for rooftop solar installations. All of these projects will involve no upfront costs for the City, and the City will realize benefits in reduced monthly utility costs over the next 20 years.

STREETLIGHTS AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS

Beginning in 2008, the City replaced its traffic signal lights with LED lighting, resulting in energy cost savings.

The City purchased the street light network from Eversource and installed new LED lamps. Phase I (cobra style overhead lighting), Phase II (decorative lighting), Phase III (parking lot and sports lighting) have been completed. The cost of the project was funded through the Capital Improvement Program and rebates from Eversource are assisting in reducing the overall cost of the project.

Downtown signal replacements are underway as part of a \$3M Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Grant. The project is slightly delayed due to material supply shortages. The project is expected to be complete by February 2023.

PUBLIC UTILITIES (WATER AND SEWER)

Construction began in 2019 at the Department of Public Utilities on a \$55.6 million Water Pollution Control Facility and Remote Pump Station Upgrades project for phosphorus removal and improvements to pumping facilities within the collection system. A substantial portion of the work has been completed to date except for an additional change order that will address the high flow storage and treatment of excess amounts of water during significant rain events to avoid overflow concerns. This project was funded through grants and low interest loans and will be repaid through user fees. Additionally, the supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system for both the Water and Sewer Divisions has been completed. This 2.2 million dollar design build project has improved the overall communication and performance of this important operational component.

Upcoming projects include the upgrading the East Road Pump Station, replacing the cover of the Carpenter Tank and replacement of the Elmere Water Treatment Plant along with cleaning and lining efforts in the water distribution system and the wastewater collection system.

FLEET AND FUEL

The City completed the installation of a compressed natural gas fueling station, with ARRA funds obtained as a sub-recipient to the Clean Cities coalition. The City has nine CNG powered passenger vehicles, one van, and a traffic sign truck. Cost differential in the purchase price has been funded through grants from the State. The City has installed four electric vehicle charging stations, which are open to the public, and purchased one dedicated electric vehicle. The CT Department of Energy and Environmental Protection provided funds for this project.

ROAD AND SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION

In addition to its regular road maintenance program, the City completed a major road reconstruction and streetscape project on Curtis Street. In 2009, major road reconstruction of Baldwin Avenue and Gravel Street which serves as the primary access road to Maloney High School. In 2015, the competition of West Main Street, Streetscape Project, reconstructing the roadway and sidewalks and other amenities on West Main Street, the main roadway from the City center to the western section of the City, and completed sidewalk reconstruction on West Main Street from Cook Ave, to Grove Street. This project was funded by a combination of federal and state funds. The City has been awarded nearly \$3 million in CMAQ funding approval to undertake a traffic signal modernization and upgrade program and approximately \$3 million in LOTCIP funds to upgrade Pratt Street in downtown Meriden.

In 2018, the City completed sidewalk reconstruction, including drainage improvements and bump out removals along West Main Street from Cook Avenue to Colony Street, and along Colony Street from West Main Street to Columbia Avenue. This project was funded by a combination of City funds and grants from the Office of Policy Management and Department of Community Development. The City also completed the \$3 million Pratt Street Gateway project from Broad Street to East Main Street in downtown Meriden, funded using State LOTCIP funds. Design is continuing on the downtown traffic signal modernization and upgrade program, with construction starting in 2021 using approximately \$3 million in CMAQ funding. Four additional signals are also in design for replacement adjacent to downtown.

The Pratt St gateway was completed in 2018 with a \$3 million LOTCIP grant from ConnDOT. This project connects the Route 5 corridor and I-691 with downtown Meriden, the transit center and the Meriden Green.

The construction of the downtown traffic signal modernization and 2 way conversion project that began in late 2021 is expected to be completed in early 2023. This \$3.5 million project is funded 20% by City and 80% by CMAQ funding.

The construction of the downtown pavement reconstruction project is in progress (2022). This project is funded with a \$1.8 million LOTCIP grant. Roadways include Colony St., State St., Church St., S. Grove St., Butler St., West Main St., and Hanover St.

A Five Year \$5M Road Construction Project was built into the CIP Plan beginning in Fiscal Year 2022 to maintain the road infrastructure. This will allow the City to maintain the condition ratings of its pavement.

FLOOD CONTROL

The City has continued work on the Harbor Brook Flood Control Project. In 2012, the City was awarded permits from the State Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, and the Army Corps of Engineers for the entire Harbor Brook flood control master plan. The State of Connecticut has completed work on the Cook Avenue Bridge and the installation of the Columbus Avenue Relief Culvert has been completed. The City completed construction of detention projects at Westfield Road (Falcon Field) and at the Meriden Green. The Meriden Green project transformed an underutilized City brownfield property in the City Center into a flood control area that will detain 53-acre feet of water in high storm conditions and allow the use of the property as a central park and green space in normal conditions. The park features amenities such as a performance amphitheater, public plazas, a great lawn area, an iconic pedestrian bridge and nearly a three-acre footprint for economic development purposes. The final cost of the Meriden Green project is in excess of \$14 million. The City of Meriden received \$615,000 in US Environmental Protection Agency funds, \$4 million in Urban Act, Brownfields Pilot and other funds administered by the State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD), and \$8.8 million in funds provided through the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP). The City of Meriden provided local funds for construction administration and flood control engineering services. Engineering work has begun on the Amtrak Railroad Bridge Bypass Culvert, channel improvements between Bradley/Coe Avenues and Cooper Street, Cooper Street bridge replacement, completed the Dog's Misery Swamp Mitigation project, invasive species management at Brookside Park, and the Center Street Bridge project. Completion of the Harbor Brook project will reduce the floodplain from 225 to 95 acres and the number of properties and structures in the floodplain from over 300 to 50.

Construction of the Amtrak Railroad Bridge Relief Culvert project, which consists of installing two 5' pipes under the railroad bridge was completed in 2020. The contract amount was \$2.8 million; with \$1 million additional for construction inspection and Amtrak related costs. The project is funded with a combination of City and a \$2.4 million FEMA grant.

Slated for construction are the Cedar St and Center Street bridges, and the channel work from Bradley Avenue to Cooper Street. The Cooper Bridge is a \$3.4 million project, with funding from the DOT Local Bridge Program. Cedar St is a \$3.8 million project, funded through LOTCIP. Center Street is a \$5 million project, with a combination of City and State funds.

The Channel work is estimated to cost \$13 million, with nearly \$7 million from State grants and the remainder using City funds.

In design are the channel sections of Harbor Brook between Cooper Street to the Amtrak Bridge, the Amtrak Bridge to Perkins Square, and Cedar St to Center Street. Design for Perkins Square is anticipated to be completed in 2022. The remaining projects are several years out for design completion.

The Kensington Ave Bridge was completed in 2021, at a cost of \$1.6million, funded by the City of Meriden. Signal improvements are still in design and expect to be installed by the by the end of 2022. The Cooper St Bridge replacement project was substantially completed in June 2022. The \$4 million project was funded at 50% through the State Local Bridge Program.

Residential Development

During 2020-21 residential development activity continued to progress. Residential development activity has focused on the adaptive reuse of existing structures, primarily in the TOD zone, as residential units. Single-family residential construction also saw an increase during this period.

Comprehensive Planning and Future Mixed Use Developments

The City is actively implementing its long term Plan of Conservation & Development ("POCD"). Adopted in 2020 by the City Planning Commission and the City Council, the POCD includes specific Plan Actions to promote its objectives, including targeted investments, regulatory changes, and economic development. In 2021, a review of progress implementing the POCD found that 3 Plan Actions were completed, and another 13 Plan Actions were in the process of being completed, and 10 actions were in the planning stages.

The City's comprehensive planning implementation efforts continue to be concentrated in the areas of Land Use, Neighborhood Planning, targeted Open Space, and Economic Development. A major ongoing in-house City project has been the update of the City's zoning regulations to make them more user-friendly while consolidating applications to require fewer meetings while maintaining the same level of review and standards.

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Beyond the downtown area, planning to develop large sites for mid to long-term economic development has continued. A focus of such efforts in 2016 is a large City owned site on South Mountain Road and a former hospital site in the TOD zone. The former Meriden Wallingford Hospital site includes a 245,000 square foot building occupying two city blocks, a former parking garage, and land totaling 5.64 acres. In addition, the Planning Department, along with the Economic Development Office, completed the study, "First Mile, Last Mile" to evaluate the area's mass transit bus service and how coordination with the new commuter rail line could benefit City residents and those who work within the City.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM ("CDBG")

The primary function of the City's Community Development Office (CD Office) is to administer the City's CDBG program. CDBG funds contribute to the funding of three City departments and numerous local non-profit agencies that provide services to low and moderate-income persons, and funds the Neighborhood Preservation Program - a residential forgivable loan program for income eligible homeowners. The office assists in the management of other municipal grants in transportation, hazard mitigation, energy, open space, economic development, Brownfields and public safety.

Key accomplishments of the CDBG Program during the 2022 Fiscal Year included:

- Funding 28 public service programs run by 26 separate organizations that served over 59,000 low and moderate-income Meriden residents.
- Conducting 1,852code enforcement inspections in the CDBG target areas.
- Repairing 1 residential structure totaling 2 total housing units through the NPP loan program.
- Replacement of deteriorated sidewalks along Catlin St to Griswold St

Provided supportive services to 1,037 persons with special needs

The City of Meriden is considered a federal entitlement community under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended in 1977 and 1982, and a state-designated "distressed" municipality pursuant to Section 329j of the Connecticut General Statutes. During FY 2022, the City of Meriden received \$1,087,853 in HUD CDBG "entitlement" funds, which were used to promote decent housing, suitable living environments and economic opportunities for Meriden's low and moderate-income persons.

Relevant Budget & Financial Planning Activities

The City develops an annual operating budget and long-term capital plans annually. The operating budget includes major drivers of expenses and revenues, such as: payroll, pension, insurance, and the debt service associated with the 5 year capital plan, along with municipal funding from the State of Connecticut. The 5 year capital plan is made for infrastructure improvements and other capital projects and is financed through the issuance of bonds for a period not to exceed the useful life of the project.

Medical Insurance costs for both current and retired employees and contributions to the pension Fund are two areas of the budget which make up significant costs, however since 2011 the City has transitioned away from the Defined Benefit Plans to a less costly 401a and 457 Plans.

Budgetary controls within the City are managed by the Finance Department with Quarterly Forecasts to the Finance Committee of the City Council. In addition, budgetary transfers are routinely presented to City Council for approval during the course of the year and again at the end of the Fiscal Year.

Additional information regarding the budget adoption process and the legal level of budgeting control can be found in the notes to the financial statements, specifically footnote #2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Meriden, Connecticut for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member has my sincere appreciation for their contributions made in the preparation of this report, in particular, Frank Ocskasy Jr., Director of Accounting and Agnes Puzio. I would also like to thank Donna Carnot and Kristin Culver from the Board of Education business office.

This comprehensive annual financial report reflects a commitment to the citizens of Meriden, the Honorable Mayor, the City Council and all concerned readers of this report to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of accountability.

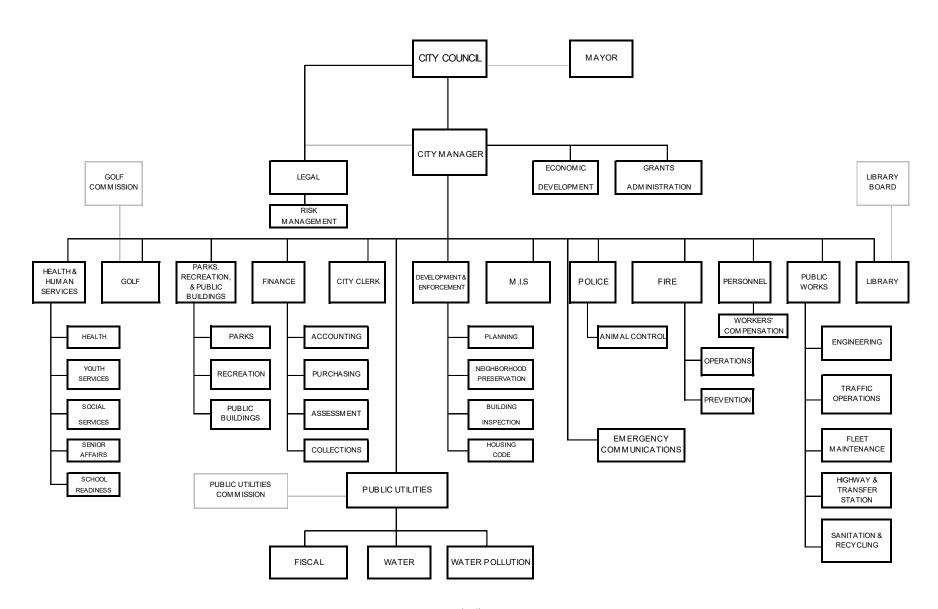
Respectfully submitted,

Ken Mc Robola

Kevin McNabola, Chief Financial Officer

City of Meriden

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2022



CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

MAYOR

Kevin M. Scarpati

CITY COUNCIL

Michael P. Cardona, Deputy Mayor Sonya R. Jelks, Majority Leader Daniel Brunet, Minority Leader Larue A. Graham, Deputy Majority Leader Bruce Fontanella, Deputy Majority Leader Bob Williams, Jr., Deputy Minority Leader Krystle Blake, City Councilor Michael Carabetta, City Councilor Ray R. Ouellet, City Councilor Yvette Cortez, City Councilor Michael S. Rohde, City Councilor Nicole Tomassetti, City Councilor

CITY MANAGER

Timothy Coon

ADMINISTRATION

City Clerk Director of Finance Police Chief Fire Chief Corporation Counsel City Attorney Director of Development and Enforcement Director of Economic Development **Director of Emergency Communications** Director of Health and Human Services Information Technologies Manager Director of Parks and Recreation Director of Personnel Director of Public Works Director of Public Utilities Library Director (Acting Capacity) Golf Course Facilities Manager

Denise Grandy Kevin McNabola Roberto Rosado Kenneth Morgan Matthew McGoldrick **Emily Holland** Paul Dickson Joseph Feest David Boyce Lea Crown Charles Carrozza Chris Bourdon Josephine Agnello-Veley John Lawlor Richard Meskill Rebecca Starr Thomas DeVaux

BOARD OF EDUCATION

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Patricia Sullivan-Kowalski, Assistant Superintendent for Student Supports and Special Education





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Meriden, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Meriden, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Meriden, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Meriden, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Meriden, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Meriden, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Meriden, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 23, 2022

As management of the City of Meriden, Connecticut, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Meriden for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, as well as the City's basic financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, the assets and deferred outflows of the City of Meriden exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting in total net position at the close of the fiscal year of \$174.1 million. Total net position for Governmental Activities at fiscal year-end was \$87.7 million and total net position for Business-Type Activities was \$86.4 million. (Exhibit I)
- On a government-wide basis, during the year, the City's net position decreased by \$2.0 million or 1.1%, from \$176.1 million to \$174.1 million. Net position decreased by \$2.9 million for Governmental Activities and increased by \$0.9 million for Business-Type Activities. Governmental Activities expenses were \$289.0 million, while revenues were \$286.0 million. The decrease in Governmental Activities net position is primarily due to investment losses because of poor market conditions. Business-Type Activities expenses were \$26.4 million, while revenues were \$27.3 million. The increase in Business-Type Activities is primarily attributable to increases in charge for service-based revenues.
- At the close of the year, the City of Meriden's governmental funds reported, on a current financial resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$48.8 million, a decrease of \$18.6 million from the prior fiscal year. The decrease is primarily attributable to the spending of previously issued bond proceeds in the current period resulting in a deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$17.6 million in the Bonded Projects Fund. (Exhibit IV)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$24.0 million, an increase of \$1.0 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase is primarily attributable to increased revenue activity associated with tax collections, city clerk fees, and intergovernmental grants. Of the total General Fund, fund balance as of June 30, 2022, \$22.5 million represents unassigned General Fund fund balance. Unassigned General Fund fund balance at year-end represents 10.0% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out (\$224.5 million), which is an increase of 0.2% from the prior year. (Exhibit III, Exhibit IV)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Meriden's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information as well as the basic financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Meriden's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. All of the resources the City has at its disposal are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is portrayed because the statements present all costs, not just how much was collected and disbursed. They provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Meriden's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. One can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows against liabilities and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. It speaks to the question of whether or not the City, as a whole, is better or worse off as a result of this year's activities. To assess the overall health of the City of Meriden, the reader needs to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in some future fiscal period. Uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are examples.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Meriden that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- Governmental activities of the City of Meriden encompass most of the City's basic services and include governmental and community services, administration, public safety, health and welfare, operations and education. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities of the City of Meriden include the Water Pollution Control Authority, Water Division, and the George Hunter Memorial Golf Course. They are reported here as the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

The City of Meriden, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Meriden has three kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Meriden maintains 33 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Bonded Projects Fund, the Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants, and the Education Grants and Programs Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other 30 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column and is presented as nonmajor governmental funds.

Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining balance sheet on Exhibit B-1 and in the combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance on Exhibit B-2.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) can be found on Exhibits III and IV of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Meriden maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Meriden uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority, the Water Division, and the Hunter Golf Course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the City of Meriden's various functions. The City of Meriden uses internal service funds to account for its risk management costs including risks related to Workers' Compensation and Employee Health Insurance. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Water Division, both of which are considered major funds of the City of Meriden. The Hunter Golf Course is also provided separately and identified as a nonmajor fund of the City of Meriden. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is also provided as a separate column in the proprietary fund financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V-VII of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the City's constituency. The City has three pension trust funds, one post-retirement benefit trust fund, one employee benefit trust fund, two private purpose trust funds, and two custodial funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VIII and IX of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-94 of this report.

The notes to this report also contain certain supplementary information concerning the City of Meriden's pension plan such as the net pension liability, employer contributions and investment returns on pension assets. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 95-122 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. City of Meriden total net position is \$174.1 million on June 30, 2022. Governmental activities assets exceeded liabilities by \$87.7 million. Business-type activities total net position is \$86.4 million on June 30, 2022.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City of Meriden, Connecticut Statement of Net Position (\$000s) Primary Government

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Assets:												
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net of	\$	128,128	\$	126,459	\$	37,429	\$	36,611	\$	165,557	\$	163,070
Accumulated Depreciation		395,357		393,313		154,493		153,100		549,850		546,413
Total Assets		523,485	519,772			191,922		189,711		715,407		709,483
Deferred Outflow of Resources		34,636		24,020		3,649		3,198		38,285		27,218
Liabilities:												
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities		69,205		56,359		8,568		8,070		77,773		64,429
Outstanding		392,216		350,046		100,047		95,981		492,263		446,027
Total Liabilities		461,421		406,405		108,615		104,051		570,036		510,456
Deferred Inflow of Resources		9,037		46,772		531		3,372		9,568	_	50,144
Net Position: Net Investment in												
Capital Assets		270,252		258,270		97,474		82,644		367,726		340,914
Restricted		29,235		43,637						29,235		43,637
Unrestricted		(211,824)		(211,292)		(11,049)		2,842		(222,873)		(208,450)
Total Net Position	\$	87,663	\$	90,615	\$	86,425	\$	85,486	\$	174,088	\$	176,101

A portion of net position was restricted at June 30, 2022 because of unspent bond proceeds (\$16.0 million), various trust funds (\$2.8 million), federal and state grants (\$2.3 million), and Flood Control (\$0.5 million).

By far the largest portion of the City of Meriden's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Meriden's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City of Meriden, Connecticut Changes in Net Position (\$000s) Primary Government

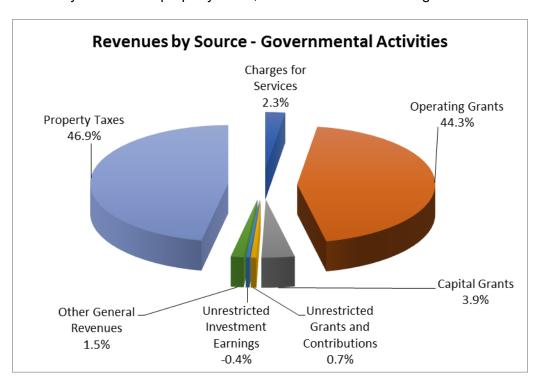
	Governmental			Business-Type							
	Activities			Activities				Total			
		2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$	6,734	\$	6,588	\$ 23,112	\$	21,453	\$	29,846	\$	28,041
Operating Grants and											
Contributions		127,805		139,390	-		-		127,805		139,390
Capital Grants and											
Contributions		11,181		6,131	2,939		6,714		14,120		12,845
General Revenues:											
Property Taxes		135,298		132,948	-		-		135,298		132,948
Grants Not Restricted to											
Specific Programs		1,909		1,893	-		-		1,909		1,893
Unrestricted Investment											
Earnings		(1,247)		1,600	(44)		17		(1,291)		1,617
Miscellaneous Income		4,352		2,984	1,329		1,482		5,681		4,466
Total Revenues		286,032		291,534	27,336		29,666		313,368		321,200
Expenses:											
General Government		22,816		19,088	_		_		22,816		19,088
Education		174,350		185,661	-		_		174,350		185,661
Public Safety		50,898		45,978	_		_		50,898		45,978
Public Works		21,942		17,635	_		_		21,942		17,635
Human Services		7,682		7,375	-		_		7,682		7,375
Cultural and Recreation		7,247		6,392	-		_		7,247		6,392
Interest on Long-Term Debt		4,049		4,047	-		_		4,049		4,047
Sewer Authority		-		-	12,043		11,369		12,043		11,369
Water Authority		-		-	12,957		12,998		12,957		12,998
George Hunter Golf Course		-		-	1,397		1,309		1,397		1,309
Total Expenses		288,984		286,176	26,397		25,676		315,381	_	311,852
Change in Net Position		(2,952)		5,358	939		3,990		(2,013)		9,348
Net Position at Beginning of Year		90,615		85,257	 85,486		81,496		176,101		166,753
Net Position at End of Year	\$	87,663	\$	90,615	\$ 86,425	\$	85,486	\$	174,088	\$	176,101

The City's net position decreased by \$2.0 million during the fiscal year, with net position of governmental activities decreasing by \$2.9 million and business-type activities increasing by \$0.9 million.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities

Major revenue sources include 48.2% from State and Federal Government operating and capital grant programs, followed by 46.9% from property taxes, and then 2.3% from charges for services.



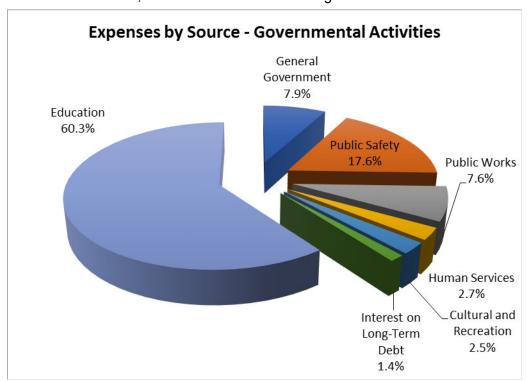
Major revenue factors included:

- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$11.6 million from 2021, which is primarily due
 to a decrease in State Teachers Retirement OPEB on-behalf payments of \$25.3 million partially
 offset by \$10.7 million in additional funding programs through the Elementary and Secondary
 School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund and \$3.1 million in increased activity associated with
 alliance district grants.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$5.0 million from 2021, which is primarily attributable to increases in activity associated with the various road reconstruction, bridge repair, and other public works capital grant programs totaling \$2.9 million as well as a library construction grant increase of \$1.0 million and a \$0.9 million increase in airport construction grants.
- Unrestricted investment earnings decreased by \$2.8 million from 2021, due to poor market conditions resulting in lower investment portfolio returns than in 2021.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$2.3 million from 2021 due to an increase in the grand list along with strong collection rates.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

• For Governmental Activities, 60.3% of the City's expenses relate to education, 17.6% relate to public safety, 7.9% to general government, 7.6% to public works, 2.7% to human services, 2.5% to cultural and recreation, and 1.4% on interest on long-term debt.



Major expense factors include:

- A decrease of \$25.3 million in State Teacher Retirement Board pension and OPEB on-behalf payments.
- Additional ESSER and alliance district grant related grant expenses of \$10.7 million, and \$3.1 million, respectively.
- Employee benefit related expense increases of \$5.4 million.
- Increases in employee wages, resulting from general wage increases, ranged from 0% to 2.25% depending on the employee group. Some employees also received negotiated step increases.

Business-Type Funds

Business-type activities capital grants and contributions decreased by \$3.8 million due to decreases in grant funding associated with the phosphorus sewer plant upgrade.

Business-type activities charges for services increased by \$1.7 million primarily due to increased water usage for the water and sewer funds.

Business-type activities expenses were relatively consistent from 2021 to 2022 for the Water Fund and the George Hunter Golf Course Fund, decreasing by \$41 thousand and increasing by \$89 thousand, respectively. Expenses for the Sewer Fund in 2022 increased by \$0.7 million, or 5.9% from 2021, primarily attributable to employee wages and benefits.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Meriden. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$22.5 million while total fund balance was \$24.0 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 10.0% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out (\$224.5 million), while total fund balance represents 10.7% of that same amount.

As stated earlier, the fund balance of the City of Meriden's General Fund increased by \$1.0 million during the current fiscal year. The increase is primarily attributable to increased revenue activity associated with tax collections, city clerk fees, and intergovernmental grants.

The Bonded Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$16.0 million, a decrease of \$19.1 million from the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to the spending of previously issued bond proceeds in the current period resulting in a deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$17.6 million in the Bonded Projects Fund as well as \$1.5 million of transfers out.

The Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants Fund continues to have a fund balance deficit of \$0.4 million, the same amount as the prior year. This deficit is directly attributable to a building purchase made that will be repaid over time through rental payments from tenants and annual contributions from the Board of Education.

The Educational Grants and Programs Fund has a total fund balance of \$0.3 million, consistent with the prior year balance of \$0.4 million.

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds have a total fund balance of \$8.9 million, down from \$9.3 million in the prior year. The \$0.4 million decrease is primarily attributable to the accumulation of unspent funds in the cafeteria program of \$0.4 million offset by the spending of \$0.2 million in the library trust fund and the deferral of \$0.6 million in grant receivables in the airport improvement fund.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Meriden's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year was \$32.3 million, with unrestricted net position of \$5.7 million. The Water Fund experienced an operating income of \$0.6 million, which was primarily attributable to increases in operational revenues due to higher water consumption.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Net position of the Sewer Fund at fiscal year-end was \$54.0 million. Unrestricted net position deficit was \$14.4 million. The Sewer Fund experienced an operating loss of \$0.7 million, which was primarily attributable to increases in salaries and benefits operating expenses.

The George Hunter Memorial Golf Course Fund had a negligible net position at fiscal year-end. The Golf Fund experienced an operating income of \$0.1 million due to higher than expected operating revenues resulting in the elimination of the minor fund balance deficit that existed in 2021.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were \$0.4 million in additional appropriations to the \$202.9 million budget in fiscal year 2022. The original budget included a contingency of \$0.4 million that was budgeted in the General Fund expenditures to cover certain items, including unsettled labor contracts and other unanticipated expenditures. Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$203.1 million, which exceeded the original budget by \$0.2 million. Significant budget overruns occurred on overtime costs within the fire and emergency communications departments offset by underruns in several other expenditure classifications.

During the year, actual revenues on a budgetary basis were \$204.0 million, which exceeded the original budget by \$1.1 million. Property taxes exceeded budgetary expectations by \$1.5 million, intergovernmental revenues exceeded budget by \$0.4 million, charges for services revenues exceeded budgetary expectations by \$1.0 million, while investment income and miscellaneous revenues fell short of budget by \$1.6 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Meriden's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amount to \$549.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, sewers and bridges.

City of Meriden, Connecticut Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (\$000s) Primary Government

	Govern Activ			Business-Type Activities				To	otal	
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$ 26,415	\$	25,968	\$	1,183	\$	1,183	\$ 27,598	\$	27,151
Land Improvements	20,688		20,155		14,168		15,498	34,856		35,653
Buildings and Improvements	260,748		271,315		33,847		35,386	294,595		306,701
Infrastructure	48,940		46,303		49,160		50,945	98,100		97,248
Machinery and Equipment	7,723		8,915		10,627		8,993	18,350		17,908
Vehicles	2,665		2,853		123		195	2,788		3,048
Right-to-Use - Leased Assets	537		695		-		-	537		695
Construction In Progress	 27,641		17,804		45,385		40,899	 73,026	_	58,703
Total	\$ 395,357	\$	394,008	\$	154,493	\$	153,099	\$ 549,850	\$	547,107

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following additions:

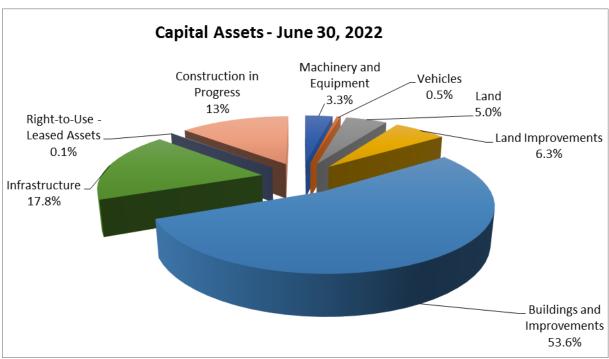
- \$13.3 million for public works projects (road construction, paving, improvements, flood control)
- \$6.7 million in sewer system and phosphorus plant upgrades
- \$3.7 million in library renovations
- \$1.9 million in airport runway construction projects
- \$1.9 million in water distribution and facility improvements

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following disposals:

- \$0.6 million in various City machinery and equipment
- \$0.5 million in City vehicles

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)



Additional information on the City of Meriden's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 50-51 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

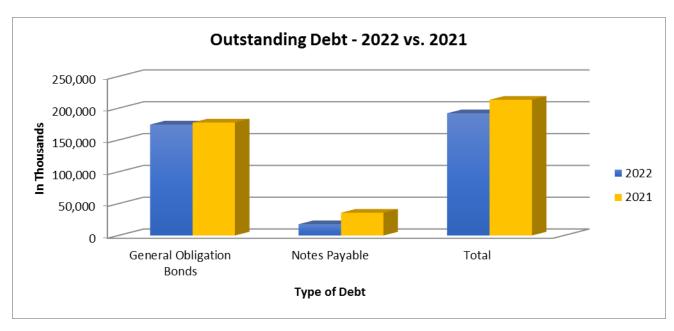
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Meriden had total bonded debt outstanding of \$192.1 million. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Outstanding Debt (\$000s) General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Goverr Activ		Business-Type Activities				Total				
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
General Obligation Bonds Notes Payable	\$ 128,015 2,815	\$ 142,854 1,225	\$	46,399 14,898	\$	34,676 34,546	\$	174,414 17,713	\$	177,530 35,771	
Total	\$ 130,830	\$ 144,079	\$	61,297	\$	69,222	\$	192,127	\$	213,301	

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)



The City of Meriden's bonded debt decreased by \$21.2 million or 9.9% during fiscal year 2022. This was primarily attributable to the reduction of debt from principal payments of bonds and notes net of any issuances in the current year.

The City of Meriden has received an underlying rating of AA from S&P Global Ratings and AA- from Fitch Ratings.

In reviewing the City's financial management, S&P Global Ratings considers Meriden's management practices "strong" under its FMA methodology, indicating practices that are strong, well embedded, and likely sustainable." This is the highest level for "Financial Management Assessment."

The overall statutory debt limit for the City of Meriden is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$932.9 million. As of June 30, 2022, the City recorded long-term debt of \$171.9 million related to Governmental Activities and none related to Business-Type Activities that are paid through taxes, well below its statutory debt limits.

Additional information on the City of Meriden's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 52-58 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Economic Factors (Updated through October 2022)

As of October 2022, the unemployment rate for Meriden was 4.4%, a decrease from 6.3% in the prior year. Although Meriden's unemployment rate is above the October 2022 State of Connecticut, which had an unemployment rate of 4.0%, Meriden's unemployment rate in October 2022 remained considerably lower than larger Connecticut cities including the City of Bridgeport at 5.5%, the City of Hartford at 6.2%, and the City of Waterbury at 6.8%.

The City of Meriden's reliance on property taxes has helped it weather the national economic downturn. Meriden's income stream is rather stable, even during a recession. Moreover, the City's high-quality tax base lends even more stability to the City's revenue. To foster economic development and continued expansion of the tax base, the City administers several business incentive programs, including Enterprise Zone, the Manufacturing Assistance Loan Program, and the C-PACE program, designed to attract, retain and grow business entities in Meriden.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Meriden's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City Hall Room 212, 142 East Main Street, Meriden, Connecticut 06450.



CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Primary Government								
	Gov	ernmental	Busi	iness-Type					
	A	ctivities		ctivities		Total			
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	73,582	\$	28,357	\$	101,939			
Investments		23,862		1,236		25,098			
Receivables, Net		19,796		9,238		29,034			
Due from Pension Trust		6,965		-		6,965			
Due from OPEB Trust		1,827		-		1,827			
Internal Balances		1,402		(1,402)		-			
Supplies		389		-		389			
Prepaid Items		305		-		305			
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		54,056		46,568		100,624			
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation/Amortization		341,301		107,925		449,226			
Total Assets		523,485		191,922		715,407			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
		24 202		2 772		27.056			
Related to Pension Related to OPEB		24,283		2,773		27,056			
		10,296		567		10,863			
Deferred Charge on Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	57		309		366			
Total Deferred Outllows of Resources		34,636		3,649		38,285			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		23,901		3,067		26,968			
Accrued Interest		1,509		675		2,184			
Unearned Revenue		29,384		-		29,384			
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Due Within One Year		14,411		4,826		19,237			
Due in More Than One Year		392,216		100,047		492,263			
Total Liabilities	-	461,421		108,615		570,036			
		,		.00,0.0		0.0,000			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Related to Pension		373		53		426			
Related to OPEB		6,672		367		7,039			
Advance Property Tax Collections		658		-		658			
Deferred Charge on Refunding		204		-		204			
Related to Leases		1,130		111		1,241			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,037		531		9,568			
NET DOCITION									
NET POSITION		070 050		07.474		207 720			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		270,252		97,474		367,726			
Restricted:		0.000				0.000			
Trust Purposes - Expendable		2,036		-		2,036			
Trust Purposes - Nonexpendable		104		-		104			
Grants		2,556		-		2,556			
Capital Projects		23,393		-		23,393			
Other Purposes		1,146		-		1,146			
Unrestricted		(211,824)		(11,049)		(222,873)			
Total Net Position	\$	87,663	\$	86,425	\$	174,088			
	<u> </u>	,000	<u> </u>	, .=-	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

Net Revenue (Expense) and

			Program Revenues		Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
General Government	\$ 22,816	\$ 4,088	\$ 4,128	\$ 2,111	\$ (12,489)	\$ -	\$ (12,489)			
Education	174,350	266	118,017	40	(56,027)	-	(56,027)			
Public Safety	50,898	295	160	7	(50,436)	-	(50,436)			
Public Works	21,942	1,900	37	8,964	(11,041)	-	(11,041)			
Human Services	7,682	91	5,092	59	(2,440)	-	(2,440)			
Culture and Recreation	7,247	94	371	-	(6,782)	-	(6,782)			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,049				(4,049)		(4,049)			
Total Governmental Activities	288,984	6,734	127,805	11,181	(143,264)	-	(143,264)			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Sewer Authority	12,043	10,016	-	2,939	-	912	912			
Water Authority	12,957	11,671	-	-	-	(1,286)	(1,286)			
George Hunter Golf Course	1,397	1,425				28	28			
Total Business-Type Activities	26,397	23,112		2,939		(346)	(346)			
Total	\$ 315,381	\$ 29,846	\$ 127,805	\$ 14,120	(143,264)	(346)	(143,610)			
	GENERAL REVEN	IUES								
	Property Taxes				135,298	-	135,298			
			ted to Specific Progr	ams	1,909	-	1,909			
		estment Earnings (Lo	oss)		(1,247)	(44)	(1,291)			
	Miscellaneous Ir				4,352	1,329	5,681			
	Total Gener	al Revenues			140,312	1,285	141,597			
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			(2,952)	939	(2,013)			
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year			90,615	85,486	176,101			
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ 87,663	\$ 86,425	\$ 174,088			

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS	(General		Bonded Projects	Cap Gr	cellaneous oital Project ants and rograms	(ducation Grants and rograms	Gov	onmajor rernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cook and Cook Emiliarity	Φ.	0.000	Φ.	20.040	œ.	20.020	Φ.	4.044	•	0.500	œ.	CE 704
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	8,302 16,741	\$	20,046	\$	28,930	\$	1,914	\$	6,589 2,525	\$	65,781
Receivables, Net of Allowance		10,741		-		-		-		2,323		19,266
for Uncollectibles		16,355		7,417		234		1.667		2,819		28,492
Supplies		10,333		7,417		204		1,007		265		389
Prepaid Items		305		_		_		1		203		306
Due from Other Funds		3,125				_				_		3,125
Due nom other runus		3,123										3,123
Total Assets	\$	44,952	\$	27,463	\$	29,164	\$	3,582	\$	12,198	\$	117,359
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable and Accrued												
Liabilities	\$	12,953	\$	4,070	\$	306	\$	2,859	\$	1,457	\$	21,645
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		910		910
Unearned Revenue		6		-		29,070		180		128		29,384
Total Liabilities		12,959		4,070		29,376		3,039		2,495		51,939
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		5,469		-		-		-		-		5,469
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		937		-		-		-		181		1,118
Other Receivables		-		7,417		-		271		597		8,285
Related to Leases		936		-		194		-		-		1,130
Advance Property Tax Collections		658		-		-		-		-		658
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,000		7,417		194		271		778		16,660
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		429		-		-		1		369		799
Restricted		522		15,976		-		271		4,674		21,443
Committed		524		-		-		-		4,471		4,995
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		22,518		-		(406)				(589)		21,523
Total Fund Balances		23,993		15,976		(406)		272		8,925		48,760
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	44,952	\$	27,463	\$	29,164	\$	3,582	\$	12,198	\$	117,359

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$ 48,760
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	690,441
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(295,084)
Net Capital Assets	395,357
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Property Tax Receivables Greater Than 60 Days	5,469
Other Receivables	8,285
Loans Receivable	1,118
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	24,283
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	10,296
Deferred Charge on Refunding	57
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of	
risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of	
the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities	
in the statement of net position.	2,008
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds Payable	(128,015)
Notes Payable	(2,815)
Bond Premium	(10,766)
Deferred Charge on Refunding	(204)
Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	(1,509)
Lease Payable	(543)
Compensated Absences	(15,754)
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring	(765)
Net OPEB Liability	(52,392)
Pollution Remediation	(12,013)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(373)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(6,672)
Net Pension Liability	(175,384)
Claims and Judgments	 (765)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Net Position (Exhibit I)	\$ 87,663

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	General	Bonded Projects		Capi Gra	ellaneous tal Project ants and ograms	Education Grants and Programs		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES											
Property Taxes, Interest,											
and Lien Fees	\$ 135,198	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,198
Federal and State Government	81,527		889		1,530		35,200		18,407		137,553
Charges for Services	6,144		-		-		-		454		6,598
Investment Income (Loss)	(579)		107		-		-		(318)		(790)
Other Local Revenues	1,539		22		136		1,245		1,534		4,476
Total Revenues	223,829		1,018		1,666		36,445		20,077		283,035
EXPENDITURES Current:											
General Government	44,370		-		-		-		117		44,487
Public Safety	27,608		-		-		-		72		27,680
Public Works	8,799		-		-		-		205		9,004
Health and Welfare	4,170		-		-		-		3,561		7,731
Culture and Recreation	3,952		-		-		-		238		4,190
Education	118,818		-		-		36,758		14,047		169,623
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement	10,549		-		-		-		75		10,624
Interest and Other Charges	5,359		-		-		_		24		5,383
Capital Outlay	21		18,665		1,705		-		2,794		23,185
Total Expenditures	223,646		18,665		1,705		36,758		21,133		301,907
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	183		(17,647)		(39)		(313)		(1,056)		(18,872)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Refunding Bonds Issued	27,082		-		-		-		-		27,082
Premium on Refunding Bonds	4,534		-		-		-		-		4,534
Payment to Refunded Bond											
Escrow Agent	(31,431)		-		-		-		-		(31,431)
Transfers In	1,475		-		-		174		641		2,290
Transfers Out	(815)		(1,475)		-		-		-		(2,290)
Total Other Financing							•				
Sources (Uses)	 845		(1,475)				174		641		185
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,028		(19,122)		(39)		(139)		(415)		(18,687)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 22,965		35,098		(367)		411		9,340		67,447
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 23,993	\$	15,976	\$	(406)	\$	272	\$	8,925	\$	48,760

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (18,687)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Capital Outlay Depreciation/Amortization Expense Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	20,208 (18,804) (55)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Property Taxes Collected After 60 Days Loan Principal Collected Change in Interest and Liens Receivable Change in Other Receivables Change in Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Change in Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(7) (1,695) 107 8,285 6,124 4,502 (10)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Refunding Bonds Issued	(27,082)
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes	10,624
Premium on Bonds Issued Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(4,534) 31,431
Deferred Charge on Refunding	(75)
Lease Payments	152
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in Accrued Interest on Bonds and Notes	120
Amortization of Premium	1,300
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	14
Change in Long-Term Compensated Absences	352
Change in Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring	(415)
Change in Pollution Remediation Obligation	(2,687)
Change in Net Pension Liability	(41,200)
Change in Net OPEB Liability	(9,077)
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	31,892
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB Change in Claims and Judgments	6,621
	58
The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (414)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported	
on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ (2,952)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Business-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fund	ls	Governmental Activities
	Majo	or Funds	Nonmajor Fund	-	
			George Hunter Memorial	T	Internal Service
ASSETS	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Total	Funds
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,577	\$ 11,428	\$ 352	\$ 28,357	\$ 7,801
Investments	φ 10,577 620	ψ 11, 42 0	ψ 302	1,236	4,596
Accounts Receivable, Net	4,553		99	9,238	96
Total Current Assets	21,750		451	38,831	12.493
	,,	,			,
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	1,010	45,558	-	46,568	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation	51,487	54,073	2,365	107,925	
Total Noncurrent Assets	52,497	99,631	2,365	154,493	
Total Assets	74,247	116,261	2,816	193,324	12,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Charge on Refunding	171	138	=	309	=
Related to Pension	1,887	622	264	2,773	
Related to OPEB	412		31	567	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,470		295	3,649	
	, -			-,-	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,141	1,672	254	3,067	10
Accrued Interest	262	413	-	675	
Due to Other Funds	-	-	1,402	1,402	813
Current Portion of Claims Incurred But					
Not Reported		-	-		4,719
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	1,366		3	3,765	
Current Portion of Notes Payable	932		-	1,022	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	34			39	
Total Current Liabilities	3,735	4,576	1,659	9,970	5,542
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Claims Incurred But Not Reported	-	-	-	_	4,943
Bonds Payable, Less Current Portion	15,843	26,767	24	42,634	· -
Notes Payable, Less Current Portion	13,038	838	-	13,876	-
Premium on Bonds	1,528	3,656	-	5,184	-
Interim Funding Obligation	· -	23,805	-	23,805	-
Compensated Absences	489	342	73	904	-
Net Pension Liability	7,322	2,411	1,025	10,758	-
OPEB Liability	2,098	630	158	2,886	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	40,318	58,449	1,280	100,047	4,943
Total Liabilities	44,053	63,025	2,939	110,017	10,485
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to Pension	36	12	5	53	=
Related to OPEB	267	80	20	367	-
Related to GPEB Related to Leases	42		69	111	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	345		94	531	
					
NET POSITION Not Investment in Capital Assets	20.000	60 400	0.000	07.474	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,668	68,468	2,338	97,474	2.000
Unrestricted Total Net Position	5,651		(2,260)	(11,049)	\$ 2,008
rotal Not roomon	\$ 32,319	\$ 54,028	\$ 78	\$ 86,425	\$ 2,008

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Governmental Activities						
		Business-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise Fund Nonmajor					
	Maj	or Funds	Fund					
	Water	Sewer	George Hunter Memorial Golf Course	Total	Internal Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$ 11,671	\$ 10,016	\$ 1,425	\$ 23,112	\$ 33,034			
Miscellaneous	916		57	1,329	2,302			
Total Operating Revenues	12,587	10,372	1,482	24,441	35,336			
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and Benefits	4,025	2,382	433	6,840	-			
Medical Claims		-	-	-	33,910			
Materials and Supplies	1,264	1,454	456	3,174	-			
Utilities	768	,	-	1,841	-			
Administration and Operation	1,763		-	2,522	164			
Depreciation	2,636		178	6,630	-			
Other	1,546		295	3,433	1,218			
Total Operating Expenses	12,002	11,076	1,362	24,440	35,292			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	585	(704)	120	1	44			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment Income (Expense)	(21) (23)	-	(44)	(458)			
Interest Expense	(713) (967)	(35)	(1,715)	-			
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(242)		(242)				
Total Nonoperating Revenues								
(Expenses)	(976) (990)	(35)	(2,001)	(458)			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	(391) (1,694)	85	(2,000)	(414)			
CONTRIBUTIONS		2.020		2,939				
Capital Grants and Contributions		2,939		2,939				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(391) 1,245	85	939	(414)			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	32,710	52,783	(7)	85,486	2,422			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 32,319	\$ 54,028	\$ 78	\$ 86,425	\$ 2,008			

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Bus	siness	s-Type Activiti	es - Eı	nterprise Fu	nds			ernmental ctivities
		Major			Nonr	najor Fund				
					Geo	rge Hunter			Ir	nternal
					M	emorial			5	Service
		Water		Sewer	Go	If Course		Total		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						-				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	12,799	\$	10,656	\$	1,469	\$	24,924	\$	35,392
Payments to Suppliers		(4,535)		(4,885)		(570)		(9,990)		(34,984)
Payments to Employees		(3,733)		(2,306)		(397)		(6,436)		-
Net Receipts from Interfund Transactions		10,282		10,095		(863)		19,514		813
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		14,813		13,560		(361)		28,012		1,221
CARL ELONIO EDON CARITAL AND DELATED										
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts of Capital Grants and Contributions		· · ·		2,939		-		2,939		-
Purchase of Capital Assets		(1,551)		(6,629)		(85)		(8,265)		-
Proceeds from Interim Funding Drinking Water Loans		-		5,383		-		5,383		-
Issuance of Refunding Bonds		908		15,778		12		16,698		-
Premium on Refunding Bonds		152		2,641		2		2,795		-
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent		(1,053)		(18,311)		(14)		(19,378)		-
Principal Payments of Bonds		(1,486)		(2,421)		(3)		(3,910)		-
Principal Payments of Clean Water Fund Loans		(914)		(423)		-		(1,337)		-
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(1,020)		(1,179)		(35)		(2,234)		-
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related						, ,				
Financing Activities		(4,964)		(2,222)		(123)		(7,309)		-
v		,,,,,,		, ,		(- /		(,,		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Sale of Investments		-		-		-		-		(293)
Interest Income (Expense)		24		24				48		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		24		24				48		(293)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH										
		0.072		11 262		(404)		20.751		928
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,873		11,362		(484)		20,751		920
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		6,704		66		836		7,606		6,873
g										,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	16.577	\$	11.428	\$	352	\$	28.357	\$	7.801
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING										
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)										
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	585	\$	(704)	\$	120	\$	1	\$	44
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				,						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation		2.636		3,816		178		6.630		_
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		_,		-,				-,		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		168		284		(82)		370		56
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		10,282		10,095		717		21,094		-
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		2						2 .,00 .		_
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		_						_		
and Accrued Items		806		(7)		181		980		308
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		16		(4)		5		17		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		2,266		779		299		3.344		_
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		301		118		26		445		_
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		- 110		(1,580)		(1,580)		813
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension		(110)		(49)		(9)		(168)		010
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB		(170)		(55)		(13)		(240)		_
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OF LB		(172)		(70)		(13)		(42)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension						(252)				-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Persion		(1,753) (284)		(566)		(252)		(2,571)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Lease Receivable		(2 04) 42		(77)		(20) 69		(381) 111		-
Total Adjustments	-	14,228		14.264		(481)		28,011		1.177
•				, -						.,
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	14.813	\$	13.560	\$	(361)	\$	28.012	\$	1.221

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	P	Pension				
	ar	nd Other				
	Fr	mployee	Pr	ivate		
		Benefit		rpose	Cus	stodial
		ist Funds		t Funds		unds
ASSETS		ist i ulius	1143	t i dild5		unus
	¢	24 400	\$	194	φ	272
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,199	Ф	194	\$	212
Investments, at Fair Value:				40		
U.S. Government Securities		-		43		-
Certificates of Deposit		-		60		-
Equities		9,549		-		-
Mutual Funds		175,410		-		-
Alternative Investments		112,119				-
Total Investments		297,078		103		-
Accounts Receivable		12	-		-	2
Total Assets		321,289		297		274
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		53		_		4
Due to Primary Government		8,792		-		-
Total Liabilities		8,845		-		4
NET POSITION						
Restricted for Pension Benefits		273,722		_		_
Restricted for OPEB Benefits		38,722		_		_
Restricted for Other Purposes		-		297		270
resultation of the rapeson		_				
Total Net Position	\$	312,444	\$	297	\$	270

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Pe	ension				
	and	d Other				
	Em	ployee	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
		enefit			Custodial Funds	
		st Funds				
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	20,480	\$	2	\$	-
Plan Members		5,120		-		-
Total Contributions		25,600		2		30
Investment Earnings:						
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		(34,188)		-		-
Interest and Dividends		4,925		12		-
Total Investment Earnings (Loss)		(29,263)		12		-
Less Investment Expenses:		,				
Investment Management Fees		302		-		_
Net Investment Earnings (Loss)		(29,565)		12		-
Total Additions		(3,965)		14		30
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits		41,373		62		_
Administrative Expense		118		-		_
Other		438		-		24
Total Deductions		41,929		62		24
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(45,894)		(48)		6
Net Position - Beginning of Year		358,338		345		264
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	312,444	\$	297	\$	270

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Meriden, Connecticut (the City) was settled in 1661, incorporated as a Town in 1806 and as a City in 1867. It operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the Chief Executive Officer.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

The City has established a single-employer Public Retirement Systems (PERS), a postretirement retiree health plan (OPEB), and the South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters' Award Program to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits to employees and their beneficiaries. The City is required to make contributions to the pension and OPEB plans.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of grant revenues which are considered available if they are collected 120 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Property taxes, special assessments, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to long-term liabilities such as debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bonded Projects Fund

The Bonded Projects Fund is used to account for resources used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and equipment. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds. Other sources include capital grants, current tax revenues and low interest State loans.

Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants and Programs Fund

The Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants and Programs Fund is used to account for various capital project grants and programs proceeds and expenditures.

Education Grants and Programs Fund

The Education Grants and Programs Fund is used to account for various federal and state education grants.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operations of the City's water supply system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater treatment system. The City operates its own sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds account for employee health insurance and workers' compensation insurance provided to departments of the City and Board of Education.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

The Private Purpose Trust Funds accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for various scholarship and cemetery trusts.

Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds

The Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds are used to account for the fiduciary activities of the City's three defined benefit plans that accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees and also the South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters' Award Program. As part of these trust funds, an amount is segregated to pay for retiree health benefits. These funds are also presented with the pension trust funds. These funds are also used to account for the activities for both City and Board of Education for other postemployment benefits (e.g., health insurance, life insurance) that accumulate resources for other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

Custodial Funds

The Custodial Funds are used to account for fiduciary activities related to various selffunding City programs.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Custodial Funds (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The City adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021 and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

E. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Supplies

All supplies are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Supplies of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Supplies in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables, including those for the Water and Sewer Funds, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

An estimate has been recorded for utility service provided, but not billed, at the end of the fiscal year.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$20 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value rather than at fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (not rounded).

Land Improvements	20 Years
Buildings	40 to 50 Years
Building Improvements	7 to 30 Years
Infrastructure	65 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 30 Years
Vehicles	7 Years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. The City reports deferred inflows related to leases in the government-wide statement of net position and in the proprietary funds statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term. The City also reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and lease receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Leases

Lessee Arrangements

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease assets and lease liabilities in the statements of net position.

Lease assets represent the City's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Lease assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the City will exercise that option.

The City has recognized payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statements of net position.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the City has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

Lessor Arrangements

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the City's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Leases(Continued)

Lessor Arrangements (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The City has recognized payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the City has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

L. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, City and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain employees may also carry over a limited number of unused vacation and sick days to subsequent years based on the terms of an employment or union contract. In the event of termination, these employees are paid for accumulated vacation and sick time. The City recognizes a liability for the vested portion, as well as the unvested portion, to the extent expected to be paid, as compensated absences. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

M. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Net Other Post Employment (OPEB) Liability

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – Restrictions are externally imposed on net position by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Equity (Continued)

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Director of Purchasing for the City, who has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

The City has a written minimum fund balance policy that states that the goal of the City is that uncommitted fund balance of the City equal one month's expenditures or 8.33% of the City's most recent approved operating budget. The City has revised the policy to conform to the language contained in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on all taxable assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate taxes are payable in four quarterly installments (July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1). Personal property taxes are payable semi-annually (July 1 and January 1) and motor vehicle taxes are due in one single payment on July 1. Liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. Statutory interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of appraised market value. The City files a lien on the property for taxes that were due July 1 and remain unpaid on the following May 1.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

R. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is adopted by the City Council and employed for management control of the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Golf Fund.

The budget process is as follows:

a. At least 180 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the manager of each department, office and agency submits to the Director of Finance, at such date he determines, estimates of revenues and expenditures for the following year.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

- b. At least 180 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager reviews these estimates and may revise them as he deems advisable, except that in the case of the department of education, he has the authority to revise only the total estimated expenditures.
- c. On or before March 1, not later than 120 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced annual budget.
- d. The City Council shall hold one (1) public hearing on the budget to obtain public comments not later than seventy-five (75) days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.
- e. Within 20 days after the final public hearing, the City Council shall adopt a budget. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- f. The Mayor shall have veto power on a line item basis only, and must submit any veto message within five (5) days after the Council has adopted the budget.
- g. The City Council may override any line item veto by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the entire body.
- h. Budget referendum on the adopted budget must be held if a petition is filed within thirty days of the adoption of the final approved budget.
- Budget transfers or additional appropriations must be approved by the City Council. Additional appropriations by the City Council may not exceed 1-1/2% of the General Fund budget as established for the current year, without levying a special tax.

There were \$416 in additional appropriations in the General Fund.

- j. The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances from one account to another within its line appropriation. A number of such transfers occurred during the year.
- k. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The City's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than GAAP. The major difference between the budgetary and GAAP basis is that encumbrances are recognized as a charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year, whereas, on a GAAP basis, encumbrances are recorded as either assigned, committed or restricted fund balance.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the following funds had deficit balances:

Miscellaneous Capital Project Grants \$ 406
Nonmajor Capital Project Fund:
Airport Improvement 589

These amounts will be funded through local general fund contributions or future revenues.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7 402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate-of-return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$60,321 of the City's bank balance of \$75,898 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 54,059
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Bank's	
Trust Department, Not in the Town's Name	6,262
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 60,321

Credit Risk – Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2022, the City's cash equivalents amounted to \$60,852. Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The following table provides a summary of the City's cash equivalents as rated by Standard and Poor's (S&P):

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits (Continued)

Credit Risk – Cash Equivalents (Continued)

	S&P Global
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Bank of America	*
ICMA - RC	*
ION Bank	*
JP Morgan Chase	*
MS FSU	*
RBC Wealth Management	*
Stone Castle	*
TD Bank	*
United Bank	*
Webster	*

^{*} Not rated

STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the City had the following investments:

	Investment Maturities (Years)							
	Fair Value		Less than 1		1-10		More than 10	
Interest-Bearing Investments:								
Certificates of Deposit	\$	13,267	\$	4,874	\$	8,393	\$	-
U.S. Government Securities		1,367		43		1,324		-
Municipal Bonds		4,125		356		3,769		-
Corporate Bonds		3,008		668		2,340		-
Total		21,767	\$	5,941	\$	15,826	\$	
Other Investments:								
Mutual Funds		175,922						
Common Stock		12,385						
Alternative Investments		112,205						
Total Investments	\$	322,279						

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Average	Co	rporate	'		U.S. Government		Certificates		Mutual	
Rating	E	Bonds	Bonds		Securities		of Deposit		Funds	
Aaa	\$	-	\$	685	\$	1,254	\$	-	\$	-
Aa1		73		493		-		-		-
Aa2		77		806		-		-		-
Aa3		3		851		-		-		-
A1		343		1,289		-		-		-
A2		756		_		_		-		-
A3		505		_		_		-		-
Baa1		660		-		-		-		-
Baa2		549		-		-		-		-
Baa3		43		-		-		-		-
Unrated						113		13,267		175,922
Total	\$	3,009	\$	4,124	\$	1,367	\$	13,267	\$	175,922

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy states that the weighted average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed 12 years and the maturity of any single issue shall not exceed 30 years. To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. It is the City's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by General State Statute Chapter 112, Section 7 400. In addition, per policy, a depository's long-term debt must be rated at least C by Thompson Bank Watch and A- by Standard & Poor's, A3 by Moody's or A- by Fitch; and its short-term debt must be rated at least TBW-1 by Thomson Bank Watch and A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P 1 by Moody's or F 1 by Fitch or the depository's total risk-based capital ratio must exceed 10%.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy states that the exposure of the portfolio to any one issuer, other than securities of the U.S. government or agencies, shall not exceed 8% of the fair value of the fixed income portfolio. Information regarding concentration of investments that represent more than 5% of the total investment portfolio for pension and other postemployment benefits is detailed in Notes 11 and 12, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the City did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the City's name.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Pension

The investments of the City's pension funds have their own policies and limitations on investments.

Investment managers and advisors must discharge their responsibilities in accordance with the fiduciary provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and supporting regulations, unless specifically exempted by a vote of the Board.

Equity investments in any one company by any one advisor shall be limited at purchase of 10% of the total assets under management and/or 5% of the company's total outstanding equity. Corporate fixed income investments shall be limited to the first four quality grades as established by one or more of the nationally recognized bond rating services, except by a specific vote of the Board to permit inclusion of some lesser-rated issues within an investment grade portfolio. In no event should the debt securities of any corporation exceed 10% of the assets under management of any one advisor.

There shall be no investments in:

- Securities of foreign issuers, other than those of the Canadian government, and also excepting American Depository Receipts (ADRs) of foreign securities, and further excepting foreign securities purchased by an investment advisor specifically designated by the Board as an "international" or "global" manager;
- Securities issued by a participating employer, except to the extent permitted under ERISA;
- Private placements, without affirmative Board approval;
- Real estate, other than securities of exchange-traded or nontraded Real Estate Investment Trusts.

Uninvested cash balances should be kept at a minimum through the prompt investment of available funds in short-term or more permanent security holdings.

Each investment advisor, consultant, custodian or contractor shall be required to be available for at least one annual meeting with the Meriden Retirement Board. Results based on a total rate of return (including both realized and unrealized capital gains and losses) will be evaluated for each advisor to the Board over a complete market cycle. However, the Board retains the right (and obligation) to address issues of lagging performance at any time during a contract cycle.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

	lune 30,	Fair Value Measurements Using						
	2022		Level 1	L	evel 2		Level 3	
Investments by Fair Value Level:								
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 1,367	\$	-	\$	1,367	\$	_	
Municipal Bonds	4,124		-		4,124		_	
Corporate Bonds	3,009		-		3,009		-	
Common Stock	12,385		12,385		-		-	
Mutual Funds	175,922		175,922		_		-	
Alternative Investments	47,516				-		47,516	
Total Investments by								
Fair Value Level	244,323	\$	188,307	\$	8,500	\$	47,516	
Investments Measured at the								
Net Asset Value (NAV):								
Private Equity Holdings	64,689							
Certificates of Deposit	13,267							
Total Investments	\$ 322,279							

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The alternative investments classified in Level 3 are not actively traded and significant observable inputs are not available; therefore, a degree of judgment is necessary to estimate fair value. The valuation process for alternative investments takes into consideration factors such as interest rate changes, movement in credit spreads, default rate assumptions, prepayment assumptions, type and quality of collateral and market dislocation.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Fair Value (Continued)

Private equity funds – international are valued as described in the following schedule.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table (in thousands).

						Redemption		
						Frequency	Redemption	
	Fair		Net	Uı	nfunded	(If Currently	Notice	Investment
	Value	Com	nmitments	Con	nmitments	Eligible)	Period	Type
747 Stuyvesant VII LP	\$ 1,080	\$	4,750	\$	3,681	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Baron Emerging Mkt Coll Inv	7,348		-		-	Daily/Monthly	1 Day/30 Days	Equity
Brandywine Global Opp Fixed Income	3,608		-		-	Daily/Monthly	10 Days	Equity
Cpg Brookfield Opp Real Est LLC	737		2,970		1,066	Restricted	N/A	Real Estate
Cpg Carlyle Eq Opp Fd LLC	1,115		3,250		669	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Cpg Wp Energy LLC	1,472		1,492		90	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Cpg Wp Private Equity Xi LLC	26,605		3,250		745	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Earnest Partners Intl Fund	2,782		-		-	Daily/Monthly	0 Days/5Days	Equity
Greenspring Stepstone Vc Opp. IV LP	2,782		1,950		-	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Harbourvest 2019 Global Fund LP	3,890		4,750		2,138	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Harbourvest 2021 Global Feeder Fd LP	1,536		7,000		5,565	Restricted	N/A	Equity
iCapital-KV Seed C Access Fn LP	2,468		650		27	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Ironwood Institutional Ltd	29,873		30,350		-	Semi-Annual	95 Days	Equity
Oak Hill Capital Partners IV LP	854		2,000		86	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Portfolio Adv Sec Fd II LP	451		2,000		59	Restricted	N/A	Equity
Ta Realty Core Property Fund LP	14,823		15,720		5,400	Quarterly	45 Days	Real Estate
Total	\$ 101,424	\$	80,132	\$	19,526			

Equity Hedge Funds

This type includes investments in hedge funds that invest both long and short primarily in U.S. common stock. Management of each hedge fund has the ability to shift investments from value to growth strategies, from small to large capitalization stocks, and from a net long position to a net short position. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments.

Real Estate Funds

This type includes real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

The receivables as of June 30, 2022 for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Governmental and Fiduciary Type Funds									
					Mis	cellaneous		Education	No	onmajor,	
				Bonded	Cap	ital Project		Grants	Interr	nal Service,	
	0	Seneral		Projects	Gr	ants and		and	and	Fiduciary	
		Fund		Fund	P	rograms		Programs		Funds	 Total
Property Taxes	\$	8,461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,461
Interest and Liens		7,099		-		-		-		-	7,099
Accounts		443		-		35		-		104	582
Intergovernmental		47		7,417		-		1,667		2,630	11,761
Pension Trust Funds		6,965		-		-		-		-	6,965
OPEB Trust Funds		1,827		-		-		-		-	1,827
Leases Receivable		964		-		199		-		-	1,163
Loans		-		-		-		-		181	181
Other						-		-		14	14
Gross Receivables	·	25,806	,	7,417		234		-		2,929	38,053
Less: Allowance for											
Collection Losses		9,451				-		_			9,451
Net Total Receivables	\$	16,355	\$	7,417	\$	234	\$	-	\$	2,929	\$ 28,602

		Business-1		
	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor	
	 Authority	Authority	Fund	Total
Use Charges	\$ 1,221	\$ 1,304	\$ -	\$ 2,525
Interest and Liens	110	109	-	219
Assessments	-	51	-	51
Unbilled	3,349	3,292	-	6,641
Leases Receivable	42	-	70	112
Other	 2	2	29	33
Gross Receivables	4,724	4,758	99	9,581
Less: Allowance for				
Collection Losses	171	 172		343
Net Total Receivables	\$ 4,553	\$ 4,586	\$ 99	\$ 9,238

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance	In	creases	Deci	reases	T	ransfers		Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	25,968	\$	447	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,415
Construction in Progress		17,804		11,154		85		(1,232)		27,641
Total Capital Assets Not										
Being Depreciated		43,772		11,601		85		(1,232)		54,056
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:										
Land Improvements		39,636		2,156		_		_		41,792
Buildings and Improvements		414,018		220		_		481		414,719
Machinery and Equipment		25,061		522		304				25,279
Vehicles		17,169		671		493		_		17,347
Infrastructure		130,804		5,123		-30		751		136,678
Right-to-Use - Leased Assets		695		5,125		_		751		695
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized		627,383		8,692		797		1,232		636,510
Total Capital Assets Being Depresated/Amortized		027,303		0,032		131		1,232		030,310
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Land Improvements		19,481		1,623		-		-		21,104
Buildings and Improvements		142,703		11,268		-		-		153,971
Machinery and Equipment		16,146		1,659		249		-		17,556
Vehicles		14,316		859		493		-		14,682
Infrastructure		84,501		3,237		-		-		87,738
Right-to-Use - Leased Assets		-		158		-		-		158
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		277,147		18,804		742		-		295,209
Tatal Canital Assata Daire										
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net		250 226		(10 110)				4 000		244 204
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	-	350,236		(10,112)		55		1,232		341,301
Capital Assets, Net	\$	394,008	\$	1,489	\$	140	\$		\$	395,357
		Occipaina								Ending
Business-Type Activities		Beginning Balance	In	creases	Deci	reases				Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		Dalance		creases	Deci	eases				Dalatice
Land	\$	1,183	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	1,183
Construction in Progress	Ф	40,899	Ф	_	ф	242	Ф	(4 747)	Ф	
Total Capital Assets Not		40,099		6,445		242		(1,717)		45,385
Being Depreciated		42.002		6 445		242		(4 747)		46 E60
Beilig Depreciated		42,082		6,445		242		(1,717)		46,568
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Land Improvements		27,026		-		-		-		27,026
Buildings and Improvements		80,942		-		-		175		81,117
Machinery and Equipment		31,456		1,821		316		1,542		34,503
Vehicles		2,613		-		37		_		2,576
Infrastructure		123,829		-		-		_		123,829
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		265,866		1,821		353		1,717		269,051
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:		44.500		4 000						40.050
Land Improvements		11,528		1,330		-		-		12,858
Buildings and Improvements		45,556		1,714				-		47,270
Machinery and Equipment		22,463		1,729		316		-		23,876
Vehicles		2,418		72		37		-		2,453
Infrastructure		72,884		1,785						74,669
Total Accumulated Depreciation		154,849		6,630		353				161,126
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated, Net		111,017		(4,809)		_		1,717		107,925
,								.,		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	153,099	\$	1,636	\$	242	\$		\$	154,493

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation and Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	777
Education		10,992
Public Safety		907
Library		47
Public Works		5,113
Recreation		859
Human Services		109
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$	18,804
	<u> </u>	
Business-Type Activities:		
Water Authority	\$	2,637
Sewer Authority		3,816
Golf Course		177
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	6,630

NOTE 6 DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS, DUE TO OTHER FUNDS, AND TRANSFERS

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the timing between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	910
General Fund	Internal Service Fund		813
General Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Fund		1,402
Total		\$	3,125

For the most part, all balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

During the year, transfers are used to 1) provide resources from the bonded projects fund to the general fund for debt service relief, 2) provide local match spending requirements from the general fund to nonmajor funds for grants requiring local spending and 3) provide funding for capital nonrecurring items from the general fund to the capital nonrecurring fund.

			Irar	isters In				
			Edu	ucation	Noi	nmajor		Total
	G	eneral	Gra	nts and	Governmental Funds		Transfers	
		Fund	Pro	grams				Out
Transfers Out:		<u> </u>						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	174	\$	641	\$	815
Bonded Projects Fund		1,475		-		-		1,475
Total Transfers In	\$	1,475	\$	174	\$	641	\$	2,290

NOTE 7 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The City, acting as lessor, leases land, buildings, cell tower space and advertising space under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2033. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized \$216 and \$43 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Int	terest	Total		
2023	\$	232	\$	38	\$	270	
2024		190		31		221	
2025		151		26		177	
2026		150		22		172	
2027		102		18		120	
2028-2032		365		42		407	
2033-2037		85		1_		86	
Total	\$	1,275	\$	178	\$	1,453	

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	In	creases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance	ue Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 142,854	\$	27,082	\$	41,921	\$ 128,015	\$ 10,029
Premium on Bonds	7,532		4,534		1,300	10,766	
Notes Payable *	1,225		1,724		134	2,815	268
Compensated Absences	16,106		828		1,180	15,754	910
Workers' Compensation	2,834		-		185	2,649	883
Heart and Hypertension	4,076		3,258		2,568	4,766	1,589
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring	350		478		63	765	51
Lease Payable	695		-		152	543	238
Net Pension Liability	134,184		41,200		-	175,384	-
OPEB Liability	43,315		9,077		-	52,392	-
Pollution Remediation	9,326		2,687		-	12,013	-
Claims and Judgments	823		308		366	765	443
Total Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 363,320	\$	91,176	\$	47,869	\$ 406,627	\$ 14,411
Business-Type Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 34,676	\$	16,698	\$	4,975	\$ 46,399	\$ 3,765
Premium on Bonds	2,866		2,795		477	5,184	
Compensated Absences	927		91		75	943	39
Net Pension Liability	7,414		3,344		-	10,758	-
OPEB Liability	2,441		445		-	2,886	_
Drinking Water Notes	14,884		-		914	13,970	932
Clean Water Notes **	19,662		-		18,734	928	90
Total Business-Type Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 82,870	\$	23,373	\$	25,175	\$ 81,068	\$ 4,826

^{* \$1,724} in notes payable additions were received in prior years however not permanently financed until fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

** In addition to the notes payable above, the City has a short-term note payable of \$23,805, to the state of Connecticut under the Clean Water Fund Program. The note carries a 2% interest rate, and the principal also becomes payable upon the permanent financing of the short-term note payable.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and net other postemployment benefits liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the City. Certain general obligation bonds are to be repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds.

General Obligation Bonds – Current Refunding

On March 2, 2022, the City issued \$43,780 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 4% to 5% to currently refund the outstanding principal amounts of \$50,805 in General Obligation Bonds and Clean Water Fund Notes Payable.

The net proceeds of \$50,810 (including a premium of \$7,329, additional proceeds of \$5, and issuance costs of \$294 including underwriter's fees) will reduce total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$2,905 and represents an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,748. As a result, the refunded bonds were considered defeased and all the interest and principal on the defeased bonds were paid from the proceeds of the refunding issue which were placed into an irrevocable escrow account.

As of June 30, 2022, the defeased bonds were called and the balance in the escrow account is \$-0-.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds – Current Refunding (Continued)

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Date of	Date of	Interest	Amount of Original	Annual	Balance Outstanding
Description	Issue	Maturity	Rate (%)	Issue	Principal	June 30, 2022
Governmental:		matanty	1 (20)			00.10 00, 2022
General Purpose:						
General Obligation, Series B	9/8/14	3/1/24	2-3%	\$ 2,864	Various	\$ 639
General Obligation	11/1/16	5/1/36	3-5%	60,304	Various	42,945
General Obligation	11/15/16	5/15/30	3-5%	10,606	Various	7,586
General Obligation	6/4/20	6/30/29	5%	9,490	Various	7,718
General Obligation, Series B	6/24/20	7/1/40	3-5%	29,390	Various	27,925
General Obligation, Refunding C	12/9/20	2/15/33	5%	15,165	Various	14,120
General Obligation, Refunding A	2/9/22	3/15/34	4-5%	27,082	Various	27,082
Total Governmental Activities						128,015
Business-Type:						
General Purpose:						
General Obligation, Series B	9/8/14	3/1/24	2-3%	630	Various	140
General Obligation	11/1/16	5/1/36	3-5%	7,936	Various	5,845
General Obligation	11/15/16	5/15/30	3-5%	2,019	Various	1,444
General Obligation	6/4/20	6/30/29	5%	5,010	Various	4,042
General Obligation, Series B	6/24/20	7/1/40	3-5%	19,220	Various	18,255
General Obligation, Refunding C	12/9/20	2/15/33	5%	660	Various	615
General Obligation, Refunding A	2/9/22	3/15/34	4-5%	16,698	Various	16,058
Total Business-Type Activities						46,399
Total Outstanding						\$ 174,414

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

		Governmen	ies	Business-Type Activities					
Year	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Pi	rincipal	li	nterest	
2023	\$	10,029	\$	4,969	\$	3,765	\$	1,879	
2024		9,725		4,482		3,830		1,693	
2025		9,482		4,002		3,843		1,503	
2026		10,104		3,528		3,956		1,310	
2027		10,173		3,063		4,047		1,119	
2028		10,244		2,625		4,136		926	
2029		10,315		2,184		4,230		730	
2030		9,284		1,779		3,741		547	
2031		8,364		1,414		2,586		383	
2032		8,392		1,126		1,583		283	
2033		8,392		863		1,583		234	
2034		7,092		606		1,528		191	
2035		4,537		383		1,378		153	
2036		4,537		261		1,378		121	
2037		1,470		136		960		89	
2038		1,470		106		960		70	
2039		1,465		77		965		51	
2040		1,470		47		965		31	
2041		1,470		16		965		10	
Total	\$	128,015	\$	31,667	\$	46,399	\$	11,323	

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes Payable

Clean Water Fund Loans

The state of Connecticut under the Clean Water Fund Program issued the project loan obligation. The loan proceeds financed the sanitary sewer construction projects. The obligation will be paid from future user fees.

Drinking Water Fund Loans

The Drinking Water Fund Program issued a permanent funding obligation loan, which is recorded in the Water Fund, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The loan proceeds are being used to finance the upgrade to the Broad Brook Treatment Plant. The obligation will be paid from future user fees.

HUD Loan

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development issued the City a Section 108 Loan on October 14, 2011, which carries interest at 0.2% above London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as of November 17, 2011. The loan proceeds financed part of the demolition and cleanup of Factory H. The obligation will be paid from future CDBG allocations.

DECD Loan

The State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development issued a loan to the City under the provisions of the BROWNFIELD STATUTE (C.G.S. Sec. 32-765) on March 1, 2016, which carries interest at 1.0%. The loan proceeds financed a portion of the remediation of the former Meriden Wallingford Hospital located at 1 King Place, Meriden CT.

Notes payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue			Amount of Original Issue		Annual Principal		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2022	
Governmental:									
HUD 108 Note 2011-A	11/17/11	8/1/31	LIBOR+.2%	\$	1,500	\$	75	\$	750
DECD Loan - Project 2015080001	3/1/20	3/1/36	1%		232	Vari	ous		213
DECD Brownfield Loan - Project									
20190800750001	5/1/22	5/1/39	1%		1,771	Vari	ous		1,763
Eversource Phase 1 Agreement	2/15/18	7/15/23	0%		452		82		89
Total Governmental Activities									2,815
Business-Type:									
Clean Water Fund Note 209-CSL	12/31/12	12/31/31	2%		1,786	Vari	ous		928
Drinking Water Fund Note 2012-7008	12/31/13	12/31/32	2%		1,597	Vari	ous		909
Drinking Water Fund Note 2014-7034	11/30/16	11/30/35	2%		17,300	Vari	ous		11,976
Drinking Water Fund Note 2016-7041	1/31/17	8/31/36	2%		1,430	Vari	ous		1,085
Total Business-Type Activities									14,898
Total Outstanding								\$	17,713

The note carries a 2% interest rate and the principal also becomes payable upon the permanent financing of the note payable.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

	Total Gov	ernmental	Total Business-Type				
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2023	\$ 268	\$ 42	\$ 1,022	\$ 289			
2024	194	38	1,041	268			
2025	188	35	1,062	247			
2026	189	32	1,084	225			
2027	190	29	1,106	203			
2028	191	25	1,129	21			
2029	192	22	1,151	158			
2030	194	17	1,175	135			
2031	195	14	1,198	111			
2032	196	10	1,169	87			
2033	122	8	1,090	65			
2034	123	6	1,063	44			
2035	125	5	1,084	22			
2036	122	4	509	3			
2037	110	3	15	-			
2038	112	2	-	-			
2039	104	1					
Total	\$ 2,815	\$ 293	\$ 14,898	\$ 1,878			

Leases Payable

The City leases buildings and equipment for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2026.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Pri	Principal Interest		Total		
2023	\$	238	\$	13	\$	251
2024		212		6		218
2025		93		1_		94
Total	\$	543	\$	20	\$	563

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

Equipment	\$ 546
Real Estate	149
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (158)
Total	\$ 537

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2022 is \$141,642, which is net of all expected grant revenue. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The liability for the landfill post-closure care, aggregating \$765, is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfills as of June 30, 2022. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Costs will be funded through future property taxes and/or state and federal grants. The landfill was considered to be at capacity and was closed during 1991.

Pollution Remediation

"Factory H" includes two City parcels (77 Cooper Street and 104 Butler Street), which have contaminated soils. The liability is made up of \$10,352 less estimated recoveries from the State and Federal government of \$2,600 plus an estimation for inflation of \$2,155. Management has estimated this liability taking into account data based on estimates from the engineering department. Major assumptions were made since the remediation of the Factory H site will be fully integrated into the Harbor Brook Flood Control project and redevelopment plans for the site, which are yet to be finalized. Costs are likely to change based on the final flood control design, site re-use and redevelopment plans, as well as other factors. It is assumed that no active groundwater remediation will be required, environmental land use restrictions will be placed on the site, and operations and maintenance of the engineered control will be minimal, similar to that

approved for the Meriden Green (formerly the HUB project). The obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. As of June 30, 2022, the City has received \$800 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency, a loan of \$1,500 from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and \$300 from the State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development.

116 Cook Avenue has contaminated soil and hazardous building materials contributing to the contamination. The liability is made up of \$2,098 less estimated recoveries from the Federal government (HUD and US EPA) of \$524 plus and estimation for inflation of \$532. Management has estimated this liability taking into account data based on estimates from their consulting firm. The current estimate of environmental liabilities for 116 Cook Avenue is based on environmental reports prepared for the City of Meriden by Tighe and Bond, including "Phase III Environmental Site Assessment report, dated July 2012", and an "Opinion of Probable Demolition Costs, dated July 2012". Further remediation costs associated with soils below the existing building slab are unknown and may require further remediation depending on the future land use. The City of Meriden assumes removal of all known environmental hazards in five to seven years. The obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. As of June 30, 2022, the City utilized \$524 in federal funds to remove hazardous building materials and universal waste and to remove an underground storage tank (UST) from the site.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Claims and Judgments

There are various suits and claims pending against the City, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the City's financial position. Management has estimated a liability of \$765 at June 30, 2022.

Debt Limitation

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

Category	Deb	Debt Limitation		ebtedness	1	Balance		
General Purposes	\$	299,853	\$	135,335	\$	164,518		
Schools		599,706		36,550		563,156		
Urban Renewal		433,121		-		433,121		
Sewers		499,755		85,794		413,961		
Pension Bonding		399,804		-		399,804		

In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation \$932,876.

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 eneral Fund	Bonded Projects Fund	Miscella Cap Proj Gra	ital ect	Gr a	cation ants and grams	Gove	nmajor ernmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$ 124	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	265	\$ 389
Prepaid Expenditures	305	-		-		1		-	306
Permanent Fund Principal	-	-		-		-		104	104
Restricted for:									
Flood Control	480	-		-				-	480
Federal and State Grants	42	-		-		271		1,972	2,285
Bonds	-	15,976		-		-		-	15,976
Park Trusts	-	-		-		-		2,026	2,026
Library Trusts	-	-		-		-		666	666
Education Trusts	-	-		-		-		9	9
Health Trusts	-	-		-		-		1	1
Committed to:									
Special Assessment Project	-	-		-		-		98	98
Education	-	-		-		-		2,361	2,361
Planning and Development	-	-		-		-		58	58
Anti-Blight	-	-		-		-		241	241
Dog Fund	-	-		-		-		39	39
Capital and Nonrecurring	-	-		-		-		757	757
Meriden Green Improvement	-	-		-		-		524	524
Public Safety	-	-		-		-		393	393
Insurance Refunds	39	-		-		-		-	39
Tree Preservation	3	-		-		-		-	3
Downtown Property Management	233	-		-		-		-	233
Vehicle Replacement	249	-		-		-		-	249
Unassigned	22,518	-		(406)		-		(589)	21,523
Total Fund Balances	\$ 23,993	\$ 15,976	\$	(406)	\$	272	\$	8,925	\$ 48,760

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Significant encumbrances of \$18,301 and 3,043 are included in the bonded projects and miscellaneous capital project grants and programs funds as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The City generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks but has chosen to retain the risks of workers' compensation and employee health and medical claims. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2022.

The workers' compensation fund purchases a self-insured retention workers' compensation excess policy for claims exceeding \$600. All other claims are funded by the General Fund, Sewer Authority, Water Authority and George Hunter Memorial Golf Fund. Payments to the fund are estimated based on payroll amounts, job classification rates, experience and second injury fund assessments.

The City's Health Insurance Fund purchases a stop loss policy for claims in excess of \$250 per claim. The City also purchases the aggregate maximum per year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The health insurance fund is funded by contributions from all funds incurring payroll charges. The health benefits consultant provides the City with suggested rates for various types of coverage. The BOE and City enterprise funds use employee counts and suggested rates to compute fund contributions.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claim's liability estimate.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the claim's liability for the past two years are as follows:

	L Beg	ccrued iability iinning of cal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Accrued Liability Claim Payments	Accrued Liability End of Fiscal Year	
Workers' Compensation and						
Heart and Hypertension:						
2021-22	\$	6,910	2,679	2,174	\$	7,415
2020-21		8,150	1,167	2,407		6,910
Health Insurance:						
2021-22		2,430	31,231	31,414		2,247
2020-21		2,108	30,466	30,144		2,430

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Pension Trust Fund

The City administers three single-employer, contributory, defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) plans to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be a part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. Stand-alone plan reports are not available for these plans. Although the assets of the plans are commingled for investment purposes, each plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Management of the plans rest with the Pension Board, which consists of eleven members: three elected by plan members, six appointed by City Council and the City Treasurer and Personnel Director who both serve as ex-officio members.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Substantially all full-time employees of the City are eligible to participate. Participants in the State Teachers' Retirement System are excluded. The Plans' provisions are as follows:

Provisions	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Benefit	Firefighters and BOE employees receive 2% of average final pay (average of three highest consecutive calendar years out of the last ten) multiplied by the years of continuous service in the plan, with a maximum of 60% of salary.	2.5% of base pay times years of service up to 20 years plus 1.6% of base pay times years of service in excess of 20 and less than 30 years plus 50% of current emoluments. If 30 years of service, then 70%.	2.2% of base pay times the years of service up to 30 years plus 50% of emoluments.
	Police and non-BOE City employees receive 2% of average final pay for the first 20 years, plus 2½% of average final pay multiplied by years of service for years 21-32 thereafter, with a maximum of 70% of salary.		
Eligibility Requirements	Vested after 10 years of service. Police and Fire 25 years or Age 65 and 10 years.	20 years of service or age 65 and at least 20 years.	25 years of service or age 65 and at least 25 years.
Cost of Living Adjustment	Retirement prior to July 1, 1989: No COLA adjustments. Retirement after July 1, 1989 and prior to July 1, 2000: 3% every other year beginning after the later of three years from retirement age or age 65 with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension. Retirement after July 1, 2000: 2% each year beginning after the later of two years from retirement date or age 62 with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension.	Retirement prior to January 1, 2003: based on increases to base pay for the rank held at retirement. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (25 or more years of service): 3% of base pay, excluding emoluments. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (between 20-25 years of service): 2% of base pay, excluding emoluments.	Retirement prior to January 1, 2003: based on increase in base pay for the rank held at retirement. Retirement after January 1, 2003 (with at least 25 years of service): 3% of base pay, excluding emoluments.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Continued)

Provisions	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Cost of Living Adjustment (Continued)	Retirement after 7/1/11: 2% each year beginning two years from the date of retirement with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension.	Retirement after January 1, 2003 (less than 20 years of service): None.	
	For police and firefighters with 25 years of service: 3% beginning one year from date of retirement with a lifetime cap of 50% of original pension.		
Early Retirement Provisions	City and police employees – 10 years of service and age 55. Firefighters- None.	None.	None.
Contributions	Non BOE City employees 11% of earnings (includes 7% of earnings to pension and 4% of earnings as contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).	Employee - 8% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings as contributed for postemployment	Employee - 8% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings as contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).
	BOE employees – 8% of earnings (includes 4% of earnings to pension and 4% of earnings as contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).	healthcare benefits). Employer - remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and actuarial studies.	Employer - remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and actuarial studies.
	Police employees – (hired prior to July 1, 2012) - 10% of earnings (includes 6% of earnings to pension and 4% of earnings as contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).		
	Police employees – (hired after July 1, 2012) - 7% of earnings (includes 4.5% of earnings to pension and 2.5% of earnings as contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).		
	Fire employees – 8.5% of earnings (includes 6.5% of earnings to pension and 2% of earnings contributed for postemployment healthcare benefits).		
	Employer – remaining necessary to fund Plan based on City Charter and actuarial studies.		

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Continued)

At July 1, 2020, Plan membership consisted of the following (not rounded):

	Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Pension Plan	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently			
Receiving Benefits	567	155	125
Vested Terminated Employees	102	-	-
Active Participants	403	24	33
Total Participants	1,072	179	158

The Employees' Retirement Plan was closed to nonpublic safety personnel as of July 1, 2011. The Police and Firefighter's plans were closed to new entrants as of March 18, 2003.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at market value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Administrative Costs

Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Plan Net Position

The individual plan net position at June 30, 2022 and changes in net position for the year then ended are as follows:

	Pension Trust Funds								
	En	nployees'		Police	Fire	efighters'		Total	
	Re	etirement	F	Pension	P	ension	Pension		
		Plan		Fund		Plan	Tru	ust Funds	
Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,715	\$	13,288	\$	-	\$	24,003	
Receivables		6		4		-		10	
Investments, at Fair Value:									
Equities		4,691		1,618		1,715		8,024	
Mutual Funds		88,566		30,408		32,227		151,201	
Alternative Investments		55,280		20,237		21,561		97,078	
Total Investments		148,537		52,263		55,503		256,303	
Total Assets		159,258		65,555		55,503		280,316	
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable		22		13		14		49	
Due to Primary Government		-		-		6,965		6,965	
Total Liabilities		22		13		6,979		7,014	
Net Position:									
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	159,236	\$	65,542	\$	48,524	\$	273,302	

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

	Employees' Retirement Plan		Р	Police Firefighters' Pension Pension Fund Plan (in Thousands)			Total Pension Trust Funds	
Additions:				(in i noi	usands)		
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	6,745	\$	5,255	\$	3,795	\$	15,795
Plan Members	¥	1,955	Ψ	89	Ψ	181	Ψ	2,225
Total Contributions		8,700		5,344		3,976		18,020
Investment Earnings:								
Net Increase in Fair								
Value of Investments		(17,197)		(6,873)		(5,108)		(29,178)
Dividends and Interest		2,483		1,057		785		4,325
Securities Lending				<u>-</u>				
Total Investment Earnings		(14,714)		(5,816)		(4,323)		(24,853)
Less Investment Expenses:								
Investment Management Fees		170		74		58		302
Custodian Fees		-		-		-		-
Securities Lending Collateral		-		-		-		-
Interest Expense		-		-		-		-
Agent Fees						_		-
Net Investment Earnings		(14,884)		(5,890)		(4,381)		(25,155)
Total Additions		(6,184)		(546)		(405)		(7,135)
Deductions:								
Benefits		16,066		8,995		6,838		31,899
Administration		28		28		28		84
Other		313		120		5		438
Total Deductions		16,407		9,143		6,871	-	32,421
Change in Net Position		(22,591)		(9,689)		(7,276)		(39,556)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		181,827		75,231		55,800		312,858
Net Position - End of Year	\$	159,236	\$	65,542	\$	48,524	\$	273,302

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of January 10, 2012, reaffirmed January 12, 2016:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Core Fixed Income	15 %
Global Fixed Income	5
U.S. Large Cap Equity	28
U.S. Small Cap Equity	7
International Developed Equity	18
Emerging Markets Equity	7
Private Real Estate	5
Hedge Funds	10
Private Equity	5
Total	100 %

Concentrations

The following investments represent 5% or more of total Plan assets as of June 30, 2022:

Investments	I	n١	/es	tm	en	ts
-------------	---	----	-----	----	----	----

Ironwood Institutional Ltd.	\$ 11,073
Ta Realty Core Property Fund	5,475
Earnest Partners International Fund	9,412

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was as follows:

City	(8.52)%
Police	(8.17)
Firefighters	(8.06)

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Er	nployees'	Police	Fir	efighters'	 Total
Total Pension Liability	\$	244,917	\$ 123,488	\$	91,040	\$ 459,445
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		159,236	 65,542		48,524	273,302
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	85,681	\$ 57,946	\$	42,516	\$ 186,143
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of the Total Liability		65.02 %	53.08 %		53.30 %	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Employees'	Police	Firefighters'
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	2.40%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7.85% at hire date down to 0% at 16 completed years of service and beyond, including inflation	2.40%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7.85% at hire date down to .35% at 15 completed years of service and beyond, including inflation	2.40%, per annum (compounded) plus a graded scale of 7.85% at hire date down to .10% at 14 completed years of service and beyond, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality for the Employees' Plan is based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020. For Police and Fire, it is based RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected
	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return
Core Fixed Income	1.45 %
Global Fixed Income	1.65
U.S. Large Cap Equity	4.75
U.S. Small Cap Equity	5.15
International Developed Equity	5.45
Emerging Markets Equity	6.25
Private Real Estate	4.10
Hedge Funds	3.60
Private Equity	7.60

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability</u> **Employees'**

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension			Plan Fiduciary		t Pension		
		Liability	Ne	et Position	Liability (a)-(b)			
		(a)		(b)				
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	240,241	\$	181,827	\$	58,414		
Changes for the Year:								
Service Cost		3,633		-		3,633		
Interest on Total Pension Liability		17,109		-		17,109		
Employer Contributions		-		6,745		(6,745)		
Member Contributions		-		1,955		(1,955)		
Net Investment Income		-		(14,884)		14,884		
Benefit Payments, Including Refund								
of Employee Contributions		(16,066)		(16,066)		-		
Administrative Expenses		-		(28)		28		
Other Changes		-		(313)		313		
Net Changes		4,676		(22,591)		27,267		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	244,917	\$	159,236	\$	85,681		

Police

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension			Plan Fiduciary		et Pension	
		Liability	Ne	t Position	Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	123,268	\$	75,231	\$	48,037	
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost		558		-		558	
Interest on Total Pension Liability		8,657		-		8,657	
Employer Contributions		-		5,255		(5,255)	
Member Contributions		-		89		(89)	
Net Investment Income		-		(5,890)		5,890	
Benefit Payments		(8,995)		(8,995)		-	
Administrative Expenses		_		(28)		28	
Other Changes		-		(120)		120	
Net Changes		220		(9,689)		9,909	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	123,488	\$	65,542	\$	57,946	

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Firefighters'

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Tota	al Pension	Plar	Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	l	₋iability	Ne	t Position	L	₋iability	
		(a)	(b)			(a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	90,947	\$	55,800	\$	35,147	
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost		542		-		542	
Interest on Total Pension Liability		6,389		-		6,389	
Employer Contributions		-		3,795		(3,795)	
Member Contributions		-		181		(181)	
Net Investment Income		-		(4,381)		4,381	
Benefit Payments		(6,838)		(6,838)		_	
Administrative Expenses		-		(28)		28	
Other Changes				(5)		5_	
Net Changes		93		(7,276)		7,369	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	91,040	\$	48,524	\$	42,516	

All Plans Combined

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension			Plan Fiduciary		et Pension	
		Liability	Net Position (b)		Liability		
		(a)				(a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	454,456	\$	312,858	\$	141,598	
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost		4,733		-		4,733	
Interest on Total Pension Liability		32,155		-		32,155	
Employer Contributions		-		15,795		(15,795)	
Member Contributions		-		2,225		(2,225)	
Net Investment Income		-		(25,155)		25,155	
Benefit Payments		(31,899)		(31,899)		-	
Administrative Expenses		-		(84)		84	
Other Changes		-		(438)		438	
Net Changes		4,989		(39,556)		44,545	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	_\$	459,445	\$	273,302	\$	186,143	

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Employees'

	1% Decrease Disc		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		Increase 8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	112,711	\$	85,681	\$	62,799
Police						
	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	71,849	\$	57,946	\$	46,335
Firefighters'						
	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	52,170	\$	42,516	\$	34,349

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense as follows:

	Em	ployees'	F	Police	Fire	fighters'	Total		
Pension Expense	\$	\$ 12.212		4.075	\$	3.298	\$	19.584	

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Employees'					
	Deferred	Deferred				
	Outflows of	Inflows of				
	Resources	Resources				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 13,438	\$ (426)				
Changes of Assumptions	1,248	-				
Net Difference Between Projected and						
Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments	7,400					
Total	\$ 22,086	\$ (426)				
	Po	olice				
	Deferred	Deferred				
	Outflows of	Inflows of				
	Resources	Resources				
Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments	\$ 2,687	\$ -				
	Firefi	ghters'				
	Deferred	Deferred				
	Outflows of	Inflows of				
	Resources	Resources				
Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments	\$ 2,283	\$ -				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Em	ployees'	F	Police	Fire	fighters'
2023	\$	6,717	\$	434	\$	504
2024		6,042		285		350
2025		3,342		(273)		(236)
2026		5.559		2.241		1.665

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan - Money Purchase Pension Plan

The City is the administrator of the money purchase pension plan, a single employer, defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan covers substantially all City employees hired after July 1, 2011. The plan was amended effective July 1, 2012 to reflect changes applicable to newly hired police officers and on July 1, 2016 to reflect changes applicable to newly hired fire fighters. Contributions are established and amended by the approval of the City Council. The plan is intended to be a governmental plan, as defined in Section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

A. Summary Plan Description

Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2011 (i) who is not eligible to participate in any defined benefit plan maintained or contributed to by the City, (ii) is not eligible to participate in the State Teacher's Retirement System during the time such individual is an employee, or (iii) is not employed pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement with the Police or Fire departments unless such collective bargaining agreement provides for participation in this plan. Any employee of the Board of Education hired prior to July 1, 2011 who was not eligible to participate in any defined benefit plan maintained by the City shall be eligible to participate in this plan. Normal retirement will be on the member's sixty fifth (65th) birthday. A police officer or a firefighter who attains age 65 shall be retired automatically by the City, effective the first day of the month following his 65th birthday. A City employee will be fully vested after 10 years of service. The vesting percentage will be an accumulating 20% per year for years 6-10. Any nonvested City contributions and related interest thereon of employees who leave employment are reserved in a forfeiture account to offset future City contributions. Plan provisions and the authority to amend the provisions are established by City ordinance.

B. Employee Obligations

All participating members shall make a mandatory contribution in the amount of 5% of the member's compensation and the City will reduce the member's compensation otherwise payable currently by that percentage, credit the amount to the Employee Contribution Account on behalf of the member and contribute such amount to the Funding Vehicle. With respect to employees other than employees of the Board of Education, effective the first pay period following the date the member has been credited with 10 years of service, the amount of such employee contributions shall increase to 6% of the member's compensation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each member who is a police officer hired on or after July 1, 2012 shall make a mandatory contribution in the amount of 10% of the member's nonbase pay, including private duty compensation.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan - Money Purchase Pension Plan (Continued)

C. Employer Obligations

The City shall make a contribution in an amount equal to 5% of the member's compensation. With respect to employees other than employees of the Board of Education, effective the first pay period following the date the member has been credited with 10 years of service, the amount of such City contributions shall increase to 6% of the member's compensation. City contributions shall be allocated as of the last day of each week to a member's City Contribution Account, provided that the member is employed on such date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City shall make a contribution on behalf of police officers hired on or after July 1, 2012 of 3% of the member's nonbase pay, but excluding private duty pay. The amount of City contributions at any time shall be reduced by the amount of forfeitures available at that time to be allocated to the member's City Contribution Account. Employer contributions are calculated and paid each pay period.

D. Contribution Requirements/Contributions Made

The total City contribution during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,007 and represented 3-5% of covered payroll. The employees' required contributions were \$1,255 and represented 6% of covered payroll.

Pension Plan - South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters' Award Program

The City is the administrator of a defined contribution program for the benefit of the South Meriden Volunteer Firefighters. The plan is a single employer, defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan was enacted effective January 1, 2012. Contributions are established and amended by the approval of the City Council.

A. Summary Plan Description

Any individual who was a Volunteer as of January 1, 2012 shall become a participant in the plan for the plan year commencing on that date. An individual who was not a volunteer as of January 1, 2012 shall become a participant on the plan on the first eligibility date on which one year of service is completed.

B. Employer Obligations

The City may make a contribution in an amount equal to a schedule as defined in the agreement based upon the position level of each volunteer.

C. Contribution Requirements/Contributions Made

The total City contribution during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$18.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension</u>

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System - Pension (Continued)

C. Contributions (Continued)

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$16,438 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows (in thousands):

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Associated with the City	 196,306
Total	\$ 196,306

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$12,672 in Exhibit II.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)</u>

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.25%-6.50%, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

 There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

• There were no changes in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)</u>

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Expected	Target
Asset Class	Return	Allocation
Domestic Equity Fund	5.60 %	20.00 %
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.00	11.00
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	7.90	9.00
Core Fixed Income Fund	2.10	16.00
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1.10	5.00
Emerging Market Debt Fund	2.70	5.00
High Yield Bond Fund	4.00	6.00
Real Estate Fund	4.50	10.00
Private Equity	7.30	10.00
Alternative Investments	2.90	7.00
Liquidity Fund	0.40	1.00
Total		100.00 %

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund

A. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Postemployment Healthcare Plan (PHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Plan.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

B. Plan Description

The PHP is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The PHP is considered a single OPEB Plan. Benefits provided consist of medical, dental and prescription benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. City employees hired prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the various unions representing the employees.

The plan is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial report as an OPEB trust fund. A portion of the employees' pension contributions is required to be recognized in these healthcare plan pension funds: the Employees Healthcare Plan, the Police Healthcare Plan and the Firefighters' Healthcare Plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

Management of the postemployment benefits plan, including policy oversight, rests is vested with the Pension Board, City Manager and Director of Finance. Policy oversight is provided by the OPEB Committee, which Pension Board consists of eleven members: five who specialize in the employee benefits field, two from the City Council, two from the Board of Education and two alternate members. Three elected by plan members, six appointed by City Council, and the City Treasurer and Personnel Director who both serve as ex-officio members.

At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following (not rounded):

		City		Board of E		
	Police	Fire	Other	Teachers	Other	Total
Active Employees	119	98	262	703	281	1,463
Retired Employees*	88	109	312	54	161	724
Total Participants	207	207	574	757	442	2,187

^{*} Counts do not include spouses of retirees

C. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits also are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

City	4.00% of salary
Non-Teacher BOE	4.00% of salary
Police (in City Plan) hired prior to July 1, 2012	4.00% of salary
Police (in Police Plan)	2.50% of salary
Fire	2.00% of salary
Teachers	2.00% of salary

For the year ended June 30, 2022, plan members contributed \$2,895. The City is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the City in order to prefund benefits.

Employer contributions to the plan were \$4,667, which represents approximately 94% of the actuarially determined annual contribution.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

C. Funding Policy (Continued)

The individual plan net position at June 30, 2022 and changes in net position for the year then ended are as follows (in thousands):

	OPEB Trust Funds											
	City OPEB Fund		Police OPEB Fund		Firefighters' OPEB Fund		BOE Noncertified OPEB Plan		BOE Certified OPEB Fund		Total OPEB Trust Funds	
Assets:												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1	\$	1	\$	2	\$	4	\$	179	\$	187
Receivables:												
Interest Receivable		2		-		-		-		-		2
Total Receivables		2		-		-		-		-		2
Investments, at Fair Value:												
Common Stock		409		228		192		153		272		1,254
Mutual Funds		7,879		4,387		3,687		2,949		5,227		24,129
Alternative Investments		4,892		2,724		2,289		1,831		3,245		14,981
Total Investments		13,180		7,339		6,168		4,933		8,744		40,364
Total Assets		13,183		7,340		6,170		4,937		8,923		40,553
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable		3		1		-		-		-		4
Due to Primary Government		868		268		327		364		-		1,827
Total Liabilities		871		269		327		364		-		1,831
Net Position:												
Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits	\$	12,312	\$	7,071	\$	5,843	\$	4,573	\$	8,923	\$	38,722

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

C. Funding Policy (Continued)

	OPEB Trust Funds											
	City OPEB Fund		B OPEB		C	fighters')PEB ⁻ und	BOE Noncertified OPEB Plan		BOE Certified OPEB Fund		(Total OPEB st Funds
Additions:												
Contributions:												
Employer	\$ 1	,484	\$	854	\$	705	\$	551	\$	1,073	\$	4,667
Plan Members		920		530		437		342		666		2,895
Other		-		- 4 00 4		- 1 1 1 2		-		4 700		
Total Contributions	2	,404		1,384		1,142		893		1,739		7,562
Investment Earnings:												
Net Increase in Fair												
Value of Investments	(1	,571)		(904)		(746)		(583)		(1,136)		(4,940)
Dividends and Interest	`	192 [°]		109		90		71		138		600
Securities Lending		_		-		-		-		-		-
Total Investment Earnings	(1	,379)		(795)		(656)		(512)		(998)		(4,340)
Total Additions	1	,025		589		486		381		741		3,222
Deductions:												
Benefits	3	,013		1,734		1,430		1,118		2,179		9,474
Administration		11_		6		5		4		8		34
Total Deductions	3	,024		1,740		1,435		1,122		2,187	_	9,508
Change in Net Assets												
Before Transfers	(1	,999)		(1,151)		(949)		(741)		(1,446)		(6,286)
Transfers												
Change in Net Assets	(1	,999)		(1,151)		(949)		(741)		(1,446)		(6,286)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	14	,311		8,222		6,792		5,314		10,369		45,008
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 12	,312	\$	7,071	\$	5,843	\$	4,573	\$	8,923	\$	38,722

D. Investments

Investment Policy

OPEB Benefits Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Pension Board's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Investments (Continued)

Concentrations

The following investments represent 5% or more of total Plan assets as of June 30, 2022 (in thousands):

Investments:

Ironwood Institutional Ltd. \$ 3,740 Earnest Partners International Fund 3,651

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (9.86) percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net OPEB Liability of the City

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 93,999
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 38,722
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 55,277

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a

Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 41.19%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 0.00%-7.85%, Plus Inflation of 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense,

Including Inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50%, Decreasing 0.25% Per Year to an Ultimate Rate of

4.40% for 2029 and Later Years

Mortality for the City and BOE is based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020. For Police and Fire, it is based RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	15.00 %	1.45 %
Global Fixed Income	5.00	1.65
U.S. Large Cap Equity	28.00	4.75
U.S. Small Cap Equity	7.00	5.15
International Developed Equity	18.00	5.45
Emerging Markets Equity	7.00	6.25
Private Real Estate	5.00	4.10
Hedge Funds	10.00	3.60
Private Equity	5.00	7.60
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

F. Changes in the total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
		al OPEB		Fiduciary	Net OPEB			
	L	iability	Net	Position		Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)		
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	90,763	\$	45,008	\$	45,755		
Changes for the Year:								
Service Cost		1,642		-		1,642		
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		6,362		-		6,362		
Differences Between Expected								
and Actual Experience		4,706		-		4,706		
Changes in Assumptions		-		_		-		
Employer Contributions		-		4,667		(4,667)		
Member Contributions		-		2,895		(2,895)		
Net Investment Income		-		(4,340)		4,340		
Benefit Payments, Including Refund								
of Employee Contributions		(9,474)		(9,474)		-		
Administrative Expenses		_		(34)		34		
Net Changes		3,236		(6,286)		9,522		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	93,999	\$	38,722	\$	55,277		

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

		1%		Current	1%			
	_	Decrease		ount Rate	Increase			
	(6.25%)		7.25%)		(8.25%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	66,324	\$	55,277	\$	45,978		

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund (Continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	(5.50%	Decrease Decreasing 3.40%)	Tre (6.50%	thcare cost end Rates 6 Decreasing 9 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.50% Decreasing to 5.40%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	43,572	\$	55,277	\$	69,521	

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,445. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Employees'				
	D	eferred	D	eferred		
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of		
	Re	esources	Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	9,595	\$	(2,242)		
Changes of Assumptions		-		(4,798)		
Net Difference Between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		1,268				
Total	\$	10,863	\$	(7,040)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Aı	mount
2022	\$	511
2023		325
2024		(79)
2025		1,839
2026		332
Thereafter		895
Total	\$	3,823

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

B. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 (not rounded) monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

<u>Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10 183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$386 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the City was as follows:

City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Associated with the City	 21,387
Total	\$ 21,387

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the City has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$(790) in Exhibit II.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare Costs Trend Rate 5.125% for 2020, Decreasing to an Ultimate

Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Salary Increases 3.00% to 6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 2.16%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense,

Including Inflation

Year Fund Net Position Will

Be Depleted 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.21% to 2.17%
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated Medicare and prescription drug claim experience based on scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024.

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

 There were no changes to benefit terms in the two years preceding the measurement date.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.17%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent fiveyear average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2023 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

NOTE 12 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – CITY OF MERIDEN AND MERIDEN BOARD OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

J. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingent Liabilities

The City has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The City may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Commitment			
Economic Development - Rehab/Demo	\$ 78			
Downtown Improvements	22			
Platt School Addition and Replacement	90			
Public Safety Improvements/Equipment	1,980			
City Building and Equipment Repair/Upgrades	8,108			
Water Treatment Plant Upgrades	35			
Airport	177			
Citywide Drainage	87			
Citywide Road/Sidewalk Reconstruction	11,033			
City Parks Upgrades	3			
Maloney School Addition and Replacement	12			
Flood Control	31			
Bridges	256			
WPCF - Facility/Collection Improvements	911			
Linear Trails	17			
Water SCADA	150			
Sewer SCADA	867			
WPCF - Phosphorus Upgrade	1,777			
Vehicles	20			
Total	\$ 25,654			

The commitments are being financed with bonds, bond anticipation notes and state and federal grants.

NOTE 14 TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the City provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- Distressed Municipality
- Local Incentive Programs

Program	Various Local Incentive Programs
Purpose	Encourage private investment in underutilized and vacant properties, increase traffic to existing businesses along East Main Street and improve the economic vitality of Meriden's east side
Tax being abated	Real Property and Manufacturing Machinery and Equipment
Authority under which agreements are entered into	C.G.S. Sec 12-65(b) City of Meriden Resolution
Eligibility criteria for tax abatement	Improvements subject to various thresholds in various categories such as office use, retail use, manufacturing use etc. for property located in certain sections of Meriden
How recipient's tax are reduced	Credit against taxes
How the tax abatement is determined	100% of the tax in the various categories
Provisions for recapturing abated taxes, if any	None Noted
Other commitments made by the government	None Noted
Gross dollar amount, on an accrual basis, by which the government's tax revenues were reduced as a result of the abatement agreement.	\$ 1,145



CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Budgeted Amounts					Final	ance with Budget - ositive
		Original	AIIIO	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES							(140	ganvoj
Property Taxes:								
Property Taxes Current Year	\$	128,741	\$	128,741	\$	129,718	\$	977
Property Taxes Prior Years	*	1,998	Ψ	1,998	*	2,250	Ψ	252
Property Taxes MV Supplement		1,853		1,853		2,057		204
Tax Collector Interest		1,040		1,040		1,153		113
Tax Collector Lien Fees		17		17		20		3
Total Property Taxes		133,649		133,649		135,198		1,549
Intergovernmental:								
E911 Quarterly		13		13		12		(1)
State Education ECS Grant		53,784		53,784		53,500		(284)
Special Education		1,036		1,036		1,252		216
FEMA Recovery		-				110		110
Tiered PILOT Program		2,221		2,221		2,221		-
Select PILOT Account		80		80		90		10
Pa 217A Private Schools		21		21		-		(21)
Town Aid to Roads		663		663		663		-
State Pequot / Mohegan Grant		699		699		699		-
Reimbursed Exemptions		314		314		319		5
Transit District		260		260		279		19
Telecommunications Personal Property		177		177		179		2
Miscellaneous State Grants		-		-		15		15
Municipal Stabilization Grant		622		622		622		-
Municipal Fund Revenue Sharing Grant		1,291		1,291		1,663		372
Total Intergovernmental		61,181		61,181		61,624		443
Charges for Services:								
Motor Vehicle Mill Rate Cap								
Police Parking Tag Fund		36		36		20		(16)
Licenses and Permits		26		26		46		20
Parking Commission Revenue		154		154		75		(79)
Fire Marshal Fees		120		120		138		18
Fines Lost and Damaged Books		6		6		1		(5)
Salary - Administrative Charges		106		106		139		33
Alarm Fees		14		14		8		(6)
Building Department Fees		1,055		1,055		951		(104)
City Clerk Fees		1,500		1,916		2,433		517
Health Licenses and Fees		80		80		80		-
Recreation Fees		13		13		16		3
Park Concession Leases		31		31		65		34
Cost Allocation Enterprise Funds		1,700		1,700		1,700		400
Bulky Waste Fees Circuit Court Rent and Fees		80		80		200		120
		24		24		24		-
Hispanos Unidos, Inc. Rental		5 174		5		5		-
Aviation Rent and Fees Aviation - Land Use Rent		174		174		237		63
		5 100		5 5 4 5		5		-
Total Charges for Services		5,129		5,545		6,143		598

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

								ance with Budget -
	Budgeted Amounts							ositive
	0	Original Final		Α	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES (CONTINUED)								,
Investment Income:								
Income From Investment - General	\$	1,045	\$	1,045	\$	(589)	\$	(1,634)
Interest - Coe Estate		9		9		10		1
Total Investment Income	-	1,054		1,054		(579)		(1,633)
Miscellaneous Revenues:								
Billboard Rental		83		83		90		7
Tax Collector DMV Fees		79		79		69		(10)
Aviation - Fuel Sales		225		225		223		(2)
Aviation - Ramp Fees		1		1		2		1
Other Revenue		58		58		(184)		(242)
Sale Of Surplus Property		75		75		104		29
Rent - Meriden Humane Society		4		4		4		-
PILOT - Meriden Commons		59		59		-		(59)
Fire Recruitment Revenue		12		12		-		(12)
Misc. Revenue - Rental Income		17		17		17		-
Misc. Revenue - Police		42		42		54		12
Misc. Revenue - Engineering		27		27		22		(5)
Misc. Revenue - Planning		25		25		22		(3)
Misc. Revenue - Assessment and Collection		1		1		3		2
Misc. Revenue - Fire		2		2		-		(2)
Misc. Revenue - Recycling		4		4		13		9
Misc. Revenue - Aircraft Registration		4		4		4		-
Principal Revenue - Irrigation Loan		56		56		74		18
Interest Revenue - Irrigation Loan		37		37		34		(3)
Bank Of America Pcard Rebates		64		64		64		-
Rebates Archimedes Screw		90		90		59		(31)
Rebates Solar-Fields		191		191		168		(23)
Police Vehicle Outside O/T		343		343		429		86
Total Miscellaneous Revenues		1,499		1,499		1,271		(228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In - Fund 122		25		25		-		(25)
Transfers In - Bond Fund - Interest		325		325		325		
Total Other Financing Sources		350		350		325		(25)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	202,862	\$	203,278		203,982	\$	704

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Budgeted	Amounts			Final B	ce with udget - itive
	Original	Final	 Actual		(Negative)	
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because:						<u> </u>
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connecticut						
State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers						
pension is not budgeted.			\$	16,438	\$	-
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connecticut						
State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers						
OPEB is not budgeted.				387		-
Funds consolidated for GASB 54 purposes				269		-
State of Connecticut grants for Special Education Excess						
Costs are netted for budgetary purposes.				1,284		-
State of Connecticut WIC payment				1,794		
Debt Transactions Not Budgeted For:						
Refunding Bonds Issued				27,082		
Premium Netted for Budgetary Purposes				1,150		
Premium on Bonds Issued				4,534		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on						
the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in						
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Exhibit IV			\$	256,920		

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

				Variance with Final Budget -		
	 Budgeted A Original			Actual	Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES	 giriai	Final		Actual	(Negati	ve)
General Government:						
Contingency	\$ 450	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
City Council:						
Salary - Elected Officials	71	7	71	71		-
Salary - Salary - Administrative	51		53	53		-
Salary - Overtime Contingency	8	1	12	12		-
Salary - MME	72	7	75	75		-
Council Of Governments	20	2	20	20		-
Office Expenses and Supplies	26	2	26	26		-
Meetings and Memberships	3		6	6		-
Total City Council	 251	26	63	263		-
City Manager:						
Salary - Administrative	239	21	14	214		-
Salary - MME	133	11	10	110		-
Salary - Overtime Contingency	1		-	-		-
Deferred Compensation	8		8	8		-
Vehicle Maintenance	6		5	5		-
Management Non Union	40		7	7		-
Office Expenses and Supplies	33		4	4		-
Meetings and Memberships	45	7	71	71		-
Total City Manager	 505	4	19	419		-
Legal:						
Salary - Administrative	256	24	10	240		-
Salary - MME	133	11	13	113		-
Vehicle Maintenance	3		2	2		-
Safety and Risk Claims	5		3	3		-
Legal Fees and Deductibles	375	22	24	224		-
Foreclosure Activities	35	4	18	48		-
Outside Counsel	145	17	79	179		-
Assessment Appeals Fees	35		7	7		-
Office Expenses and Supplies	27	2	26	26		-
Meetings and Memberships	5		3	3		
Total Legal	 1,019	84	15	845		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND CHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Budgeted Amounts					Variand Final Bu Posit	udget -
	 ginal	Fina	al	Actua	ıl	(Nega	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	 	-	-				
General Government (Continued):							
Personnel:							
Salary - Seasonal Workers	\$ 4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salary - Administrative	175		190		190		-
Overtime	-		4		4		-
Salary - MME	46		52		52		-
Vehicle Maintenance	2		2		2		-
EAP Services	10		15		15		-
Fees	2		2		2		-
Training	2		-		_		-
Tuition Reimbursement	20		21		21		_
Physicals	5		6		6		_
Alcohol/Drug Testing	8		8		8		_
Office Expenses and Supplies	4		2		2		_
Meetings and Memberships	1		1		1		_
Total Personnel	279		303		303		
			000		000		
City Clerk:							
Salary - Elected Officials	83		84		84		-
Overtime	4		3		3		-
Other Non-Union	50		29		29		-
Salary - MME	246		231		231		-
Codification	5		1		1		-
Land Records	50		49		49		-
Vital Statistics	3		2		2		-
Office Expenses and Supplies	10		11		11		-
Elections	7		6		6		-
Meetings and Memberships	2		1		1		-
Total City Clerk	460		417		417		-
Aviation:							
Salary - Seasonal Workers	23		20		20		_
Overtime	2		2		2		_
Salary - Supervisors	60		67		67		_
Other Purchased Services	12		11		11		_
Office Expenses and Supplies	5		5		5		_
Aviation Maintenance	110		76		76		_
Fuel Costs	180		203		203		_
Total Aviation	392		384		384		
Total / Wation	002		004		004		
Elections:							
Salary - Elected Officials	63		64		64		-
Salary - Seasonal Workers	5		1		1		-
Salary - Other Non-Union	39		42		42		-
Primaries	55		-		-		-
Office Expenses and Supplies	14		24		24		-
Elections	65		72		72		_
Meetings and Memberships	1		-		_		_
Total Elections	242		203		203		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

				Variance with Final Budget -
		d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
General Government (Continued):				
Insurance:				
Boilers and Machinery	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Bonds Money and Securities	20	17	17	-
Fire and Vandalism	362	362	362	-
Liability Insurance	1,084	998	998	-
Police Professional Liability	233	173	173	-
Public Official Liability	77	73	73	-
Workers Compensation Indemnity	2,729	2,729	2,729	-
Liability Insurance	260	229	229	-
Total Insurance	4,765	4,581	4,581	-
Employee Benefits:				
City Medical Benefits	8,083	8,083	8,083	-
Post Retirement Benefits (OPEB)	400	400	400	-
Life Insurance	141	133	133	-
Longevity	42	39	39	-
Employee Retirement	6,277	6,277	6,277	_
Defined Contribution Plan	742	600	600	_
Police Defined Contribution Plan	30	32	32	_
Fire Defined Contribution Plan	6	17	17	_
Unemployment Compensation	130	67	67	_
Unused Sick Leave	189	239	239	_
Social Security	3,643	3,843	3,843	_
Police Benefits	1,250	1,270	1,270	_
Police Retirement	5,255	5,255	5,255	_
Fire Benefits	1,319	1,276	1,276	_
Fire Retirement	3,795	3,795	3,795	_
Police Longevity	50	41	41	
Fire Longevity	38	38	38	
Uniforms Guards	5	30	30	_
Total Employee Benefits	31,395	31,405	31,405	
Finance General Administration:				
Transit	297	287	287	_
Pupil Transportation	352	356	356	_
Water	200	194	194	_
Hydrants	65	65	65	_
Sewers	148	141	141	_
Maloney Scholarship	24	24	24	_
Veterans Organization	18	13	13	
Ambulance	158	164	164	-
Emergency Medical Dispatch	39	39	39	-
Nerden RTC Day Camp	40	39 40	40	-
Audit				-
	77	75 47	75	-
Probate Court	15	17	17	-
Zoning Expenses and Supplies	6	8	8	-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original			Final	,	Actual	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				Гіпаі		Actual	(Negative)	
General Government (Continued):								
Finance General Administration (Continued):								
Housing Authority	\$	11	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Special Events Veterans Day	4	2	Ψ.	1	*	1	*	_
Special Events Mayor's Cleanup		1		1		1		_
Special Events Memorial Day Parade		3		2		2		_
Special Events Miscellaneous		1		1		1		_
Special Events Daffodil Festival		71		72		72		_
Conservation Committee		2		-		-		_
Meriden Scholastic Scholarship		30		30		30		-
Neighborhood Associations		4		3		3		-
Youth Activities		80		78		78		-
Project Graduation		1		-		_		-
Linear Trail Advisory Committee		1		1		1		-
Supportive Contribution - Golf		25		-		-		-
Supportive Contribution - MMBC		72		34		34		-
Total Finance General Administration		1,743		1,646		1,646		-
Management Information Systems:								
Overtime		1		13		13		-
MME		45		45		45		-
Salary - Supervisors		415		423		423		-
Software Licenses and Operations		502		501		501		-
Copiers and Copy Costs		45		43		43		-
Gasoline		1		-		-		-
Vehicle Maintenance		2		-		-		-
Telephones		155		161		161		-
Training		16		6		6		-
Video Services		14		-		-		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		7		8		8		-
Software		8		5		5		-
Meetings and Memberships		6		10		10		
Total Management Information Systems		1,217		1,215		1,215		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Budgeted Amounts					Variand Final B	udget -
					. Actual		Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	Origin	iai .	Г	inal		ctuai	(Nega	itive)
General Government (Continued):								
Development and Enforcement:								
Miscellaneous Part Time	\$	8	\$	11	\$	11	\$	
Salary - Administrative	φ	115	φ	117	φ	117	φ	-
Overtime		2		4		4		-
Salary - MME		459		413		413		-
Salary - NIME Salary - Supervisors		295		212		212		-
Gasoline		3		2 12		212		-
Vehicle Maintenance		4		4		4		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		4 17		15		15		-
Meetings and Memberships		6		2		2		-
Total Development and Enforcement		909		780		780	-	-
Total Bovolopment and Emoroement		303		700		700		
Parking:								
Payroll		-		1		1		-
Economic Development:								
Administrative		171		139		139		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		5		6		6		-
Economic Development		95		55		55		-
Membership and Meetings		6		6		6		
Total Economic Development		277		206		206		-
Total General Government	4	3,904		42,668		42,668		-
Finance:								
Finance:								
Salary - Administrative		136		138		138		-
Overtime		2		3		3		-
Salary - MME		177		144		144		-
Salary - Supervisors		291		308		308		-
Vehicle Maintenance		2		2		2		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		27		19		19		-
Banking Fees		50		8		8		-
Meetings and Memberships	<u></u>	5		2	·	2		
Total Finance		690		624		624		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Budgeted	l Amou				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		riginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)							
Finance (Continued):							
Purchasing:	_		_		_		
Overtime	\$	1	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Salary - MME		124		126		126	-
Salary - Supervisors		108		111		111	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		5		4		4	-
Meetings and Memberships		2		1_		1	
Total Purchasing		240		242		242	-
Tax Collector:							
Overtime		4		1		1	-
Salary - MME		210		196		196	-
Salary - Supervisors		192		194		194	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		72		74		74	-
Meetings and Memberships		2		1		1	
Total Tax Collector		480		466		466	-
Tax Assessor:							
Overtime		3		9		9	-
Salary - MME		158		117		117	-
Salary - Supervisors		200		204		204	-
Salary - Misc. Part-Time		3		3		3	-
Gasoline		1		-		-	-
Vehicle Maintenance		-		1		1	-
Audit		3		-		-	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		12		14		14	-
Meetings and Memberships		9		6		6	
Total Tax Assessor		389		354		354	_
Total Finance		1,799		1,686		1,686	-
Public Safety:							
Police:							
Salary - Administrative		367		375		375	-
Overtime		1,125		1,458		1,458	_
Salary - Other Non Union		134		76		76	_
Salary - Public Works		81		83		83	_
Salary - MME		620		617		617	_
Salary - Police Patrol		9,787		9,894		9,894	_
Salary - Supervisors		66		70		70	_
Salary - Crossing Guards		230		236		236	-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	В	Budgeted Amounts					Final B	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Origin		.,	Final	Actual		(Nega		
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)							(***-9*		
Public Safety (Continued):									
Police (Continued):									
Salary - Part-Time	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	-	
Gasoline		165		131		131		-	
Vehicle Maintenance		140		146		146		-	
Communications and Maintenance		85		89		89		-	
Training		200		240		240		-	
South Central Justice		12		12		12		-	
Explorers / Auxiliary Police		7		2		2		-	
Canine Unit		5		4		4		-	
Bicycle Patrol		-		-		-		-	
Police Expenses and Supplies		116		110		110		-	
Accreditation		21		19		19		-	
Crime Prevention		-		-		-		-	
Hostage Crisis		22		15		15		-	
MIS Technology		286		283		283		-	
Body Camera / Taser Expense		221		221		221		-	
Meetings and Memberships		6		6		6		-	
Overtime - Neighborhood Initiative		250		14		14		-	
Overtime - School Resource Officers		70		2		2		-	
Police Private Duty				(15)		(15)			
Total Police	1	14,020		14,092		14,092		-	
Fire:									
Salary - Seasonal Workers		5		6		6		-	
Salary - Administrative		344		351		351		-	
Overtime		1,170		2,222		2,222		-	
Salary - Public Works		93		78		78		-	
Salary - Fire		8,249		8,042		8,042		-	
Salary - MME		115		125		125		-	
Gasoline		40		31		31		-	
Vehicle Maintenance		100		126		126		-	
Communications and Maintenance		30		27		27		-	
Training		36		42		42		-	
Physicals		42		31		31		-	
Recruitment		2		-		-		-	
Maintenance Supplies		37		32		32		-	
Office Expenses and Supplies		17		17		17		-	
Fire Equipment		70		68		68		-	
Personnel Protective Equipment		68		44		44		-	
Meetings and Memberships		8		7		7			
Total Fire	1	10,426		11,249		11,249		-	

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Budgeted	l Amo		Fina	ance with I Budget - ositive	
		Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)							
Public Safety (Continued):							
Emergency Communications:							
Salary - Seasonal Workers	\$	32	\$	-	\$ -	- \$	-
Salary - Administrative		185		264	264	ļ	-
Overtime		425		1,150	1,150)	-
Salary - Dispatch		775		651	651		-
Vehicle Maintenance		2		2	2	<u>) </u>	-
C-Med		26		25	25	;	-
Communications and Maintenance		9		8	8	3	-
Training		25		33	33	3	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		20		20	20)	-
Total Emergency Communications	-	1,499		2,153	2,153	3	-
South Meriden Volunteer Fire:							
SMVFD Merit Plan		28		18	18	3	
Total Public Safety		25,973		27,512	27,512	2	-
Public Works:							
Engineering:							
Salary - Administrative		126		128	128	3	-
Overtime		6		22	22	<u>)</u>	-
Salary - MME		462		469	469)	-
Salary - Supervisors		229		234	234	ļ	-
Inspections - Dams and Bridges		7		4	4	ļ	-
Salary - Seasonal Workers		45		28	28	3	-
Gasoline		7		4	4	ļ	-
Vehicle Maintenance		5		9	g)	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		8		8	8	3	-
Software		7		3	3	3	-
Meetings and Memberships		3		2	2	2	
Total Engineering	-	905	_	911	911		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

						Variance Final Bud		
		Budgeted	l Amou				Positiv	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negat	ive)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Public Works (Continued):								
Garage and Warehouse:								
Overtime	\$	3	\$	7	\$	7	\$	-
Salary - Public Works		412		363		363		-
Salary - MME		63		48		48		-
Salary - Supervisors		85		128		128		-
Repairs and Maintenance Service		5		3		3		-
Gasoline		1		1		1		-
Vehicle Maintenance		3		2		2		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		6		3		3		-
Meetings and Memberships		2		_		_		_
Inventory Over/Short		_		(1)		(1)		_
CNG Fueling Station		10		-		-		_
Total Garage and Warehouse		590	-	554	-	554		
3								
Traffic Engineering:								
Salary - Part-Time		12		40		40		-
Overtime		10		4		4		-
Salary - MME		283		279		279		-
Gasoline		9		6		6		-
Vehicle Maintenance		11		15		15		-
Safety Equipment		5		4		4		-
Signalization		46		40		40		-
Signs and Lines		38		30		30		_
Street Lighting		325		357		357		_
Alarm Systems		1		_		_		_
Office Expense		2		_		_		_
Meetings and Memberships		3		1		1		_
Total Traffic Engineering		745		776		776		
3 3								
Highway Safety:								
Snow and Ice Control		525		457		457		-
Overtime		86		81		81		-
Salary - Public Works		1,189		1,157		1,157		-
Salary - Supervisors		106		108		108		-
Gasoline		76		42		42		-
Vehicle Maintenance		180		154		154		-
Street Maintenance Supplies		13		13		13		-
Sidewalk Basin Construction		6		5		5		_
Storm Drain Construction		10		9		9		_
Roadside Bulky Waste		1		_		_		_
Safety and Health Plan		3		4		4		_
Office Expenses and Supplies		6		2		2		_
Clothing		7		7		7		_
Soil / Catch Basin Disposal		49		48		48		-
Meetings and Memberships		3		1		1		-
Total Highway Safety		2,260		2,088		2,088		
Total Flightway Salety		2,200		۷,000		۷,000		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

							Variance with
	Budgeted Amo			ounts			Final Budget - Positive
	Or	iginal	7	Final	- Actual		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)							, ,
Public Works (Continued):							
Transfer Station:							
Overtime	\$	21	\$	26	\$	26	\$ -
Monitoring		70		63		63	-
Recycling - Hazardous Waste		40		40		40	-
Gasoline		5		4		4	-
Vehicle Maintenance		25		22		22	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		3		1		1	-
Total Transfer Station		164		156		156	-
Waste Collection:							
Dumping Fees		850		1,123		1,123	-
Contract		940		706		706	-
Total Waste Collection		1,790		1,829		1,829	-
Bulky Waste:							
Gasoline		3		1		1	-
Vehicle Maintenance		4		7		7	-
Dump Fees		100		127		127	-
Office Expenses and Supplies		2		2		2	-
Total Bulky Waste		109		137		137	-
Building Maintenance:							
Overtime		50		53		53	-
Salary - Public Works		506		535		535	-
Salary - Supervisors		93		95		95	-
Gasoline		2		1		1	-
Vehicle Maintenance		3		4		4	-
Repairs and Upgrades		310		344		344	-
Maintenance Supplies		45		42		42	-
Heat, Energy, and Lights		1,030		1,266		1,266	
Total Building Maintenance		2,039		2,340		2,340	
Total Public Works		8,602		8,791		8,791	-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	E	Budgeted	Amour			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Original		Final		ctual	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Health and Welfare:								
Health:								
Salary - Part-Time	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	-
Salary - Administrative		117		121		121		-
Overtime		4		39		39		-
Salary - Public Health Nurses		754		619		619		-
Salary - MME		714		743		743		-
Salary - Supervisors		232		236		236		-
Gasoline		2		1		1		-
Vehicle Maintenance		3		4		4		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		9		9		9		-
Environmental Supplies		4		4		4		-
Health Supplies		13		8		8		-
Lead Program		9		9		9		-
Meetings and Memberships		4		4		4		-
Total Health		1,871		1,803		1,803		-
Social Services:								
Evictions		30		16		16		-
Senior Center:								
Salary - Other Non-Union		25		24		24		-
Salary - MME		431		400		400		-
Salary - Supervisors		102		104		104		-
Salary - Overtime Contingency		2		-		-		-
Elderly Nutrition		8		5		5		-
Gasoline		10		5		5		-
Vehicle Maintenance		7		4		4		-
Office Expenses and Supplies		13		14		14		-
Meetings and Memberships		1		11		1_		
Total Senior Center		599		557		557		Ξ
Total Health and Welfare		2,500		2,376		2,376		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND CHEDIU F OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			Varian Final B Posi	udget -
	Or	iginal	1711100	Final	Δ	ctual	(Neg	
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		igiriai		Tillal		otaai	(1109)	auvo)
Culture and Recreation:								
Library:								
Salary - Part-Time	\$	30	\$	2	\$	2	\$	_
Salary - Administrative	Ψ	101	Ψ	110	Ψ	110	Ψ	_
Overtime		2		8		8		_
Salary - MME		619		554		554		_
Salary - Supervisors		902		637		637		_
Library Mall Lease		-		41		41		_
Gasoline		1						_
Vehicle Maintenance		2		1		1		_
Security Service		1						_
Other Purchased Services		82		129		129		_
Building Supplies and Materials		9		131		131		_
Library Books and Materials		160		135		135		_
Office Expenses and Supplies		24		25		25		_
Meetings and Memberships		7		2		2		_
Total Library		1,940		1,775		1,775		-
rotal Library		1,540		1,775		1,770		
Parks:								
Capital Equipment		-		-		-		-
Salary - Part-Time		80		58		58		-
Salary - Administrative		110		112		112		-
Overtime		66		93		93		-
Salary - Public Works		1,230		1,224		1,224		-
Salary - Supervisors		97		99		99		-
Expenses and Supplies		85		90		90		-
Meriden Green Maintenance		30		21		21		-
Cemetery Maintenance		10		11		11		-
Gasoline		45		33		33		-
Vehicle Maintenance		70		80		80		-
Meetings and Memberships		2		2		2		-
Downtown		4		3		3		-
Tree Removal and Replacement		10		11		11		-
Turf Management		25		21		21		
Total Parks		1,864		1,858		1,858		-
Recreation:								
Overtime		3		3		3		
Salary - Other Non-Union		130		99		99		-
Salary - MME		138		140		140		-
Recreation Program Expense		16		140		140		-
League Subsidy		25		25		25		-
Safety Surface Replacement		4		7		7		-
Office Expenses and Supplies								-
Fireworks Display		7		6		6		-
Meetings and Memberships		20 3		22 3		22		-
Total Recreation		346		319		3 319		-
Total Neoreation		J -1 U		318	-	318		
Total Culture and Recreation		4,150		3,952		3,952		-

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Dudanta	1 4	1		Final	nce with Budget -
		Budgeted Original	Amoi	unts Final	Actual		sitive gative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		Original		ı ıııaı	 Actual	(146	gative)
Education:							
Board of Education	\$	100,882	\$	100,709	\$ 100,709	\$	-
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement:							
Principal Bonds		9,280		9,288	9,399		(111)
Interest:							
Interest Bonds		5,231		5,481	 5,174		307
Total Debt Service		14,511		14,769	14,573		196
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers Out:							
Transfer Out - Dog Fund		10		-	-		-
Transfer Out - Misc. Grants		-		284	284		-
Transfers Out - Capital		531		531	531		
Total Transfers Out		541		815	 815		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	202,862	\$	203,278	203,082	\$	196
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures	because	e:					
State of Connecticut On-Behalf Payments to the Connecticut		eachers'					
Retirement System for Town Teachers Pension is Not Budg	geted				16,438		
State of Connecticut On-Behalf Payments to the Connecticut		eachers'					
Retirement System for Town Teachers OPEB is Not Budge	ted				387		
Funds Consolidated for GASB 54 Purposes					141		
State of Connecticut Grants for Special Education Excess Co	osts are	Netted for					
Budgetary Purposes					1,284		
State of Connecticut WIC Payment					1,794		
Debt Transactions Not Budgeted for:							
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent					31,431		
Premium Netted for Budgetary Purposes					1,150		
Issuance Costs on Refunding Bonds					 185		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the							
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	Balance	es -					
Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV					\$ 255,892		

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS CITY PENSION PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected	\$	3,633 17,109	\$ 3,903 15,438	\$ 3,903 15,153	\$ 3,626 15,263	\$ 3,626 14,708	\$ 4,197 14,549	\$ 4,323 13,891	\$ 4,197 13,383	\$ 4,260 12,718
and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		-	23,036 309	-	(1,737) 4,353	-	1,714 (1,534)	-	(2,113)	-
of Member Contributions		(16,066)	 (15,473)	(14,913)	 (11,665)	(10,699)	(10,171)	(9,554)	 (8,961)	 (8,256)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		4,676	27,213	4,143	9,840	7,635	8,755	8,660	6,507	8,722
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		240,241	 213,027	 208,884	199,044	 191,409	 182,654	173,995	 167,488	 158,766
Total Pension Liability - Ending		244,917	240,241	213,027	208,884	199,044	191,409	182,654	173,995	167,488
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer		6,745	5,724	5,722	4,061	4,058	3,316	3,265	2,308	2,317
Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss)		1,955 (14,884)	1,883 41,214	1,887 3,146	3,223 9,689	2,053 14,306	2,077 12,750	2,086 (2,815)	2,100 1,307	2,096 18,084
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		(14,004)	41,214	3,146	9,009	14,306	12,750	(2,615)	1,307	10,004
of Member Contributions		(16,066)	(15,473)	(14,913)	(11,665)	(10,699)	(10,171)	(9,554)	(8,961)	(8,256)
Administrative Expense		(28)	(28)	(28)	(27)	(25)	(39)	(31)	(30)	(29)
Other		(313)	(314)	(563)	(303)	 (333)	(536)	(5 11)	 (232)	(309)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(22,591)	33,005	(4,748)	4,978	9,359	7,397	(7,560)	(3,507)	13,903
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		181,827	 148,822	153,570	 148,592	 139,233	 131,835	 139,395	 142,903	 129,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	_	159,236	 181,827	148,822	153,570	 148,592	 139,233	 131,835	139,395	 142,903
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	85,681	\$ 58,414	\$ 64,206	\$ 55,314	\$ 50,452	\$ 52,177	\$ 50,819	\$ 34,599	\$ 24,585
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		65.02 %	75.69 %	69.86 %	73.52 %	74.65 %	72.74 %	72.18 %	80.11 %	85.32 %
Covered Payroll	\$	30,602	\$ 30,602	\$ 34,674	\$ 34,674	\$ 35,781	\$ 35,781	\$ 39,460	\$ 38,311	\$ 41,094
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		279.98 %	190.88 %	185.17 %	159.53 %	141.00 %	145.82 %	128.79 %	90.31 %	59.83 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

T		2022	2021	 2020	 2019		2018	 2017	 2016	2015	 2014
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected	\$	558 8,657	\$ 764 8,734	\$ 764 8,660	\$ 891 8,940	\$	891 8,788	\$ 960 8,856	\$ 989 8,676	\$ 960 8,483	\$ 1,078 8,305
and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments		(8,995)	26 467 (8,612)	(8,235)	(2,386) 2,736 (7,743)		(7,682)	(5,237) 5,709 (7,395)	- (7,370)	194 - (7,144)	- (6,922)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		220	1,379	1,189	2,438		1,996	2,894	2,295	2,493	2,461
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	123,268	 121,889	 120,700	 118,262		116,266	 113,372	 111,078	 108,585	 106,123
Total Pension Liability - Ending		123,488	123,268	121,889	120,700		118,262	116,266	113,372	111,078	108,585
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments Administrative Expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		5,255 89 (5,890) (8,995) (28) (120) (9,689)	5,025 111 17,001 (8,612) (28) (12) 13,486	5,025 138 1,755 (8,235) (28) (202) (1,547)	4,770 168 3,971 (7,743) (27) (127) 1,012		4,770 175 6,040 (7,682) (25) (14) 3,263	4,465 199 5,288 (7,395) (39) (14) 2,503	4,441 333 (1,410) (7,370) (31) (2) (4,039)	4,227 332 575 (7,144) (30) (8) (2,047)	4,202 360 8,189 (6,922) (29) (2) 5,797
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		75,231	 61,744	 63,292	62,280		59,017	56,514	 60,553	 62,600	56,803
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	_	65,542	75,231	 61,744	63,292	_	62,280	 59,017	56,514	60,553	 62,600
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	57,946	\$ 48,037	\$ 60,144	\$ 57,408	\$	55,982	\$ 57,249	\$ 56,858	\$ 50,525	\$ 45,985
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		53.08 %	61.03 %	50.66 %	52.44 %		52.66 %	50.76 %	49.85 %	54.51 %	57.65 %
Covered Payroll	\$	2,277	\$ 2,277	\$ 3,190	\$ 3,190	\$	3,915	\$ 3,915	\$ 3,904	\$ 3,790	\$ 4,302
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2544.67 %	2109.53 %	1885.35 %	1799.58 %		1429.81 %	1462.15 %	1456.41 %	1333.11 %	1068.91 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

		2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual	\$	542 6,389	\$ 617 6,452	\$ 617 6,423	\$ 626 6,626	\$ 626 6,541	\$ 629 6,752	\$ 648 6,648	\$ 629 6,501	\$ 770 6,385
Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments		- - (6,838)	578 (97) (6,824)	- - (6,468)	(1,318) 1,981 (6,168)	- - (5,955)	(3,286) 1,862 (5,955)	- - (6,001)	528 - (5,690)	- - (5,439)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		93	 726	571	 1,748	1,212	 2	 1,295	1,968	 1,715
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		90,947	 90,222	 89,650	 87,902	86,690	 86,689	 85,394	83,426	 81,710
Total Pension Liability - Ending		91,040	90,947	90,222	89,650	87,902	86,690	86,689	85,394	83,426
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments Administrative Expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	3,795 181 (4,381) (6,838) (28) (5) (7,276)	3,515 187 12,791 (6,824) (28) (12) 9,628	3,514 193 542 (6,468) (28) (26) (2,273)	3,202 209 2,874 (6,168) (27) (3) 87	3,202 232 4,711 (5,955) (25) (13) 2,152	3,054 234 4,256 (5,955) (39) (14) 1,536	3,041 324 (1,123) (6,001) (31) (2) (3,792)	2,824 338 467 (5,690) (30) (8) (2,099)	2,808 361 6,653 (5,439) (29) (1) 4,352
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	55,800	46,172	 48,444	48,357	46,205	44,669	48,461	50,560	46,208
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	_	48,524	 55,800	 46,172	 48,444	48,357	 46,205	 44,669	 48,461	50,560
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	42,516	\$ 35,147	\$ 44,050	\$ 41,206	\$ 39,545	\$ 40,485	\$ 42,019	\$ 36,933	\$ 32,866
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		53.30 %	61.35 %	51.18 %	54.04 %	55.01 %	53.30 %	51.53 %	56.75 %	60.60 %
Covered Payroll	\$	3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,831	\$ 3,831	\$ 3,533	\$ 3,430	\$ 3,554
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1417.16 %	1171.54 %	1253.09 %	1172.20 %	1032.15 %	1056.68 %	1189.34 %	1076.76 %	924.75 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS CITY PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015	 2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 7,835	\$ 5,699	\$ 5,699	\$ 4,044	\$ 4,044	\$ 3,285	\$ 3,219	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,038
Determined Contribution	 6,745	5,724	5,722	4,061	4,058	3,316	3,265	2,308	2,317	2,057
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,090	\$ (25)	\$ (24)	\$ (17)	\$ (14)	\$ (31)	\$ (46)	\$ 	\$ (14)	\$ (19)
Covered Payroll	\$ 30,602	\$ 30,602	\$ 34,674	\$ 34,674	\$ 35,781	\$ 35,781	\$ 39,460	\$ 38,311	\$ 41,094	\$ 39,897
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	22.04 %	18.70 %	16.50 %	11.71 %	11.34 %	9.27 %	8.27 %	6.02 %	5.64 %	5.16 %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 Years

Asset Valuation Method Five-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 0.00%-7.85%, Plus Inflation of 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expense

Retirement Age City:

- Later of 10 years of service and age 65

- Any combination of years of service and age equaling 80, with a minimum of 10 years of service

Mortality City Retirements - RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 5,255	\$ 5,025	\$ 5,025	\$ 4,770	\$ 4,770	\$ 4,465	\$ 4,441	\$ 4,227	\$ 4,202	\$ 4,067	
Determined Contribution	5,255	5,025	5,025	4,770	4,770	4,465	4,441	4,227	4,202	4,067	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _							
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,277	\$ 3,190	\$ 3,190	\$ 3,915	\$ 3,915	\$ 3,904	\$ 3,790	\$ 4,302	\$ 4,382	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	230.76 %	220.68 %	157.52 %	149.51 %	121.82 %	114.04 %	113.77 %	111.54 %	97.67 %	92.80 %	

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 22 Years

Asset Valuation Method Five-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 0.10%-7.85%, Plus Inflation of 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expense

Retirement Age Earlier of:

- 20 years of service

- Age 65 and 10 years of service

Mortality Retirement - RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2022	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017	 2016	2015	 2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 3,795	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,514	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,054	\$ 3,041	\$ 2,824	\$ 2,808	\$ 2,643
Determined Contribution	 3,795	3,515	3,514	3,202	3,202	3,054	3,041	2,824	2,808	2,643
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 									
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,831	\$ 3,831	\$ 3,533	\$ 3,430	\$ 3,554	\$ 3,902
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	126.49 %	117.15 %	99.97 %	91.08 %	83.57 %	79.71 %	86.07 %	82.32 %	79.02 %	67.75 %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 22 Years

Asset Valuation Method Five-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 0.35%-7.85%, Plus Inflation of 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expense

Retirement Age Earlier of:

- 25 years of service

- Age 65

Mortality Retirement - RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

			Cit	У					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(8.52)%	28.14 %	1.72 %	6.42 %	10.19 %	9.42 %	(2.42)%	0.76 %	13.97 %
			Poli	ce					
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(8.17)%	28.22 %	2.51 %	6.30 %	10.43 %	9.54 %	(2.38)%	0.92 %	14.68 %
			Firefigh	nters'					
	2022	2021	2020	2022	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(8.06)%	28.56 %	1.09 %	6.09 %	10.43 %	9.77 %	(2.38)%	0.93 %	14.72 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -							
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	196,306	247,859	233,262	179,858	182,946	193,009	149,025	137,744
Total	\$ 196,306	\$ 247,859	\$ 233,262	\$ 179,858	\$ 182,946	\$ 193,009	\$ 149,025	\$ 137,744
City's covered payroll	\$ 60,336	\$ 57,716	\$ 56,186	\$ 56,351	\$ 55,913	\$ 55,057	\$ 53,762	\$ 52,603
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit TermsNoneChanges of AssumptionsNoneActuarial Cost MethodEntry Age

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay, Closed, Grading to a Level Dollar Amortization Method for the June 30, 2024 Valuation

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 30 Years

Asset Valuation Method Four-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.25%-6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Investment Related Expense

Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	 2017
Total OPEB Liability:							
Service Cost	\$ 1,642	\$ 1,898	\$ 1,830	\$ 2,250	\$	2,196	\$ 2,137
Interest	6,362	7,039	6,716	7,040		6,644	6,268
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	4,706	(2,782)	5,324	1,284		1,465	1,724
Changes of Assumptions	- (0.4=4)	(4,106)	(118)	(2,284)		- (4.505)	-
Benefit Payments	 (9,474)	 (9,498)	 (9,378)	 (5,959)		(4,565)	 (4,422)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	3,236	(7,449)	4,374	2,331		5,739	5,707
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 90,763	 98,212	93,838	 91,507	_	85,768	 80,061
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	93,999	90,763	98,212	93,838		91,507	85,768
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:							
Contributions - Employer	4,667	4,626	6,654	4,368		2,556	4,570
Contributions - Member	2,895	3,057	1,074	1,273		1,487	1,447
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(4,340)	12,086	571	1,728		2,578	3,592
Benefit Payments	(9,474)	(9,498)	(9,378)	(5,959)		(4,565)	(4,422)
Administrative Expense	(34)	(62)	(36)	(4)		(63)	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(6,286)	10,210	(1,115)	1,406		1,992	5,186
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 45,008	 34,798	 35,913	 34,507		32,514	 27,328
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	38,722	45,008	34,798	 35,913		34,507	 32,514
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 55,277	\$ 45,756	\$ 63,414	\$ 57,925	\$	57,001	\$ 53,254
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	41.19 %	49.59 %	35.43 %	38.27 %		37.71 %	37.91 %
Covered Payroll	\$ 112,952	\$ 110,305	\$ 106,594	\$ 103,893	\$	104,971	\$ 102,162
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	48.94 %	41.48 %	59.49 %	55.75 %		54.30 %	52.13 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	2022	2021	 2020	2019	 2018	2017	 2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 4,986	\$ 5,439	\$ 5,387	\$ 5,440	\$ 5,425	\$ 7,728	\$ 7,514	\$ 7,681	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,694
Determined Contribution	4,667	4,626	6,654	 4,368	2,556	4,570	4,684	6,215	 5,484	5,726
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 319	\$ 813	\$ (1,267)	\$ 1,072	\$ 2,869	\$ 3,159	\$ 2,830	\$ 1,466	\$ 2,241	\$ 1,968
Covered Payroll	\$ 112,952	\$ 110,305	\$ 106,594	\$ 103,893	\$ 104,971	\$ 102,162	\$ 99,428	\$ 95,451	\$ 95,451	\$ 95,773
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.13 %	4.19 %	6.24 %	4.20 %	2.43 %	4.47 %	4.71 %	6.51 %	5.75 %	5.98 %

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to

Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Amortization Period 26 Years

Asset Valuation Method Five-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.40%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% Initial, Decreasing 0.25% Per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.40%

Salary Increases 0.00%-7.85%, Plus Inflation of 2.40%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation

Retirement Age In the 2018 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of general employees were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality City and BOE Retirements: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Police and Fire Retirements: RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(9.86)%	35.63 %	1.64 %	5.10 %	7.98 %	12.15 %

^{*}Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the City	21,387	36,968	36,379	35,955	47,088
Total	\$ 21,387	\$ 36,968	\$ 36,379	\$ 35,955	\$ 47,088
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 60,336	\$ 57,716	\$ 56,186	\$ 56,351	\$ 55,913
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	- %	- %	- %	- %	- %
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.11 %	2.50 %	2.08 %	1.49 %	1.79 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms None

Changes of Assumptions Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting

purposes as of June 30, 2021 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2021;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience

based on scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Investment Rate of Return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price Inflation 2.75%

Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It accounts for all activities in relation to the normal recurring operations of the City. These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

There are also funds that do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund in accordance with GASB 54, which are combined with the General Fund. Schedule A-1 applies only to the General Fund.

Foreclosure Fund – To account for expenditures and costs recovered related to collections on foreclosed properties.

Insurance Reserve Fund – To account for unexpected insurance claim funds.

Tree Preservation Fund – To account for funds collected and designated for tree preservation.

Downtown Property Management Fund – To account for management of City-owned property in the downtown area.

Vehicle Replacement Fund – To account for vehicle purchases.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS	 General	eclosure Fund	nsurance Reserve Fund	Pre	Tree servation Fund	P Mar	owntown Property nagement Fund	Rep	/ehicle lacement Fund	Elimi	nations	Total
AGGETG												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles Inventory Other Assets Due from Other Funds	\$ 7,765 16,741 16,355 124 305 3,125	\$ - - - - -	\$ 50 - - - -	\$	3 - - - -	\$	235 - - - - -	\$	249 - - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 8,302 16,741 16,355 124 305 3,125
Total Assets	\$ 44,415	\$ 	\$ 50	\$	3	\$	235	\$	249	\$	-	\$ 44,952
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue	\$ 12,940 6	\$ - -	\$ 11 -	\$	- -	\$	2	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 12,953 6
Total Liabilities	12,946	-	11		-		2		-		-	12,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Related to Leases Advance Property Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,469 937 936 658 8,000	- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	5,469 937 936 658 8,000
	0,000											0,000
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted	429 522	- -	-		-		-		-		-	429 522
Committed	-	-	39		3		233		249		_	524
Unassigned	22,518		_		-						-	22,518
Total Fund Balances	23,469		39		3		233		249		-	23,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 44,415	\$ 	\$ 50	\$	3_	\$	235	\$	249	\$	_	\$ 44,952

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

DEVENUE	(General	Foreclosur Fund	e	Insurance Reserve Fund	Pre	Tree eservation Fund		Downtown Property anagement Fund	Vehic Replacei Fund	ment	Trar Elimir	nsfer nation		Total
REVENUES	•	405 400	•		•	•		•		•		•		•	405.400
Property Taxes, Interest, and Lien Fees Federal and State Government	\$	135,198	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,198
Charges for Services		81,527		-	-		-		-		-		-		81,527
Investment Income (Loss)		6,144		-	-		-		-		-		-		6,144
Other Local Revenues		(579) 1,270		-	- 126		-		143		-		-		(579) 1,539
Total Revenues		223,560		<u> </u>	126		<u>-</u>		143						223,829
Total Nevellues		223,300		-	120		-		143		-		-		223,029
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General Government		44,354		-	-		-		16		-		-		44,370
Public Safety		27,512		-	96		-		-		-		-		27,608
Public Works		8,791		-	8		-		-		-		-		8,799
Health and Welfare		4,170		-	-		-		-		-		-		4,170
Culture and Recreation		3,952		-	-		-		-		-		-		3,952
Education		118,818		-	-		-		-		-		-		118,818
Debt Service:															
Principal Retirement		10,549		-	-		-		-		-		-		10,549
Interest and Other Charges		5,359		-	-		-		-		-		-		5,359
Capital Outlay			-								21				21
Total Expenditures		223,505			104		-		16		21				223,646
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		55		-	22		-		127		(21)		-		183
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Bond Proceeds		27,082		_	-		-		_		_		-		27,082
Premium on Refunding Bonds		4,534		_	-		_		_		-		-		4,534
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		(31,431)		-	-		-		-		-		-		(31,431)
Transfers In		1,475		28	(241)	_		-		213		-		1,475
Transfers Out		(815)		-	` -	,	-		-		-				(815)
Total Other Financing Sources		845		28	(241)	-		-		213		-		845
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		900		28	(219)	-		127		192		-		1,028
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		22,569	(28)	258		3		106		57				22,965
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	23,469	\$		\$ 39	\$	3	\$	233	\$	249	\$		\$	23,993



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Document Preservation – To account for the City Clerk's document preservation program, which is funded through fees and State grants.

Community Development Block Grant – To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the Federal Block Grant.

Day Care Center – To account for the operations of the Meriden Day Care Center, which is partially funded by State grants.

Women, Infant, and Children Program – To account for grants from the State Department of Social Services.

Health Grants and Programs – To account for revenues and various health grants.

Neighborhood Preservation Program – To account for revolving loan funds.

Asset Forfeiture – To account for drug seizure money from the state and federal governments.

School Readiness – To account for grant funds from the State Department of Education for school readiness and child day care programs.

Dog – To account for revenue from dog license fees and related expenditures.

Public School Lunch – To account for the operations of the school lunch program.

Public School Rental – To account for rental of school facilities.

Adult Evening School – To account for the activities of the Adult Education Program.

Anti-Blight – To account for funds used in a human services program.

Smoke Detector – To account for funds collected for fire prevention programs.

Miscellaneous Grants and Programs – To account for revenues and expenses for grants received for miscellaneous purposes.

Student Activities – To account for activities of the students in the school system.

Library Trust – To account for donations and additional funds for the library.

Meriden Green Improvement – To account for funds associated with the maintenance, preservation, and improvement of the Meriden Green.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project Funds – Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Capital and Nonrecurring – To account for the financial resources used for various capital projects.

Airport Improvement – To account for the activity funds for airport improvements.

Brownfield Assessment – To account for funds used in a local environmental hazard study.

Factory H Demolition – To account for grants related to the demolition of Factory H.

Land Acquisition – To account for funds restricted for the acquisition of land.

Planning Commission Subdivision Development – To account for funds collected from developers for sidewalk construction.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds – Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used.

Walter Hubbard Park – To account for the care and maintenance of Hubbard Park.

C.P. Bradley Park – To account for the care and maintenance of City of Meriden parks.

Lorenzo Fuller Award – To account for a scholarship fund given to the high school.

Charlotte Yale Ives – To account for supportive health service for needy families.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

Special Revenue Funds

						- ομ	eciai r	revenue r	unus					
		ument ervation	Deve	nmunity elopment ek Grant		Day Care Center	Infa Cl	omen, ant and nildren ogram	(Health Grants and ograms	Pres	hborhood servation CDBG)	Prese	borhood ervation inded)
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	36	\$	1 -	\$	134	\$	29 -	\$	141 -	\$	334	\$	25 -
Accounts Receivable Supplies		<u>-</u>		382		<u>-</u>		20		74 -		181 -		-
Total Assets	\$	36	\$	383	\$	134	\$	49	\$	215	\$	515	\$	25
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$		\$	301	\$	68	\$	49	\$	38	\$		\$	
Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	82	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	96	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Total Liabilities	-	-		383		68		49		134		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		_		_		_		_		_		181		_
Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		181		-
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		36		-		66		-		81		334		25
Committed Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		36				66				- 81		334		25
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	36	\$	383	\$	134	\$	49	\$	215	\$	515	\$	25

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

					Special Rev	/enu	e Funds					
ASSETS	sset feiture	chool adiness	Dog		Public School Lunch		Public School Rental		Adult Evening School	Ant	ti-Blight	Smoke Detector
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 239	\$ 680	\$ 35	\$	1,406	\$	216	\$	102	\$	241	\$ 3
Investments Accounts Receivable	-	-	- 6		- 1,188		-		-		-	-
Supplies	 	 	 -		1,100 265				<u>-</u> _			
Total Assets	\$ 239	\$ 680	\$ 41	\$	2.859	\$	216	\$	102	\$	241	\$ 3
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue	\$ -	\$ 558	\$ 2	\$	394	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due to Other Funds		-	-				-					-
Total Liabilities	-	558	2		394		-		-		-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -	 	 -	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_			<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable	-	-	-		265		-		-		-	-
Restricted	239	-	-		1,188		-		-		-	3
Committed Unassigned	-	122	39		1,012		216		102		241	-
Total Fund Balances	239	 122	39		2,465		216		102		241	3
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 239	\$ 680	\$ 41	\$	2,859	\$	216	\$	102	\$	241	\$ 3

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

			5	Special Rev	enue/	Funds					Capital Pro	ject Funds	
ASSETS	Gr a	lisc. rants nd grams		tudent tivities		Library Trust		Meriden Green mprovement	Capital and onrecurring	lm	Airport provement	Brownfield Assessment	Factory H Demolition
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	363	\$	909	\$	666	\$	-	\$ 777	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Investments Accounts Receivable Supplies		74 -		- - -		- - -		522 2 -	 - - -		597 -	254 -	- - -
Total Assets	\$	437	\$	909	\$	666	\$	524	\$ 777	\$	597	\$ 254	\$ -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue	\$	12 32	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ 20	\$	12	\$ 3	\$ - -
Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities		44		<u> </u>		-		-	 20		577 589	251 254	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -			- 597 597	- - -	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable				_		_							
Restricted Committed		393		909		666		524	757		- (500)	-	-
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		393		909	_	666	_	524	- 757		(589) (589)	-	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	437	\$	909	\$	666	\$	524	\$ 777	\$	597	\$ 254	\$ -

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Capital Pro						Permane	nt F	unds						
ASSETS		and uisition	Comi Subo	nning nission livision opment	-	Walter Hubbard Park	С	.P. Bradley Park		Lorenzo Fuller Award		Charlotte Yale Ives		nating ries		Total
AGGETG																
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Supplies	\$	98 - - -	\$	58 - - -	\$	51 754 - -	\$	45 1,235 41	\$	10 - -	\$	- 4 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	6,589 2,525 2,819 265
Total Assets	\$	98	\$	58	\$	805	\$	1.321	\$	10	\$	4	\$		\$	12.198
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,457 128 910
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,495
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		_		_		_		_		-		_		_		181
Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables				-		_		_						-		597
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		778
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		-		-		50		50		1		3		-		369
Restricted		-		-		755		1,271		9		1		-		4,674
Committed		98		58		-		-		-		-		-		4,471
Unassigned		-		-										-		(589)
Total Fund Balances		98		58		805		1,321		10		4		-		8,925
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Φ.	00	Φ.	5 0	Φ.	005	Φ.	4.004	Φ.	40	Φ.	4	¢.		Φ.	40.400
Resources, and Fund Balances	3	98	ð	58	Ъ	805	Ъ	1,321	Ъ	10	Φ	4	Ð		<u> </u>	12,198

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

				,	Special Revenue	Funds		
		ument ervation	Community Development Block Grant	Day Care Center	Women, Infant and Children Program	Health Grants and Programs	Neighborhood Preservation (CDBG)	Neighborhood Preservation (Bonded)
REVENUES	Φ.	0	. 050	. 444	ф 00 7	. 4.440	Φ.	Φ.
Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services	\$	8 37	\$ 950	\$ 444	\$ 897	\$ 1,443	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Income (Loss)		31	-		-	11	-	-
Other		-	-	•	-	-	- 55	-
Total Revenues		45	950	444	897	1,454	<u>55</u> 55	·
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		38	44			-	34	-
Public Safety		-	-		. <u>-</u>	-	-	-
Public Works		-	156		. <u>-</u>	-	-	-
Health and Welfare		-	701	444	906	1,487	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-			-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-		-	-	-	-
Education		-	-		-	-	-	-
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		-	-		-	-	-	-
Interest and Other Charges					<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures		38	901	444	906	1,487	34	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		7	49		. (9)	(33)	21	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-	50		. 9	15	-	-
Transfers Out			(99)		<u> </u>	(9)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(49)		. 9	6	_	_
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		7	-		-	(27)	21	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		29		66	_	108	313	25
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	36	\$ -	\$ 66	\$ -	\$ 81	\$ 334	\$ 25

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Asset Forfeitu		School Readiness	Dog]		Public School Lunch	Public School Rental		Adult Evening School	Anti-Blight	Smoke Detector
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	4	\$ 4,090	\$	_	\$	8,875	\$ -	. \$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for Services	Ψ		ų 1,000 -	Ψ	41	Ψ	106	138	Ψ	22	87	-
Investment Income (Loss)		_	-		-		2	-		-	-	-
Other		-	-		_		51	_		-	-	-
Total Revenues		4	4,090		41		9,034	138		22	87	
EXPENDITURES												
General Government		_	-		-		-	_		-	_	-
Public Safety		5	-		17		-	_		-	-	-
Public Works		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Health and Welfare		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Education		-	4,090		-		8,619	55		19	-	-
Debt Service:												
Principal Retirement		-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Interest and Other Charges												
Total Expenditures		5	4,090		17		8,619	55	•	19	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1)			24		415	83	<u> </u>	3	87	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In		_	_		_		_	_		_	_	_
Transfers Out		_	_		_		_	_		_	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							_			-		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1)	-		24		415	83	i	3	87	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		240	122		15		2,050	133		99	154	3
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	239	\$ 122	\$	39	\$	2,465	\$ 216	\$	102	\$ 241	\$ 3

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

			Special Rev	venue Funds		Capital Project Funds					
	Mis Grai and Progr	nts d	Student Activities	Library Trust	Meriden Green Improvement	Capital and Nonrecurring	Airport Improvement	Brownfield Assessment	Factory H Demolition		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	204	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.459	\$ 33	\$ -		
Charges for Services	Ф	12	5 -	Ф -	5 -	5 -	р 1,459	δ 33	Ф -		
Investment Income (Loss)		12		1	(25)	-	-		-		
Other		36	1,310	82	(20)	_	_	_	_		
Total Revenues		252	1,310	83	(25)	_	1,459	33			
EXPENDITURES											
General Government		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety		50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public Works		49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Health and Welfare		23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and Recreation		121	-	44	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay		-	-	196	-	507	2,058	33	-		
Education		-	1,264	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75		
Interest and Other Charges									24		
Total Expenditures		244	1,264	240	-	507	2,058	33	99		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		8	46	(157)	(25)	(507)	(599)		(99)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In		-	-	-	-	576	-	-	99		
Transfers Out											
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						576			99		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		8	46	(157)	(25)	69	(599)	-	-		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		385	863	823	549	688	10				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	393	\$ 909	\$ 666	\$ 524	\$ 757	\$ (589)	\$ -	\$ -		

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES II

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Capital Pro	oject Funds		Permane				
		and iisition	Planning Commission Subdivision Development	Walter Hubbard Park	C.P. Bradley Park	Lorenzo Fuller Award	Charlotte Yale Ives	Eliminating Entries	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,407
Charges for Services	Ф	-	5 -	ъ -	5 -	ф -	ъ -	Ф -	\$ 16,407 454
Investment Income (Loss)		-	-	(86)	(210)	-	-	_	(318)
Other		_	_	(00)	(210)	_	_	_	1,534
Total Revenues	-	-	-	(86)	(210)		-		20,077
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205
Health and Welfare		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,561
Culture and Recreation		-	-	37	36	-	-	-	238
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,794
Education		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,047
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75
Interest and Other Charges				-					24
Total Expenditures		-	-	37	36	-	-	-	21,133
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			_	(123)	(246)	_	_		(1,056)
OVER (ONDER) EXI ENDITORES	-			(120)	(240)				(1,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		-	-	-	-	-	-	(108)	641
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				· 			· 	108	641
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		<u>-</u>				. 			041
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	(123)	(246)	-	-	-	(415)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		98	58	928	1,567	10	4		9,340
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	98	\$ 58	\$ 805	\$ 1,321	\$ 10	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 8,925



PROPRIETARY FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has two such funds.

Workers' Compensation Fund – To account for the self-insured operations of workers' compensation activities.

Meriden Health Insurance – To account for the self-insured operations of health insurance claims and charges for employees' health insurance.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

(IN THOUSANDS)

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds

			memai .			
	Com	orkers' pensation Fund	ŀ	leriden Health surance		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,801	\$	-	\$	7,801
Investments		-		4,596		4,596
Accounts Receivable		_		96		96
Total Assets		7,801		4,692		12,493
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		-		10		10
Current Portion of Claims Incurred						
But Not Reported		2,472		2,247		4,719
Due to Other Funds				813		813
Total Current Liabilities		2,472		3,070		5,542
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Claims Incurred But Not Reported,						
Less Current Portion		4,943				4,943
Total Liabilities		7,415		3,070		10,485
Total Net Position	\$	386	\$	1,622	\$	2,008

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

Governmental Activities -

	Internal Service Funds								
	Work Comper Fur	sation	ı	leriden Health surance		Total			
OPERATING REVENUES		<u></u>		<u> </u>		Total			
Charges for Services Other Revenues	\$	4,064 43	\$	28,970 2,259	\$	33,034 2,302			
Total Operating Revenues		4,107		31,229		35,336			
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Claims		2,679		31,231		33,910			
Administrative		75		89		164			
Other Expenses		<u></u>				1,218			
Total Operating Expenses		2,754		32,538		35,292			
OPERATING INCOME		1,353		(1,309)		44			
NONOPERATING REVENUES									
Investment Income (Loss)				(458)		(458)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,353		(1,767)		(414)			
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(967)		3,389		2,422			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	386	\$	1,622	\$	2,008			

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

Governmental Activities -

		lr	nternal	Service Fund	ls	
	Com	orkers' pensation	-	Meriden Health		
		Fund	In	surance		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	4,110	\$	31,282	\$	35,392
Receipts for Interfund Services Provided		-		813		813
Payments to Suppliers		(99)		(1,297)		(1,396)
Payments to Vendors		(2,174)		(31,414)		(33,588)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,837		(616)		1,221
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Sales of Investments		-		(293)		(293)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		-		(293)		(293)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH						
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,837		(909)		928
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		5,964		909		6,873
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	7,801	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	7,801
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Change in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	1,353	\$	(1,309)	\$	44
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		3		53		56
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(24)		10		(14)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		505		(183)		322
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		813		813
Total Adjustments		484		693		1,177
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,837	\$	(616)	\$	1,221



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds – To account for the City's activity in defined benefit plans that accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

OPEB Trust Funds – To account for the City's activity in the other post-employment benefit plans that accumulate resources for other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

East Cemetery Trust Fund – To account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Katherine H. Hamlin Cemetery Trust and various East Cemetery Escrow Trusts.

Scholarship Trust Fund – To account for the receipts and disbursements of various Board of Education scholarships.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Police Evidence Fund – To account for assets seized in arrests that will be turned over to the state of Connecticut.

License to Work Fund – To account for refundable deposits made by contractors to obtain a license to work in the City's right of way. Deposits are refundable upon request providing all work is complete, bonds are released, and the warranty period has been fulfilled.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

			S	outh		Total
			Мє	eriden	F	Pension
			Vol	unteer	aı	nd Other
	Pension	OPEB	Firef	fighters'	Ε	mployee
	Trust	Trust	A	ward		Benefit
	Funds	Funds	Pro	ogram	Tru	ust Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,003	\$ 187	\$	9	\$	24,199
Investments, at Fair Value:						
Equities	8,024	1,254		271		9,549
Mutual Funds	151,201	24,129		80		175,410
Alternative Investments	97,078	14,981		60		112,119
Total Investments	256,303	40,364		411		297,078
Accounts Receivable	10	2		-		12
Total Assets	280,316	40,553		420		321,289
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	49	4		_		53
Due to Primary Government	6,965	1,827		-		8,792
Total Liabilities	7,014	1,831		-		8,845
NET POSITION						
Restricted for Pension:						
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 273,302	\$ 38,722	\$	420	\$	312,444

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Pension Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Funds	Mei Volu Firefi Aw	outh riden inteer ghters' vard gram	ar Er	Total Pension Id Other Inployee Benefit Ist Funds
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	15,795	\$ 4,667	\$	18	\$	20,480
Plan Members		2,225	2,895				5,120
Total Contributions		18,020	7,562		18		25,600
Investment Earnings: Net Change in Fair Value							
of Investments		(29,178)	(4,940)		(70)		(34,188)
Interest and Dividends		4,325	600				4,925
Total Investment Earnings		(24,853)	(4,340)		(70)		(29,263)
Less Investment Expenses:							
Investment Management Fees		302					302
Net Investment Earnings (Loss)		(25,155)	(4,340)		(70)		(29,565)
Total Additions		(7,135)	3,222		(52)		(3,965)
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits		31,899	9,474				41,373
Administrative Expense		84	34				118
Other		438					438
Total Deductions		32,421	 9,508				41,929
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(39,556)	(6,286)		(52)		(45,894)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		312,858	 45,008		472		358,338
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	273,302	\$ 38,722	\$	420	\$	312,444

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Cer T	East netery rust und	Т	olarship rust und	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds	
ASSETS		unu		unu		i ulius
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value:	\$	120	\$	74	\$	194
U.S. Government Securities		-		43		43
Certificates of Deposit		-		60		60
Total Investments				103		103
Total Assets		120		177_		297
NET POSITION Restricted for Pension:						
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	120	\$	177	\$	297

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Ceme Tr	ast etery ust nd	Tr	larship ust und	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS Contributions	\$		\$	2	\$	2	
	Ψ	_	Ψ	۷	Ψ	2	
Investment Earnings (Losses): Interest and Dividends				12		12	
Total Additions		-		14		14	
DEDUCTIONS Benefits		<u>-</u>		62		62	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		(48)		(48)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		120		225		345	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	120	\$	177	\$	297	

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Evi	olice dence und	to	cense Work und	Total Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			_	<u>.</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	122	\$	150 2	\$	272 2
Total Assets		122		152		274
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		4				4
NET POSITION						
Restricted	\$	118	\$	152	\$	270

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Police Evidence Fund			ense Work und	Total Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS Other	\$	11	\$	19	\$	30	
DEDUCTIONS Other		14_		10		24	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(3)		9		6	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		121		143		264	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	118	\$	152	\$	270	



CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED, AND OUTSTANDING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

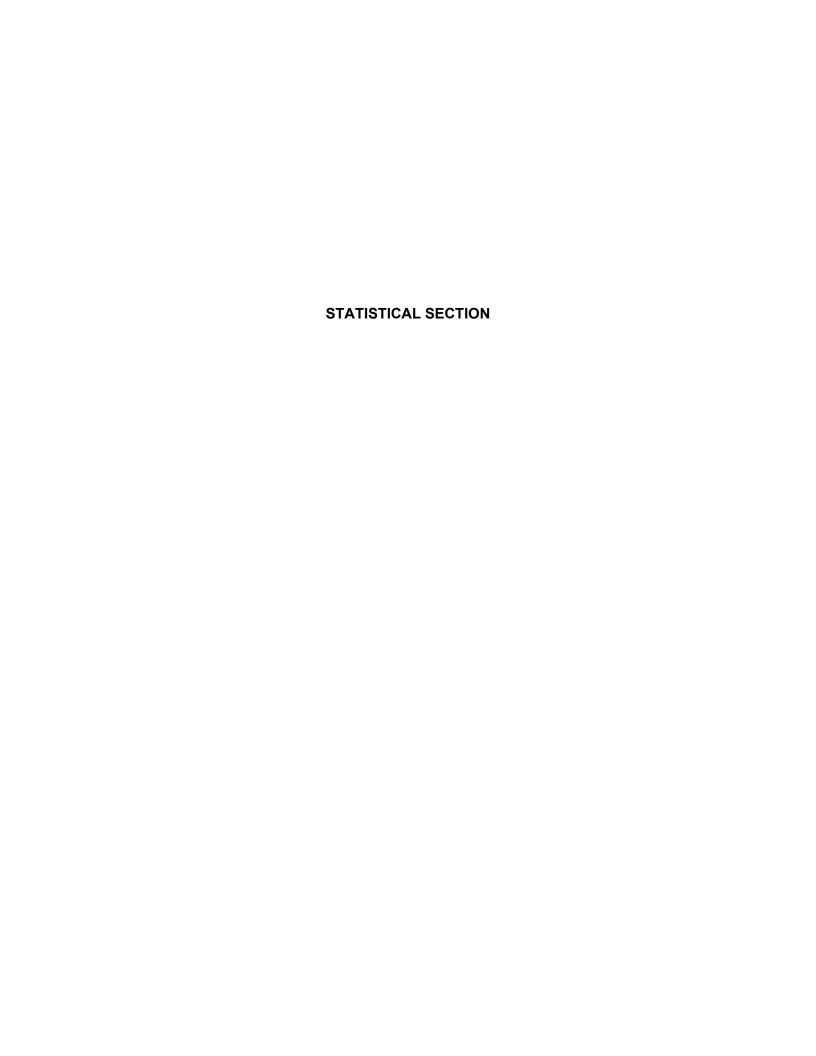
Grand List Uncollected of Balance				Current Year	Lawful		Balance to be			Uncollected Balance						
October 1, July 1, 2021		Levy Corrections		 Collected		Taxes Inter		Interest	terest Liens		Total	June 30, 2022				
2005	\$	376	\$	-	\$	(376)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-
2006		234		-		` -	234		1		3		-	4		233
2007		238		-		1	239		3		6		-	9		236
2008		247		-		-	247		2		4		-	6		245
2009		282		-		-	282		1		3		-	4		281
2010		249		-		(1)	248		6		7		-	13		242
2011		303		-		(1)	302		7		7		-	14		295
2012		344		-		-	344		6		9		-	15		338
2013		381		-		(1)	380		7		9		-	16		373
2014		392		-		(2)	390		12		12		-	24		378
2015		364		-		(1)	363		17		13		-	30		346
2016		416		-		(1)	415		31		22		-	53		384
2017		626		-		-	626		88		48		1	137		538
2018		987		-		(43)	944		317		123		3	443		627
2019		2,835		<u>-</u>		(210)	 2,625		1,698		301		13	 2,012		927
Total Prior Years		8,274		-		(635)	7,639		2,196		567		17	2,780		5,443
2020				135,330		(649)	 134,681		131,663		586		4	 132,253		3,018
Total	\$	8,274	\$	135,330	\$	(1,284)	\$ 142,320	\$	133,859	\$	1,153	\$	21	\$ 135,033	\$	8,461

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIONS OF USE CHARGES SEWER AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

					Corre	ctions					Colle	ctions	s			
Fiscal Year	Bal	ollected lance 1, 2021	Current Year Charges	A	dditions	Deduction	ns	Balance to be collected	Sewer Use Charges	Inte	erest		Liens	Total	Bal	ollected lance 30, 2022
2009	\$	1	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 1	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	1
2010		1	-		-		-	1	-		-		-	-		1
2011		1	-		-		-	1	-		-		-	-		1
2012		4	-		-		-	4	-		-		-	-		4
2013		2	-		-		-	2	-		-		-	-		2
2014		2	-		-		-	2	-		-		-	-		2
2015		3	-		-		-	3	1		-		-	1		2
2016		1	-		-		-	1	-		-		-	-		1
2017		3	-		-		-	3	-		-		-	-		3
2018		7	-		-		3	4	2		3		-	5		2
2019		27	-		-		-	27	22		11		1	34		5
2020		207	-		-		1	206	179		59		4	242		27
2021		1,193	_		1		19	1,175	1,081		125		17	 1,223		94
Total Prior Years		1,452	-		1		23	1,430	1,285		198		22	1,505		145
2022		_	10,094		20		3	10,111	 8,952		85		28	 9,065		1,159
Total	\$	1,452	\$ 10,094	\$	21	\$	26	\$ 11,541	\$ 10,237	\$	283	\$	50	\$ 10,570	\$	1,304

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIONS OF USE CHARGES WATER AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

					Corre	ctions						Colle	ctions	s			
Fiscal Year	Bal	llected ance I, 2021	 Current Year Charges	A	dditions	Ded	uctions	Balance to be Collected	(Water Use Charges	Inte	rest		Liens	Total	Bal	llected ance 80, 2022
2009	\$	3	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _	\$	3
2010		3	-		-		-	3		-		-		-	-		3
2011		3	-		-		-	3		-		-		-	-		3
2012		3	-		-		-	3		-		-		-	-		3
2013		1	-		-		-	1		-		-		-	-		1
2014		2	-		-		-	2		-		-		-	-		2
2015		2	-		-		-	2		-		-		-	-		2
2016		3	-		-		-	3		-		-		-	-		3
2017		2	-		-		1	1		-		1		-	1		1
2018		6	-		-		-	6		4		3		-	7		2
2019		24	-		-		-	24		19		10		1	30		5
2020		189	-		-		1	188		163		54		6	223		25
2021		1,167	 _		1		6	1,162		1,081		119		21	 1,221		81
Total Prior Years		1,408	-		1		8	1,401		1,267		187		28	1,482		134
2022		_	 10,492		19		21	10,490		9,403		84		29	 9,516		1,087
Total	\$	1,408	\$ 10,492	\$	20_	\$	29	\$ 11,891	\$	10,670	\$	271	\$	57	\$ 10,998	\$	1,221



STATISTICAL SECTION

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the
 factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for
 services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS)
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fisca	al Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 270,252	\$ 258,270	\$ 296,586	\$ 292,795	\$ 297,247	\$ 288,360	\$ 283,492	\$ 237,700	\$ 187,903	\$ 130,773
Restricted	29,235	43,637	17,437	1,046	1,034	1,361	1,359	1,357	1,357	1,356
Unrestricted	(211,824)	(211,293)	(228,766)	(204,048)	(207,500)	(195,627)	*(180,447)	(171,203)	(173,100)	(69,494)
Total Governmental Activities										
Net Position	\$ 87,663	\$ 90,614	\$ 85,257	\$ 89,793	\$ 90,781	\$ 94,094	\$ 104,404	\$ 67,854	\$ 16,160	\$ 62,635
Business-Type Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 97,474	\$ 82,644	\$ 85,741	\$ 67,580	\$ 68,830	\$ 67,843	\$ 83,376	\$ 80,266	\$ 78,893	\$ 81,045
Unrestricted	(11,049)	2,842	(4,245)	10,457	11,173	13,338	*1,708_	11,682	13,279	12,734
Total Business-Type Activities										
Net Position	\$ 86,425	\$ 85,486	\$ 81,496	\$ 78,037	\$ 80,003	\$ 81,181	\$ 85,084	\$ 91,948	\$ 92,172	\$ 93,779
Primary Government:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 367,726	\$ 340,914	\$ 382,327	\$ 360,375	\$ 366,077	\$ 356,203	\$ 366,868	\$ 317,966	\$ 266,796	\$ 211,818
Restricted	29,235	43,637	17,437	1,046	1,034	1,361	1,359	1,357	1,357	1,356
Unrestricted	(222,873)	(208,451)	(233,011)	(193,591)	(196,327)	(182,289)	(178,739)	(159,521)	(159,821)	(56,760)
Total Primary Government										
Net Position	\$ 174,088	\$ 176,100	\$ 166,753	\$ 167,830	\$ 170,784	\$ 175,275	\$ 189,488	\$ 159,802	\$ 108,332	\$ 156,414

^{*} Note: Balance was restated for implementation of GASB 68.

^{**} Note: Balance was restated for implementation of GASB 75.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS)
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

								F :	-137									
	2022	20	121		2020	2019		Fisc 2018	ai Ye	2017		2016		2015	—	2014		2013
Expenses:	2022		12 1		2020	2019		2010		2017	_	2010	_	2013		2014		2013
Governmental Activities:																		
General Government	\$ 22,816	\$	19	\$	21	\$	22	\$ 21	9	\$ 20	\$	10	\$	12	\$	15	\$	13
Education	174,350	•	186	•	164		45	157		156	•	143	•	137	•	142	•	133
Public Safety	50,898		46		51		52	49		53		59		55		43		44
Public Works	21,942		18		16		15	12		19		12		12		14		15
Human Services	7,682		7		6		10	10		12		13		13		12		11
Culture and Recreation	7,247		6		7		7	7		7		7		7		6		7
Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,049		4		4		5	2		5		4		4		3		3
Total Governmental	4,043										_							
Activities Expenses	288,984		286		270	2	56	259	a	273		248		241		234		225
/ totavities Experioes	200,304		200		210	2.	50	200	,	213		240		271		204		225
Business-Type Activities:																		
Sewer Authority	12,043		11		12		11	11		12		12		11		11		11
Water Authority	12,957		13		12		13	13	3	13		15		12		11		11
George Hunter Golf Course	1,397		1		1		1	1		1		2		1		1		1
Total Business-Type	.,		-							-		_		•		-		•
Activities Expenses	26,397		26		26		26	26		26	_	29	_	25		23		24
Total Primary Government	20,001		20						<u> </u>		_							
Expenses	\$ 315,381	\$	312	¢	296	\$ 25	81	\$ 284	۱ 4	299	\$	277	æ	265	\$	258	•	249
Lxpenses	ψ 313,301	Ψ	312	Ψ	290	Ψ Z(0 1	¥ 204		299	Ψ	211	Ψ	200	Ψ	230	Ψ	243
Program Revenues:																		
Governmental Activities:																		
Charges for Services:																		
General Government	\$ 4,088	\$	3,639	\$	2,644	\$ 3,0	24	\$ 2,479) (2,446	\$	2,784	\$	2,643	\$	2,108	\$	1,959
Education	266	Ψ	831	Ψ	194		94	813		894	Ψ	1,143	Ψ	1,139	Ψ	1,029	Ψ	1,048
Public Safety	295		119		178		79	81		96		78		79		77		75
Public Works	1,900		1,792		1,770	1,7		2,151		2,078		2,011		1,982		1,919		1,865
			1,792			,	7 i 39	129		171		189		204		292		
Human Services	91		58		141 25			24		22								314
Culture and Recreation	94	4.0					32					25		29		27		29
Operating Grants and Contributions	127,805	13	39,390		115,958	97,6		110,276		112,423		104,644		100,182		100,071		94,358
Capital Grants and Contributions	11,181		6,131		4,186	9,9		7,413		18,776		48,613		63,460		41,292		10,379
Total Governmental Activities	145,720	15	52,109		125,096	112,9	33	123,366	6	136,906		159,487		169,718		146,815		110,027
Business-Type Activities:																		
Charges for Services:																		
•	10.016		9,338		10,047	9,60	00	9,527	,	8,513		8,079		8,128		8,629		8,228
Sewer Authority	10,016					,												
Water Authority	11,671		10,579		11,679	11,08		11,267		11,000		9,533		10,171		10,433		9,065
George Hunter Golf Course	1,425		1,535		1,059	1,0		1,055		1,020		1,103		946		982		958
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,939		6,714		5,030		90	1,087		343		1,400		3,744		128		284
Total Business-Type Activities	26,051		28,166		27,815	22,1	12	22,936		20,876		20,115		22,989		20,172		18,535
Total Primary Government																		
•	¢ 171 771	¢ 10	20 275	\$	152 011	¢ 125.0	15	\$ 146.302		157 700	Ф	170 602	ď	102 707	¢	166 007	¢.	120 562
Program Revenues	<u>\$ 171.771</u>	\$ 18	30.275	D	152.911	\$ 135.0	45	\$ 146.302		157.782	\$	179.602	\$	192.707	\$	166.987	D	128.562
Net Revenues (Expenses):																		
Governmental Activities	\$ (143,264)	\$ (13	34,066)	\$	(144,468)	\$ (142,72	21)	\$ (135,486	3) 9	(135,955)	\$	(88,802)	\$	(70,952)	\$	(87,383)	\$	(115,120)
Business-Type Activities	(346)	Ψ (2,490	Ψ.	1,751	(3,4	,	(2,654		(5,534)	•	(8,624)	Ψ.	(1,527)	Ψ.	(3,242)	*	(5,424)
Total Primary Government	(340)		2,400		1,701	(0,-	. 0)	(2,00-	'/ _	(0,004)	_	(0,024)		(1,021)		(0,242)		(0,424)
Net Expenses	\$ (143.610)	\$ (13	01 576\	¢	(142,717)	¢ (146.1	00)	\$ (138.140	۱۱ ۵	(141.489)	\$	(97.426)	ď	(72.479)	\$	(90.625)	¢	(120,544)
Net Expenses	3 (143.010)	<u> </u>	31.370)	Ð	(142.717)	\$ (146.19	99)	3 (130.14U	4 =	<u> </u>	Ð	(97.420)	\$	(72.479)	D	(90.023)	J	(120.544)
General Revenues and Other																		
Changes in Net Position:																		
Governmental Activities:																		
Property Taxes	\$ 135,298	\$ 13	32,948	\$	131,064	\$ 131,89	92	\$ 124,596		123,890	\$	120,490	\$	117,045	\$	113,452	\$	108,622
Grants and Contributions Not	ψ 100,200	Ψι	32,040	Ψ	101,004	Ψ 101,0	02	Ψ 124,000	, ,	120,000	Ψ	120,400	Ψ	117,040	Ψ	110,402	Ψ	100,022
Restricted to Specific Programs	4 000		1,893		1,870	1,8	20	2,160		1,685		1,758		1,728		1,752		1,801
	1,909																	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(1,247)		1,600		2,533	2,82		1,277		1,026		877		856		1,327		680
Miscellaneous Income	4,352		2,983		3,614	5,1	74	4,139	,	1,608		2,227		3,017		2,904		5,795
Transfers																		
Total Governmental Activities	140,312	13	39,424		139,081	141,7	32	132,172	2	128,209		125,352		122,646		119,435		116,898
Pusiness Type Activities:																		
Business-Type Activities:	(44)		47		04		7.	400		50		00		00		70		00
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(44)		17		81		75	120		56		29		66		76		69
Miscellaneous Income	1,329		1,482		1,627	1,4	38	1,356	6	1,741		1,731		1,237		1,558		1,702
Transfers																		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,285		1,499		1,708	1,5	13	1,476	<u> </u>	1,797		1,760		1,303		1,634		1,771
Total Driman Carraman'	¢ 444.507	• 4	10.000	¢	140 700	¢ 4400	15	¢ 100.640	, ,	120.000	æ	107 440	e	122.040	æ	121.000	e	110 660
Total Primary Government	\$ 141.597	\$ 14	10.923	\$	140./89	s 143.2	45	<u>৯ 133.648</u>		130.006	\$	127.112	5	123.949	\$	121.069	35	118.669
Change in Net Position:																		
Governmental Activities	\$ (2,952)	\$	5,358	\$	(5,387)	\$ (0)	89)	\$ (3,314	1) \$	\$ (7,746)	\$	36,550	\$	51,694	\$	32,052	\$	1,778
Business-Type Activities		Ψ	3,336	Ψ	(3,367)	•	,	ψ (3,314 (1	,	,	Ψ		Ψ	O 1,00 1	Ψ		Ψ	
**	939	•	9,347	•	(1,928)		(2)	\$ (4,492		(4)	\$	20.696	•	51,470	Φ.	(2)	•	(4)
Total Primary Government	\$ (2,013)	\$	y,347	\$	(1,9Z8)	\$ (2,9	J4)	φ (4,492	1 3	(11,483)	ъ	29,686	Ф	01,470	Ф	30,444	Þ	(1,875)

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS)
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal	Year
--------	------

						1 1304	1 100	aı				
	-	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund:												
Nonspendable	\$	429	\$ 141	\$ 131	\$ 136	\$ 148	\$	139	\$ 137	\$ 149	\$ 131	\$ 126
Restricted		522	959	1,109	962	947		933	943	938	948	1,010
Committed		524	424	413	381	393		420	401	285	405	637
Unassigned		22,518	21,441	15,980	15,481	14,822		16,839	16,665	16,296	16,043	15,725
Total General Fund	\$	23,993	\$ 22,965	\$ 17,633	\$ 16,960	\$ 16,310	\$	18,331	\$ 18,146	\$ 17,668	\$ 17,527	\$ 17,498
All Other Governmental Funds:												
Nonspendable	\$	370	\$ 326	\$ 339	\$ 262	\$ 212	\$	539	\$ 491	\$ 491	\$ 517	\$ 520
Restricted		20,921	40,772	15,859	30,190	37,262		57,975	3,818	39,182	5,795	4,465
Committed		4,471	3,752	2,664	2,218	1,309		2,579	2,284	1,843	785	19,609
Unassigned		(995)	(367)	-	-	-		(37)	(329)	-	(12,552)	-
Total All Other Governmental								,	,			
Funds	\$	24,767	\$ 44,483	\$ 18,862	\$ 32,670	\$ 38,783	\$	61,056	\$ 6,264	\$ 41,516	\$ (5,455)	\$ 24,594
Total	\$	48,760	\$ 67,448	\$ 36,495	\$ 49,630	\$ 55,093	\$	79,387	\$ 24,410	\$ 59,184	\$ 12,072	\$ 42,092

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS)
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES										
Property Taxes, Interest, and Lien Fees	\$ 135,198	\$ 132,915	\$ 130,621	\$ 131,454	\$ 124,978	\$ 124,071	\$ 120,780	\$ 117,379	\$ 114,075	\$ 113,887
Federal and State Government	137,553	126,484	114,166	119,057	110,489	131,038	153,125	164,576	141,474	106,500
Charges for Services	6,598	5,714	4,953	5,339	5,677	5,706	6,231	6,075	5,453	5,290
Investment Income	(790)	952	1,676	2,415	966	693	711	678	766	581
Other Revenues	4,476	3,870	3,616	5,172	4,167	3,456	4,118	3,813	2,973	5,908
Total Revenues	283,035	269,935	255,032	263,437	246,277	264,964	284,965	292,521	264,741	232,166
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	44,487	42,698	42,342	44,500	39,455	39,099	39,050	37,765	34,735	37,906
Public Safety	27,680	26,016	25,285	24,446	23,542	24,226	23,889	23,268	22,715	22,614
Public Works	9,004	8,732	8,899	8,042	8,010	6,875	6,612	7,439	6,877	7,025
Health and Welfare	7,731	7,491	6,378	10,576	9,923	11,017	11,117	12,443	8,255	8,401
Culture and Recreation	4,190	4,020	4,209	4,255	4,328	4,681	4,518	4,517	4,259	4,306
Education	169,623	156,740	148,453	144,657	139,635	147,666	137,765	133,925	133,770	127,605
Debt Service:										
Principal	10,624	8,561	10,762	10,758	11,398	10,394	10,183	9,123	8,309	8,672
Interest	5,383	4,885	5,036	5,429	7,737	4,365	5,357	2,950	3,265	2,938
Capital Outlay	23,185	12,870	18,626	16,237	15,571	38,183	81,248	66,638	72,490	14,224
Total Expenditures	301,907	272,013	269,990	268,900	259,599	286,506	319,739	298,068	294,675	233,691
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,872)	(2,078)	(14,958)	(5,463)	(13,322)	(21,542)	(34,774)	(5,547)	(29,934)	(1,525)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	2,290	1,825	2,684	2,251	3,559	1,690	2,765	1,719	1,430	372
Transfers Out	(2,290)	(1,825)	(2,684)	(2,251)	(3,559)	(1,690)	(2,765)	(1,719)	(1,430)	(372)
Bond Issuance	-	29,390	-	-	-	59,644	-	50,380	-	24,423
Bond Premium	-	2,642	-	-	-	4,804	-	2,280	-	609
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	27,082	15,165	9,490	-	-	10,606	-	-	-	6,400
Premium on Refunding Bonds	4,534	2,224	-	-	452	1,466	-	-	-	145
Payment to Escrow	(31,431)	(17,240)	(10,857)	-	(11,425)	-	-	-	-	(6,453)
Note Proceeds	-	-	1,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Capital Lease			1,462							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	185	32,181	1,822		(10,973)	76,520		52,660		25,124
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (18,687)	\$ 30,103	\$ (13,136)	\$ (5,463)	\$ (24,295)	\$ 54,978	\$ (34,774)	\$ 47,113	\$ (29,934)	\$ 23,599
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital										
Expenditures	5.7 %	5.1 %	6.3 %	6.6 %	7.6 %	6.0 %	6.5 %	5.2 %	5.2 %	5.3 %

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

				Co	mmercial/				City-Wide		Assessed Value as a	Estimated
Fiscal		F	Residential	lı	ndustrial	Ta	x Exempt		•	Total Direct	Percentage of	Actual
Year			Property	F	Property	F	Property		Value	Tax Rate	Actual Value	Tax Value
2022		\$	1,857,439	\$	779,765	\$	138,031	\$	3,335,288	40.86	70 %	\$ 4,764,697
2021			1,851,314		792,268		143,728		3,309,696	40.86	70	4,728,137
2020			1,841,158		764,018		115,039		3,241,280	40.86	70	4,630,400
2019			1,837,075		765,327		110,918		3,181,029	41.04	70	4,544,327
2018	*		1,834,034		785,703		105,632		3,204,402	39.92	70	4,577,717
2017			2,005,036		713,988		79,078		3,307,941	37.47	70	4,725,630
2016			2,062,045		660,026		70,752		3,289,089	36.63	70	4,698,699
2015			2,059,909		666,466		64,436		3,291,848	35.74	70	4,702,640
2014			2,001,846		825,224		230,230		3,447,307	34.99	70	4,924,724
2013	*		2,011,418		842,711		230,411		3,479,853	34.70	70	4,971,219
	Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 * 2017 2016 2015 2014	Year 2022 \$ 2021 2020 2019 2018 * 2017 2016 2015 2014	Year Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 2021 1,851,314 2020 1,841,158 2019 1,837,075 2018 * 1,834,034 2017 2,005,036 2016 2,062,045 2015 2,059,909 2014 2,001,846	Fiscal Residential Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 2021 1,851,314 2020 1,841,158 2019 1,837,075 2018 * 1,834,034 2017 2,005,036 2016 2,062,045 2015 2,059,909 2014 2,001,846	Year Property Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 2021 1,851,314 792,268 2020 1,841,158 764,018 2019 1,837,075 765,327 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 2017 2,005,036 713,988 2016 2,062,045 660,026 2015 2,059,909 666,466 2014 2,001,846 825,224	Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tale Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 2021 2021 1,851,314 792,268 2020 1,841,158 764,018 2019 1,837,075 765,327 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 2017 2,005,036 713,988 2016 2,062,045 660,026 2015 2,059,909 666,466 2014 2,001,846 825,224	Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230	Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 2021 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 115,039 115,039 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 10,918 </td <td>Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Value 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307</td> <td>Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 40.86 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 40.86 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 40.86 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 41.04 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 39.92 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 37.47 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 36.63 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 35.74 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307 34.99</td> <td>Fiscal Year Residential Property Commercial/ Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate Percentage of Actual Value 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 40.86 70 % 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 40.86 70 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 40.86 70 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 41.04 70 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 39.92 70 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 37.47 70 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 36.63 70 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 35.74 70 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307 34.99 70</td>	Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Value 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307	Fiscal Year Residential Property Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 40.86 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 40.86 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 40.86 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 41.04 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 39.92 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 37.47 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 36.63 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 35.74 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307 34.99	Fiscal Year Residential Property Commercial/ Industrial Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Assessed Value Total Direct Tax Rate Percentage of Actual Value 2022 \$ 1,857,439 \$ 779,765 \$ 138,031 \$ 3,335,288 40.86 70 % 2021 1,851,314 792,268 143,728 3,309,696 40.86 70 2020 1,841,158 764,018 115,039 3,241,280 40.86 70 2019 1,837,075 765,327 110,918 3,181,029 41.04 70 2018 * 1,834,034 785,703 105,632 3,204,402 39.92 70 2017 2,005,036 713,988 79,078 3,307,941 37.47 70 2016 2,062,045 660,026 70,752 3,289,089 36.63 70 2015 2,059,909 666,466 64,436 3,291,848 35.74 70 2014 2,001,846 825,224 230,230 3,447,307 34.99 70

Source: City of Meriden Tax Assessor

^{*} Revaluation year

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(RATES PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

		City Direct Rate		Overlapp	ing Rates	Total
		General		Sanitation	Total	Direct and
Fiscal	Basic	Obligation	Total	Removal	Overlapping	Overlapping
Year	Rate	Debt Service	Direct Rate	District	Rate	Rates
2022	36.80	4.06	40.86	2.67	2.67	43.53
2021	36.73	4.13	40.86	2.67	2.67	43.53
2020	35.92	4.94	40.86	2.18	2.18	43.04
2019	35.99	5.05	41.04	2.17	2.17	43.21
2018	33.81	6.11	39.92	2.14	2.14	42.06
2017	33.11	4.36	37.47	2.23	2.23	39.70
2016	31.92	4.71	36.63	2.14	2.14	38.77
2015	32.06	3.68	35.74	2.09	2.09	37.83
2014	31.40	3.59	34.99	2.10	2.10	37.09
2013	31.13	3.57	34.70	1.82	1.82	36.52

Source: City of Meriden Tax Collector

^{*} The overlapping rate is only applicable to some property owners within the City of Meriden. Although the direct rate applies to all property owners, the Sanitation Removal District applies to approximately one-quarter (26%) of the property owners whose property is located within the district's geographic boundaries.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fiscal Year B	Ended Jun	e 30, 2022		F	iscal Year E	nded June	e 30, 2013
Taxpayer	As	sessment	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	As	sessment	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Connecticut Light and Power	\$	81,199	1	2.43 %	Connecticut Light and Power	\$	59,331	2	1.70 %
Meriden Realty LLC	,	76,433	2	2.29	3	*	, , , ,		<u>-</u>
Yankee Gas Services Co		54,184	3	1.62	Yankee Gas		23,824	5	0.68
TLS Group LLC		28,299	4	0.85					-
Radio Frequency Systems Inc		18,094	5	0.54	Radio Frequency Systems, Inc		18,031	8	0.52
211 Pomeroy LLC		17,665	6	0.53					-
Sky 103 LLC		13,710	7	0.41					-
Carabetta Enterprises Inc		12,903	8	0.39	Carabetta Enterprises, Inc		13,041	9	0.37
Cue Merritt Ltd Partnership		10,915	9	0.33	Meriden Square Partnership		62,802	1	1.80
Albany Road-Preston I LLC		10,081	10	0.30	Computer Sciences Corp.		35,751	3	1.03
					Urstadt Biddle Properties, Inc		24,868	4	0.71
Total	\$	323,483		9.69 %	Meriden Square #3 LLC et al		19,993	6	0.57
	-				Newbury Properties de LLC		19,561	7	0.56
					Merritt Station LLC		11,130	10	0.32
					Total	\$	288,332		8.26 %

Source: City of Meriden Tax Assessor

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Collected w	ithin the				Tota	al
Fiscal		Taxes		Fiscal Year o	f the Levy	Coll	ections and		Collections	to Date
Year		Levied			Percentage	Co	rrections in			
Ended		for the			of Original	Sı	ubsequent			Percentage
June 30,	Fis	scal Year		Amount	Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy
2022	\$	134,681	\$	131,663	97.76 %	\$	_	\$	131,663	97.76 %
2021	•	132,312	*	129,477	0.98	*	1,908	*	131,386	99.30
2020		130,520		127,231	97.48		2,663		129,894	99.52
2019		130,071		127,309	97.88		2,224		129,533	99.59
2018		125,203		121,578	97.10		3,241		124,819	99.69
2017		123,265		120,721	97.94		2,197		122,919	99.72
2016		119,622		117,093	97.89		2,149		119,243	99.68
2015		116,354		113,706	97.72		2,275		115,981	99.68
2014		113,716		110,778	97.42		2,600		113,378	99.70
2013		113,392		110,334	97.30		2,762		113,096	99.74

Source: City of Meriden Tax Collector

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	Gover	nmental Ac	tivities	Busin	ess-Type Act	ivities							
Fiscal			Resources			_	olf		Total				
Year	General		Restricted	Water	Sewer	_	urse		Primary	Percentage	Aggregate		_
Ended	bligation	Notes	for Debt	Bonds/	Bonds/		nds/	Go	vernment	of Personal	Personal	Population	Per
June 30,	 Bonds	Payable	Payments (1)	Notes	Notes	Nc	otes		(2)	Income	Income (3)	(3)	Capita (3)
2022	\$ 138,781	\$ 2,815	\$ -	\$ 32,708	\$ 33,748	\$	26	\$	208,078	10.55 %	\$ 1,972,000	60	33
2021	150,386	1,224	-	35,386	36,672		29		223,697	11.34	1,972,000	60	33
2020	128,293	1,386	-	27,061	28,365		31		185,136	9.39	1,972,000	60	33
2019	140,361	1,311	-	35,578	23,993		35		201,278	10.21	1,972,000	60	33
2018	151,563	1,468	-	30,787	32,950		39		216,807	10.99	1,972,000	60	33
2017	178,849	1,125	-	33,386	36,705		776		250,841	12.72	1,972,000	60	33
2016	113,246	1,200	-	28,585	33,254		69		176,354	8.94	1,972,000	61	32
2015	123,857	1,275	-	13,227	35,466		85		173,910	8.82	1,972,000	61	32
2014	80,533	1,350	-	12,757	35,872		82		130,594	6.62	1,972,000	61	32
2013	89,056	1,425	-	12,547	37,944		97		141,069	7.15	1,972,000	61	32

⁽¹⁾ Includes intergovernmental grants receivable from the State Department of Education and restrictions from enabling legislation.

⁽²⁾ All of the City of Meriden's debt is considered general obligation with no other revenues specifically pledged.

⁽³⁾ U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		_			Net	E	tio of Net Bonded	_				
Year		ŀ	Bonded	,	Assessed		ebt to Net		ulation		_	
Ended			Debt		Value		ssessed	(1	Vot			ebt Per
June 30,	ne 30, (thousands)		(thousands)		Value		Rou	Rounded)		Capita		
					<u>.</u>		_					
2022		\$	190,364	\$	3,197,257		5.95		60,517	*	\$	3,146
2021			187,928		3,165,968		5.94		59,676			3,149
2020			146,459		3,126,241		4.68		59,864			2,447
2019			159,984		3,070,111		5.21		60,841			2,630
2018	**		172,717		3,098,770		5.57		59,927			2,882
2017			204,494		3,228,863		6.33		59,622			3,430
2016			128,827		3,218,337		4.00		61,119			2,108
2015			140,914		3,227,412		4.37		60,691			2,322
2014			95,787		3,217,077		2.98		60,456			1,584
2013	**		105,975		3,249,442		3.26		60,868			1,741

^{*} Source: U.S. Census Bureau's (USCB) Population Estimates Program

^{**} Revaluation year

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DEBT LIMITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

Total Tax Collections, Including Interest and Lien Fees, for the prior year, June 30, 2021
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on:
Tax Relief for Elderly and Disabled
Base

\$ 133,212

\$ 133,268

		General Long-Term Debt								
	General			Urban					F	Pension
	Purposes (2.25 x base)		Schools Renewal			Sewers	<u>E</u>	Bonding		
			(4.50 x base) (3.25 x base)			(3.75 x base)		(3.00 x base)		
Debt Limitation:										
Statutory Debt Limits by Function	\$	299,853	\$	599,706	\$	433,121	\$	499,755	\$	399,804
Debt:										
Notes Payable		2,815		-		-		928		_
Bonds Payable		77,091		50,924		-		29,163		-
Bonds Authorized But Unissued**		55,429		(14,374)		-		55,703		-
Total		135,335		36,550				85,794		-
Debt Limitation in Excess of Debt*	<u>\$</u>	164,518	\$	563,156	\$	433,121	\$	413,961	\$	399,804

^{*} In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation. The maximum amount permitted under this formula would be approximately \$932,876.

^{**}At June 30, 2022, the City has \$21.6 million of debt in excess of the amount authorized related to the Platt and Maloney High School Renovation projects. This excess is fully expected to be reimbursed through State School Building Construction Grants.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 **Debt Limitation** \$ 932,876 \$ 932,876 \$ 921,914 \$ 874,986 \$ 871,710 \$ 848,400 \$ 827,176 \$ 799,316 \$ 798,819 \$ 771,316 Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit 257,679 171,885 141,280 138,746 157,819 170,670 135,481 133,340 133,910 130,069 \$ 677,730 \$ 760,991 Legal Debt Margin \$ 780,634 \$ 736,240 \$ 713,891 \$ 691,695 \$ 665,976 \$ 664,909 Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit 27.6 % 18.4 % 15.3 % 15.9 % 20.1 % 16.4 % 16.7 % 16.8 % 16.9 % 18.1 %

Notes: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the City exceed seven (7) times the annual receipts from taxation. The calculation of the current year debt limit can be found on Table 11 of this report.

The City has no overlapping debt.

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

 	Unemployment Rate	
\$ 58.472	6.0 %	
•	8.9	
57,886	8.7	
57,350	4.4	
55,547	5.1	
54,588	5.5	
54,588	5.6	
53,831	7.0	
53,831	8.3	
52,788	9.8	
(n \$	\$ 58,472 58,843 57,886 57,350 55,547 54,588 54,588 53,831 53,831	

Sources: Department of Labor, State of Connecticut, U.S. Census Bureau and the State Department of Economic and Community Development

NOT ROUNDED TABLE 14

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

2022 2013

	2022			2010						
			Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total			
Employer	Employees Rank		Employment	Employer	Employees* Rank		Employment*			
City of Meriden	2,169	1	7.4 %							
Midstate Medical Center	1,308	2	4.4	Midstate Medical Center	1000-4999	1				
Carabetta Management	525	3	1.8							
YMCA	501	4	1.7							
Hunters Ambulance	385	5	1.3	Hunter's Ambulance Service	250-499	6				
3M Purification	285	6	1.0	3M Purification	250-499	7				
RFS Cable	240	7	8.0							
Miron Technologies, Inc.	235	8	8.0							
Ragozzino Foods	221	9	0.7							
Boscov	145	10	0.5							
				Canberra	250-499	2				
				Cox Communications	250-499	3				
				Verizon Wireless	250-499	4				
				Radio Frequency Systems	250-499	5				
				Bob's Stores Corp	250-499	8				
				B L Co	250-499	9				
				Sears	250-499	10				
Totals	6,014		20.4 %	Totals	<u>-</u>		0.0%			

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, City of Meriden Economic Development Office

NOT ROUNDED CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT TABLE 15

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 2015 2014 2022 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2013 General Government 143.5 148.5 151.5 149.0 160.0 172.0 156.0 158.5 167.5 166.5 Public Safety: Police: Officers 125.0 121.0 122.0 121.0 113.0 121.0 122.0 121.0 120.0 116.0 Civilians 21.5 23.5 24.5 23.0 26.0 20.0 29.0 27.0 24.0 18.5 Fire: Firefighters and Officers 100.0 100.0 99.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 95.5 100.0 98.0 99.0 Civilians 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 12.0 **Emergency Communications** 16.5 12.5 13.0 14.0 14.5 17.5 16.0 17.0 18.0 Highways and Streets: 11.5 8.5 9.5 Engineering 13.0 11.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 9.0 9.0 Maintenance 25.0 27.0 28.0 24.0 28.5 39.5 42.5 29.5 30.0 27.0 Culture and Recreation 36.5 30.5 30.0 39.0 39.0 45.5 30.5 33.5 45.5 43.5 Golf 11.0 10.5 11.0 14.0 14.0 13.5 13.0 13.0 10.0 11.0 Water 31.0 31.0 33.0 29.0 33.0 33.5 31.5 31.0 30.5 32.0 19.0 17.0 16.0 16.0 17.0 16.0 17.0 15.0 17.0 Sewer 15.0 572.5 Total 545.0 535.5 535.0 541.5 564.0 581.0 567.0 557.5 563.0

Source: City of Meriden Payroll System

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function / Operating Indicator	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police:										
Cases Investigated	11,913	12,277	13,773	10,382	10,382	8,895	10,972	11,097	11,298	14,363
Calls for Service	47,063	49,077	51,481	45.034	45.034	40,585	45,826	44,705	41,116	44,279
Arrests	2,426	2,410	2,981	3,002	3,002	3,173	3,373	3,428	3,495	3,012
Traffic Citations	2,108	1,603	2,405	2,419	2,419	2,153	3,023	3,764	3,426	2,723
Parking Citations	680	723	1,425	1,639	1,639	1,607	1,781	1,981	1,465	1,105
Fire										
Fire:	0.040	7 400	7.040	0.004	7.007	7 04 4	0.040	7 740	7.000	7 700
Emergency Responses	8,040 684	7,432 499	7,249	8,304	7,967	7,314	8,016	7,710	7,692	7,738 1,403
Nonemergency Responses			550	660	1,457	1,378	1,510	1,642	1,471	,
Inspections	2,296	1,946	996	998	1,537 94	1,518	1,283	2,307	3,359	4,091
Fire Investigations (C)	161	125	98	124	94	100	121	70	73	63
Refuse Collection:										
Refuse Collected (Tons)	7,881	7,588 J)	18,047 1)	18,047	18,005	17,890	18,000	30,253	28,929	30,297
Recyclables Collected (Tons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A H)	1,276	2,800	1,105 F)	2,426	2,775
Other Public Works:										
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	12	7.5	7.53	4.3	6.16	9.27	6.82	4.26	5.75	5.68
Potholes Repaired	5,458	4,343	5,800	6,400	6,225	6,450	5,284	6,406	7,654	4,792
Librany										
Library: Volumes in Collection (Print)	70.046	106.305	123.710	151,592	183.214	212,888	206.436	249,190	245.620	239.686
Volumes in Collection (Nonprint)	13,832	13,891	14,559	15,362	24,707	20,966	16,002	20,857	19,239	18,111
Total Volumes Borrowed	75,409	107,376	159,274	203,871	225,598	218,291	238,710	242,368	251,687	246,198
Annual Library Visits	34,700 N)	16,725 M)	156,482	203,671	261,087	284,587	281,655	288,000	312,442	308,801
Allitual Library Visits	34,700 117	10,725 m)	130,462	204,111	201,007	204,507	201,000	200,000	312,442	300,001
Water:										
Average Daily Production										
(millions of gallons)	5	5.368	5.635	5.427	5.205	5.178	5.318	5.001	5.234	5.379
Average Daily Demand										
(millions of gallons)	5	5.368	5.635	5.427	5.205	5.178	5.318	5.001	5.234	5.379
Wastewater:										
Average Daily Treatment										
(millions of gallons)	11	10.2	11.5	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	11.0
Transit:										
Total Route Miles	45,076	24,006	41,736	22,085	23,343	23,936	24,495	25,243	27,600 A)	27,600
Passengers	3,568	717	5,585	6,954	10,488	10,068	10,514	12,847	15,233	17,549
	,,,,,,,		-,	-,	.,	.,	-,-	,-	-,	,-
Human Services:										
Environmental Inspections	1 0 4 1	2.332	2.377	2.099	0.400	2.941	4.736	2 200	2.010	2.616
and Responses Health and Clinic Services Provided	1,941 3.692	2,332 15,051 K)	2,639	3,087	2,433 4,225	3,829	2,858	3,208 4,203	2,919 4,272	4,892
School Health Services Provided	-,		,	,	,			,		,
Social Service Worker Clients	59,037 1,526	27,348 1,828	37,883 1,316	99,741 1,144	99,338 1,300	106,083	104,392	83,113 381	96,690 683	91,814 1,102
	99	1,020	595	524	672	1,258 274	1,037 345	648 ^G)	5,429	2,081
Youth Program Participants Senior Program Participants	13.633	4,257 ^L)	595 14,043	20.855	24,357	274 25,278	26.792	20.721	5,429 20,400	20,400
Semoi Frogram Fanticipants	13,033	4,201 -)	14,043	20,000	24,331	20,210	20,192	20,121	20,400	20,400

Sources: Various City of Meriden Departments

- A) Change in formula used by the State of Connecticut implemented in 2010.
- B) New police software implemented in 2011 uses new criteria to calculate investigations.
- C) New in 2013 Fire Investigations completed by the Fire Marshals Office required by State Statute
- D) Calculation methods were changed in 2013
- E) New pothole machine was purchased
- F) Includes inner city only (excludes outer district trash haulers)
- G) Decrease in number is due to not conducting educational programming in Meriden Public Schools
- H) Amount no longer required to be tracked per DEEP.
- I) Data not available due to Covanta plant changes and Covid-19 related issues
- J) Outer district and commercial activity amounts not available.
- K) Health and Clinic Services included Covid-19 vaccinations
- L) Senior Center was closed to the public programs were held virtually. The library was closed for four months as well.
- M) The library was closed to the public for four months, then appointments were required to allow patrons access only for computer use resulting in decreased visitation.

NOT ROUNDED TABLE 17

CITY OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year										
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Police Sub-Stations	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Fire Stations	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Volunteer Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Municipal Buildings	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Schools	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	
High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Elementary Schools	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Middle Schools	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Magnet Schools	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Parks and Recreation											
Fields - Municipal	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
Fields - Schools	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
Water											
Water Mains (Municipal) (Feet)	1,225,161	1,225,161	1,225,161	1,225,161	1,297,632	1,280,788	1,279,148	1,278,060	1,276,601	1,275,235	
Fire Hydrants (Municipal)	1,514	1,512	1,510	1,509	1,509	1,495	1,493	1,493	1,493	1,493	
Fire Hydrants (Private)	347	347	347	347	347	340	340	340	340	339	
Wastewater											
Sewer Line (Feet)	1,133,318	1,129,622	1,129,392	1,130,259	1,130,259	1,126,675	1,126,560	1,126,179	1,123,712	1,111,214	
Highway											
Paved Miles	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.83	187.36	
Unimproved Miles	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	

Sources: Various City of Meriden Departments